

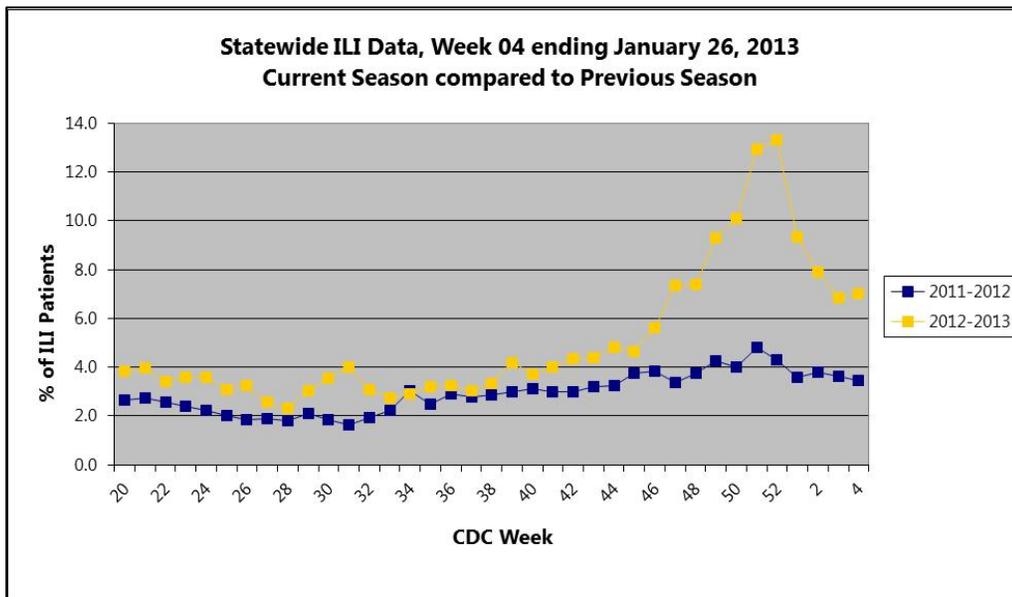


2012-2013 Influenza Report Week 04 January 20 – January 26, 2013

About our flu activity reporting

MSDH relies upon selected sentinel health practitioners across the state to report the percentage of non-trauma visits consistent with an influenza-like illness (ILI: fever of 100°F or higher AND cough and/or sore throat). Also, providers are supplied with specimen collection kits. Samples are submitted to the Mississippi Public Health Laboratory for influenza PCR testing. Reports are used to estimate the state’s ILI rate and the magnitude of the state’s influenza activity. Reports represent only the distribution of flu in the state, not an actual count of all flu cases statewide. **Information is provisional only and may change depending on additional reporting from sentinel providers.**

State ILI Surveillance



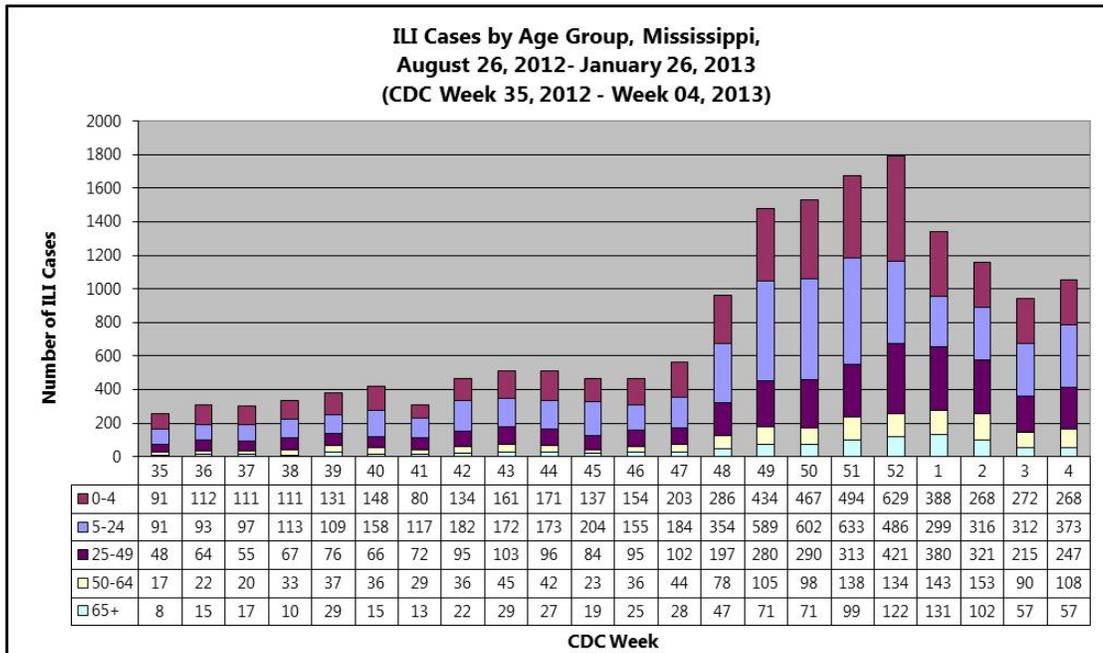
For week **04** (01/20/2013-01/26/2013), the overall state ILI rate (**7.0%**) was **comparable** to last week (**6.8%**), but was **higher** than this time last year (**3.5%**). | **Figure 1**

Total number of non-trauma patients treated by sentinel providers in the last three weeks. | **Table 1**

2012-2013 Influenza Season				
CDC Week	Week Ending	Non-trauma patients	ILI symptoms	ILI Rate (%)
04	Jan. 26	15020	1053	7.0%
03	Jan. 19	14256	974	6.8%
02	Jan. 12	15116	1194	7.9%

During week **04**, **five** districts (2, 3, 4, 7, and 8) had a slight to moderate increase in ILI activity, while **two** districts (1 and 5) had a decrease. **Two** districts (6 and 9) remained about the same. *Information is provisional only and may change depending on additional reporting from sentinel providers.* | **Table 2**

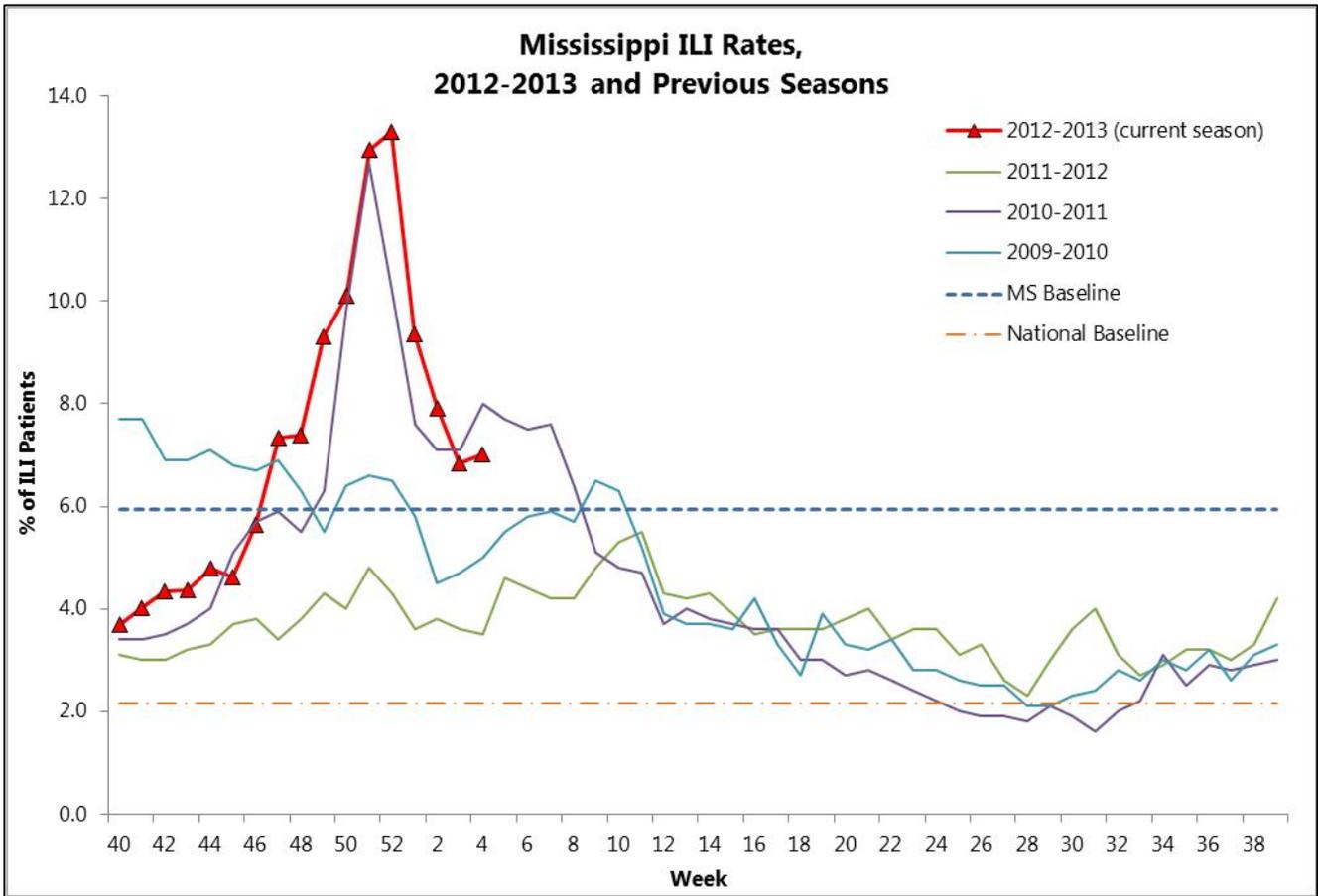
MSDH District ILI Rates (%) 2012-2013		
District	Week 03	Week 04
State	6.8	7.0
1	9.2	8.6
2	7.3	7.8
3	9.5	10.7
4	7.1	8.5
5	4.5	2.7
6	12.2	11.9
7	5.9	7.1
8	2.3	2.8
9	7.3	7.4



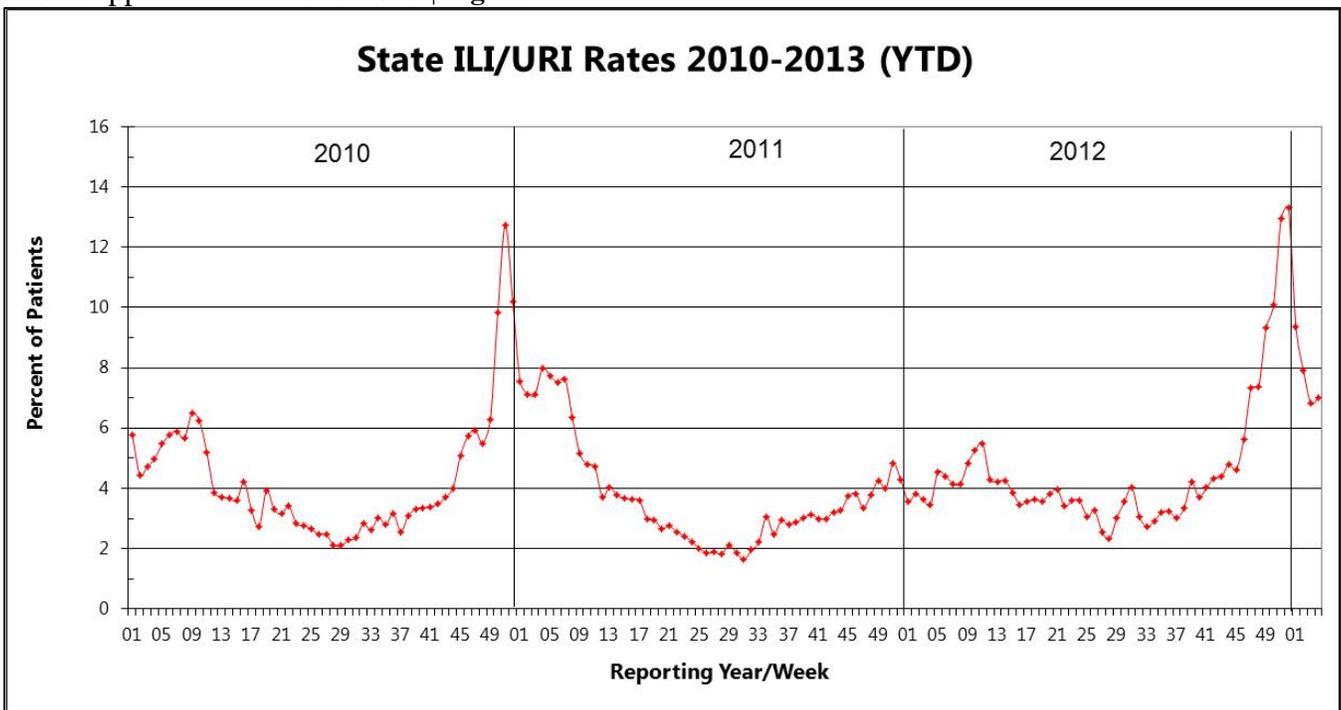
Since week 35, the number of reported ILI cases has been highest among people in the **5 to 24 years** of age group, followed by those in the 0

to 4 years of age group. During Week **04**, the number of reported ILI cases was highest among individuals in the **5 to 24 years** of age group. | **Figure 2**

The 2012-13 state ILI rate was **above** the state and national baselines for week **04**. | **Figure 3**



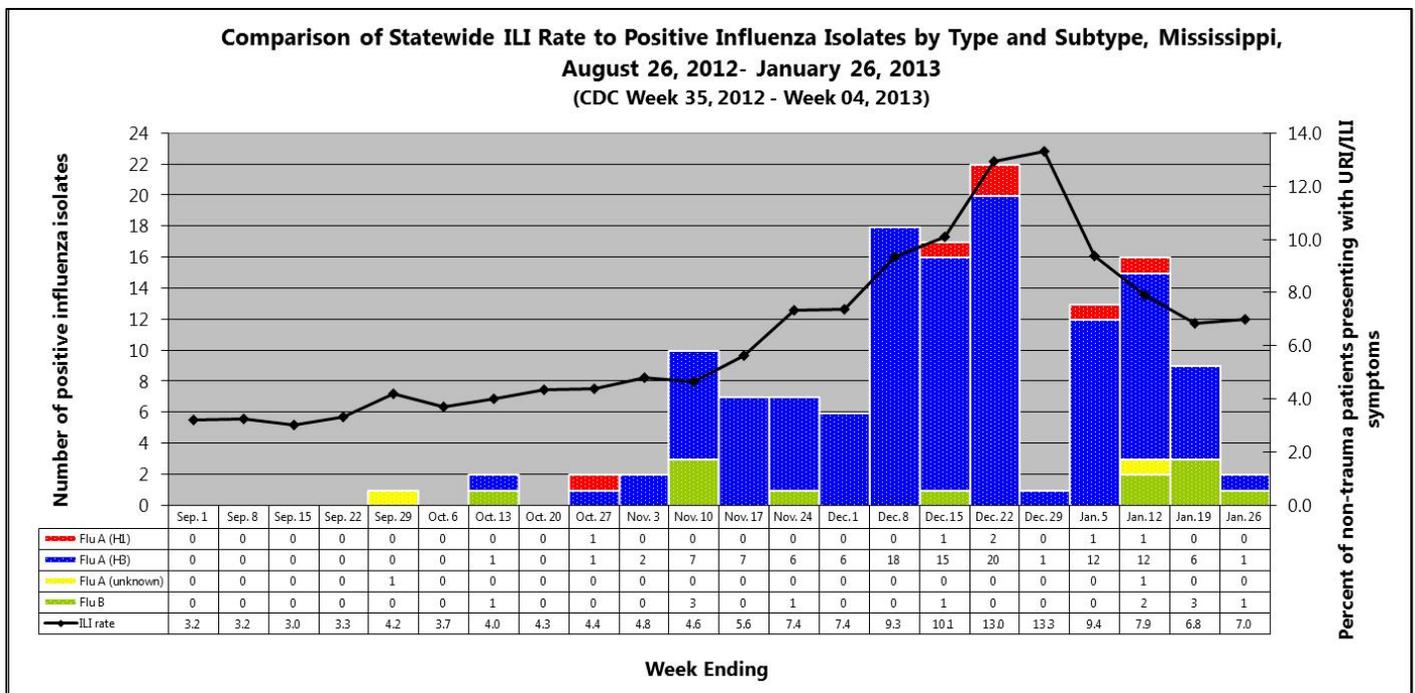
Mississippi ILI Rates 2010-2013 | **Figure 4**



Flu testing Reports

From week **35** (week ending September 1st) through week **04** (week ending January 26th), **135** positive influenza samples were identified by MSDH. 123 were influenza A and 12 were influenza B. 115 were subtyped as influenza A (H3) and six were subtyped as influenza A (H1). Two samples did not have subtyping performed.

The influenza cases were identified from the following counties: Amite (2), Attala, Benton, Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw (4), Clarke (2), Clay, Copiah (2), Covington (4), DeSoto (3), Harrison (9), Hinds (11), Itawamba, Jefferson Davis (5), Kemper (2), Lamar (5), Lauderdale, Lawrence, Lee (5), Leflore (3), Madison, Marion (4), Marshall (16), Monroe (6), Neshoba (2), Oktibbeha (6), Pearl River, Rankin (5), Sharkey, Tate (6), Tippah (2), Tishomingo (5), Union (2), Walthall (2), Warren, Washington (7), and Yazoo (3). | **Figure 5**

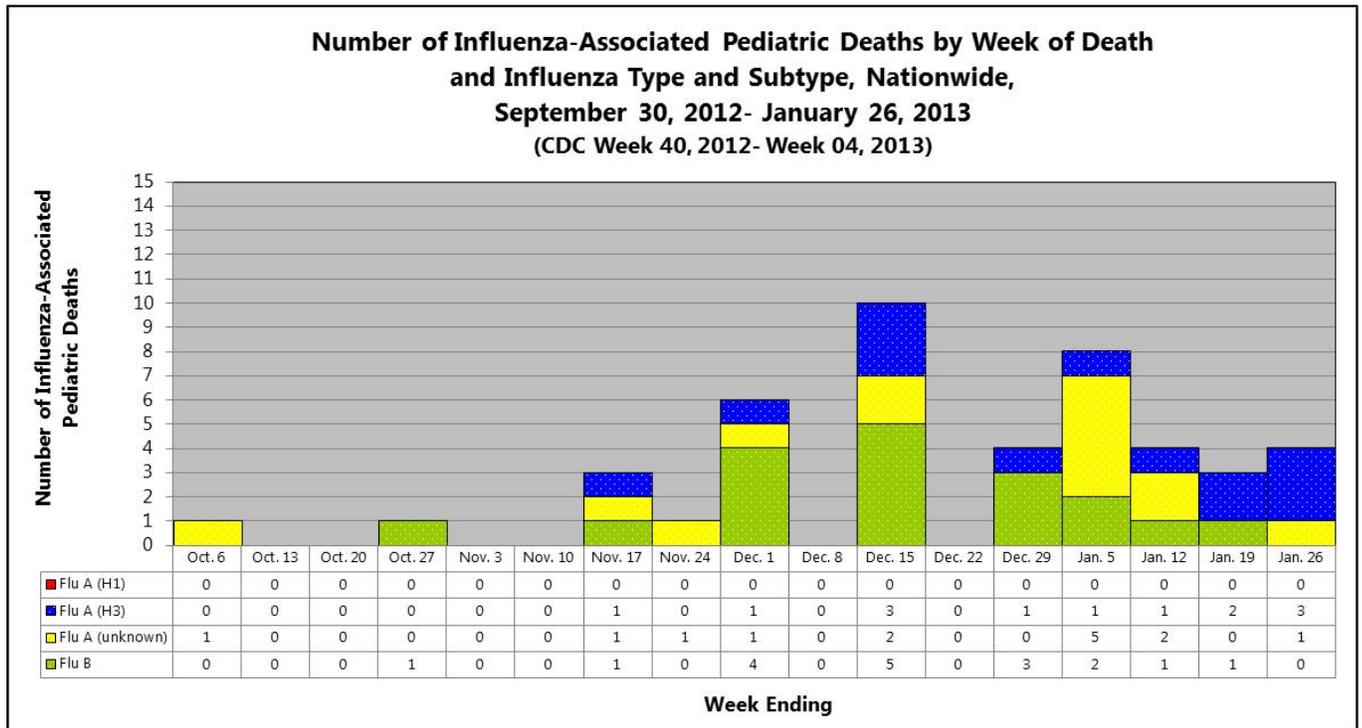


National ILI Surveillance

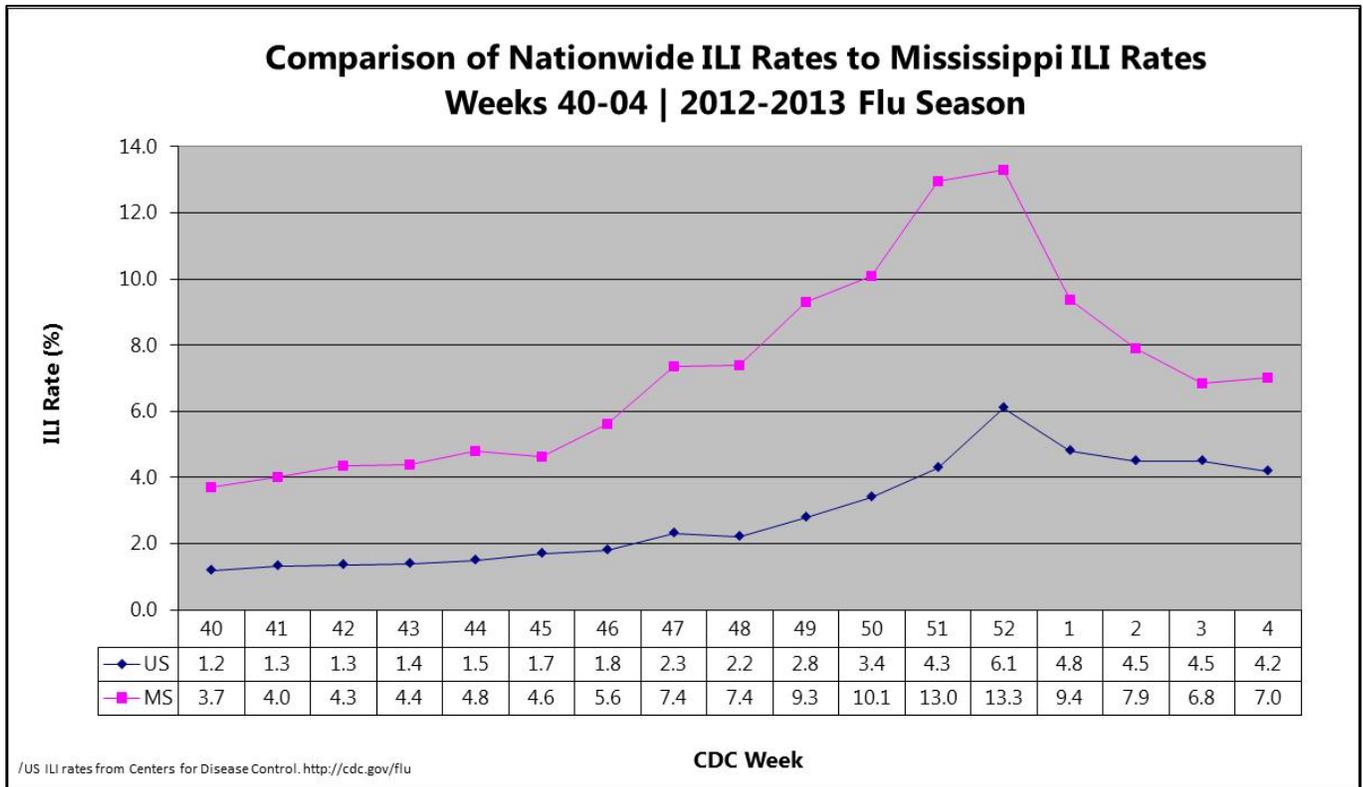
Nationally, there were **eight** influenza-associated pediatric deaths reported to CDC during week **04**. Five deaths were associated with an influenza A (H3) virus and occurred during weeks 03 (week ending January 19th) and 04 (week ending January 26th). One death was associated with an influenza A virus for which the subtype was not determined and occurred during week 04. Two deaths were associated with an influenza B virus and occurred during week 01 (week ending January 5th).

The total number of influenza-associated pediatric deaths reported during the 2012-2013 season is **45**. Additional data can be found at: <http://gis.cdc.gov/GRASP/Fluview/PedFluDeath.html>. | **Figure 6**

Mississippi has had **one** reported influenza-associated pediatric death during this influenza season.



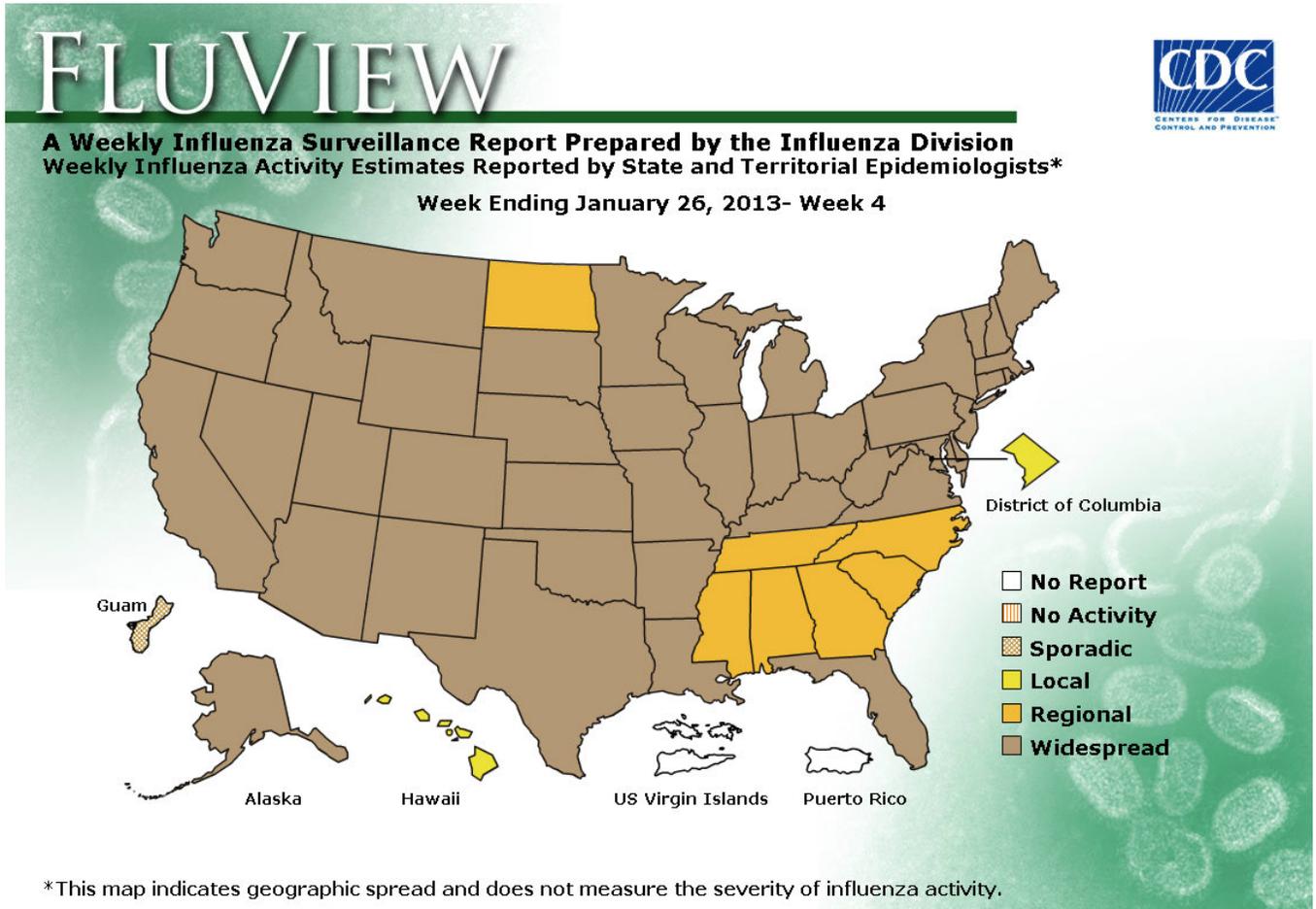
For week **04**, the MS ILI rate continued to remain **above** the national rate. | **Figure 7**



Mississippi reported “**Regional**” for week **04**. | **Table 4**

Level of Flu Activity	Definition
No Activity	Overall clinical activity remains low and there are no lab confirmed cases.
Sporadic	Isolated cases of lab confirmed influenza in the state; ILI activity is not increased <u>OR</u> A lab-confirmed outbreak in a single institution in the state; ILI activity is not increased.
Local	Increased ILI within a single region AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) laboratory evidence of influenza in that region. ILI activity in other regions is not increased <u>OR</u> two of more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) within a single region AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in that region. Other regions do not have increased ILI and virus activity is no greater than sporadic in those regions
Regional	Increased ILI in at least 2 regions but fewer than half of the regions AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions <u>OR</u> Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least 2 regions but fewer than half of the regions AND recent lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions.
Widespread	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least half of the regions AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.

During week **04**, influenza activity remained elevated in the United States, but decreased in some areas.¹ | **Figure 8**



*This map indicates geographic spread and does not measure the severity of influenza activity.

¹For up-to-date information on flu activity nationwide, please refer to the CDC’s website: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivitysurv.htm>.

Additional information:

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	http://cdc.gov/flu/
Flu.gov	http://www.flu.gov/
MSDH Flu and Pneumonia	http://msdh.ms.gov/msdhsite/ static/14,0,199.html
Google Flu Trends	http://www.google.org/flutrends/
World Health Organization FluNet	http://www.who.int/influenza/gisrs_laboratory/flunet/en/

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Appendix

Figure 1

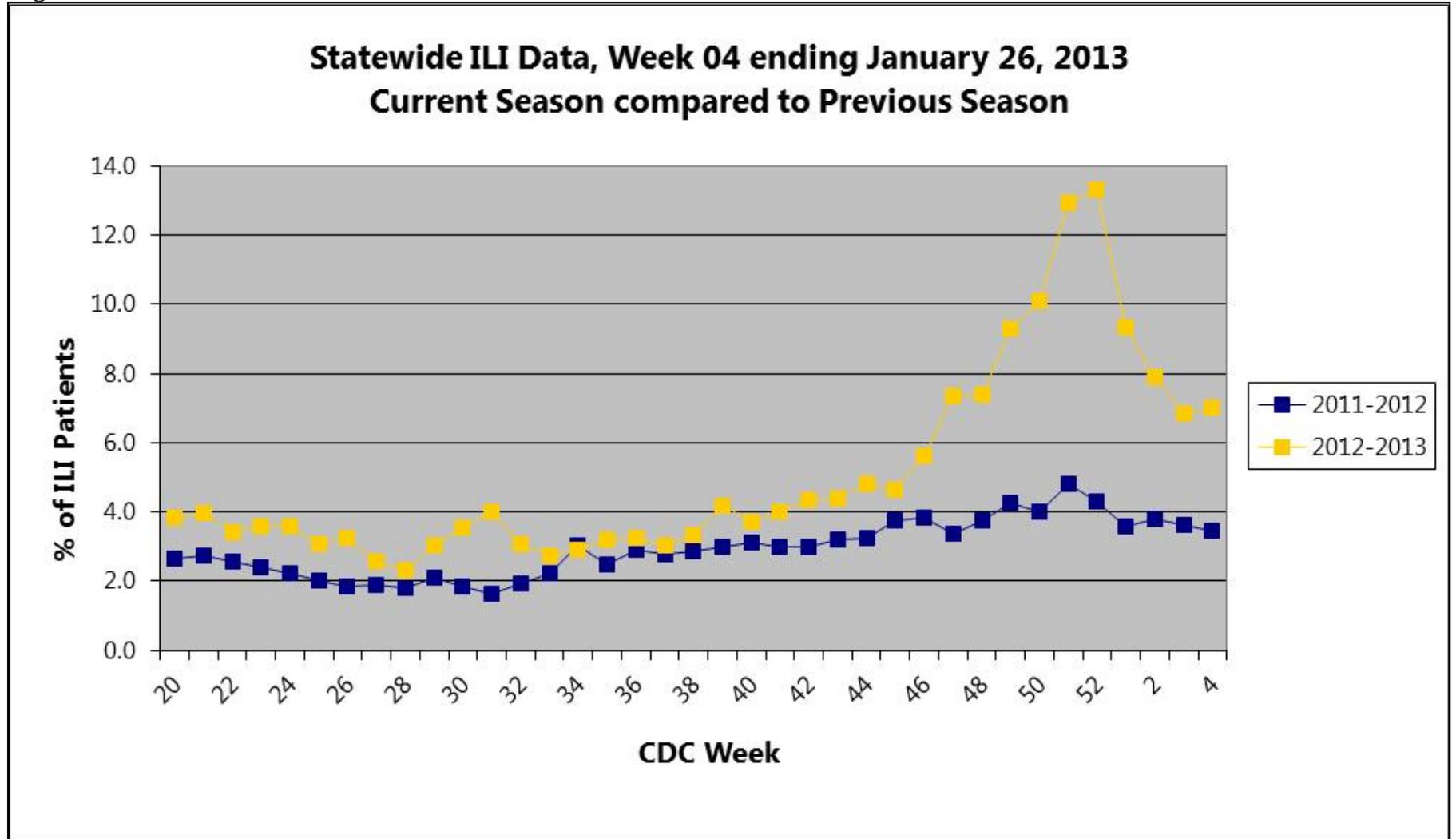


Figure 2

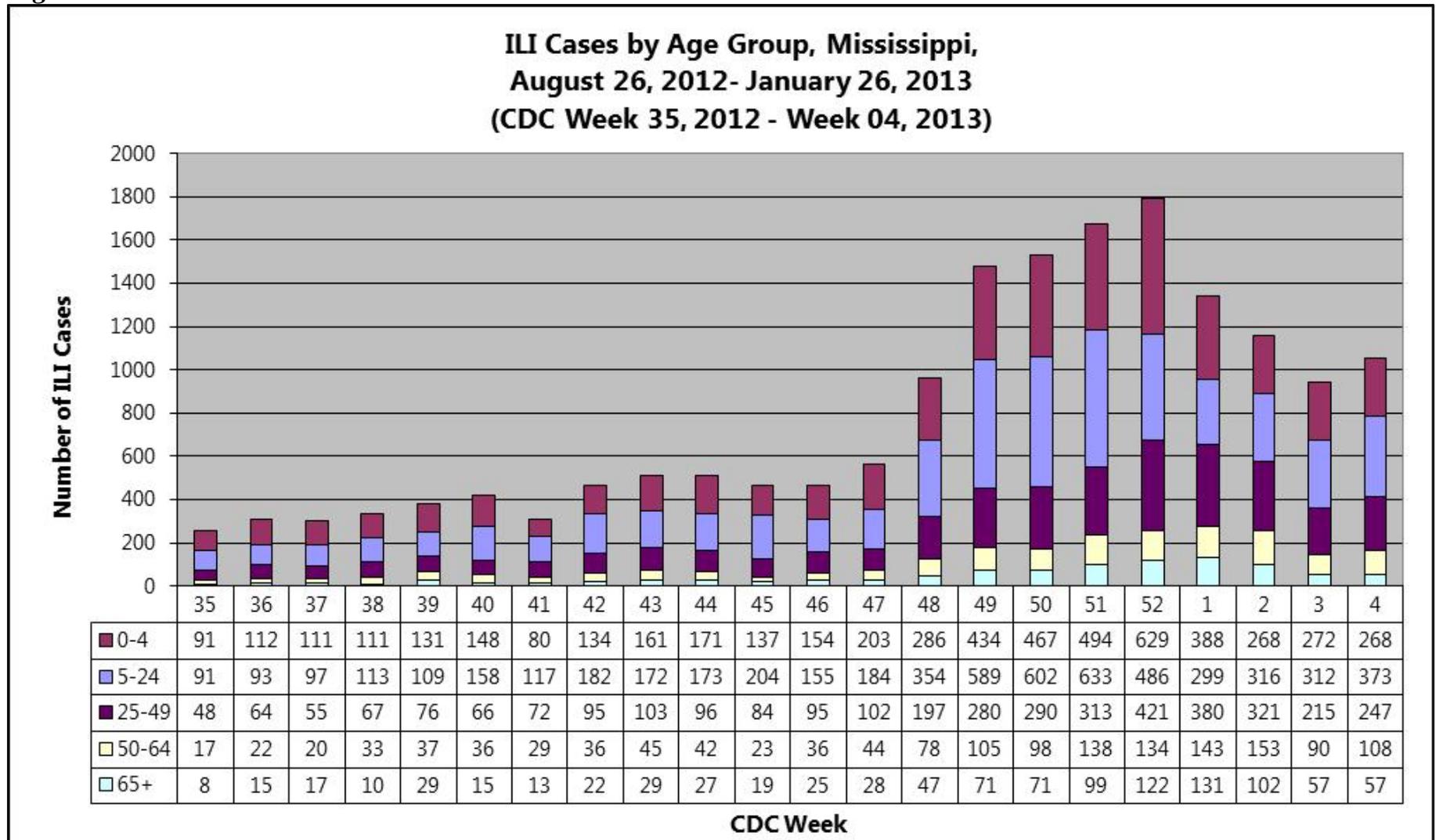


Figure 3

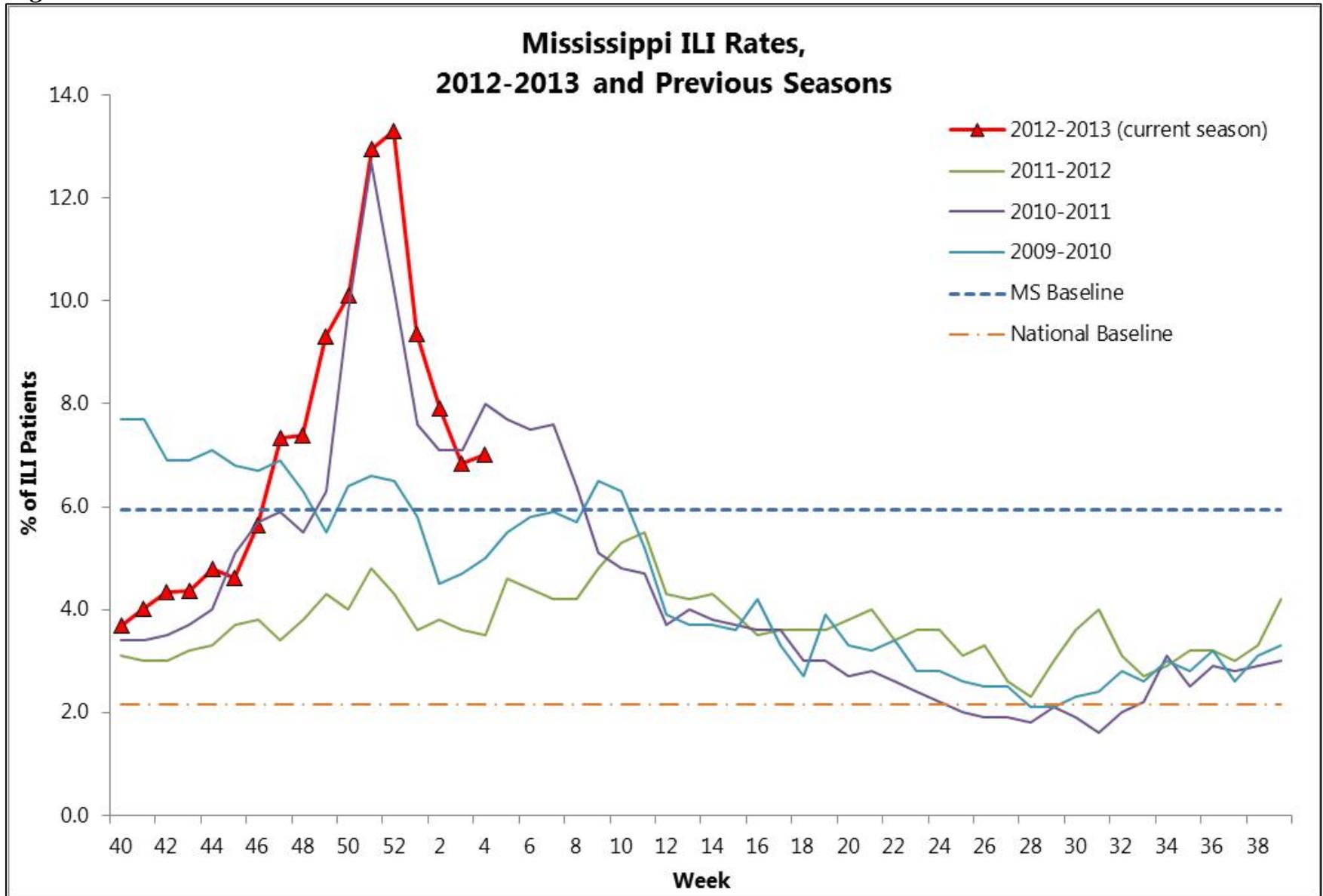


Figure 4

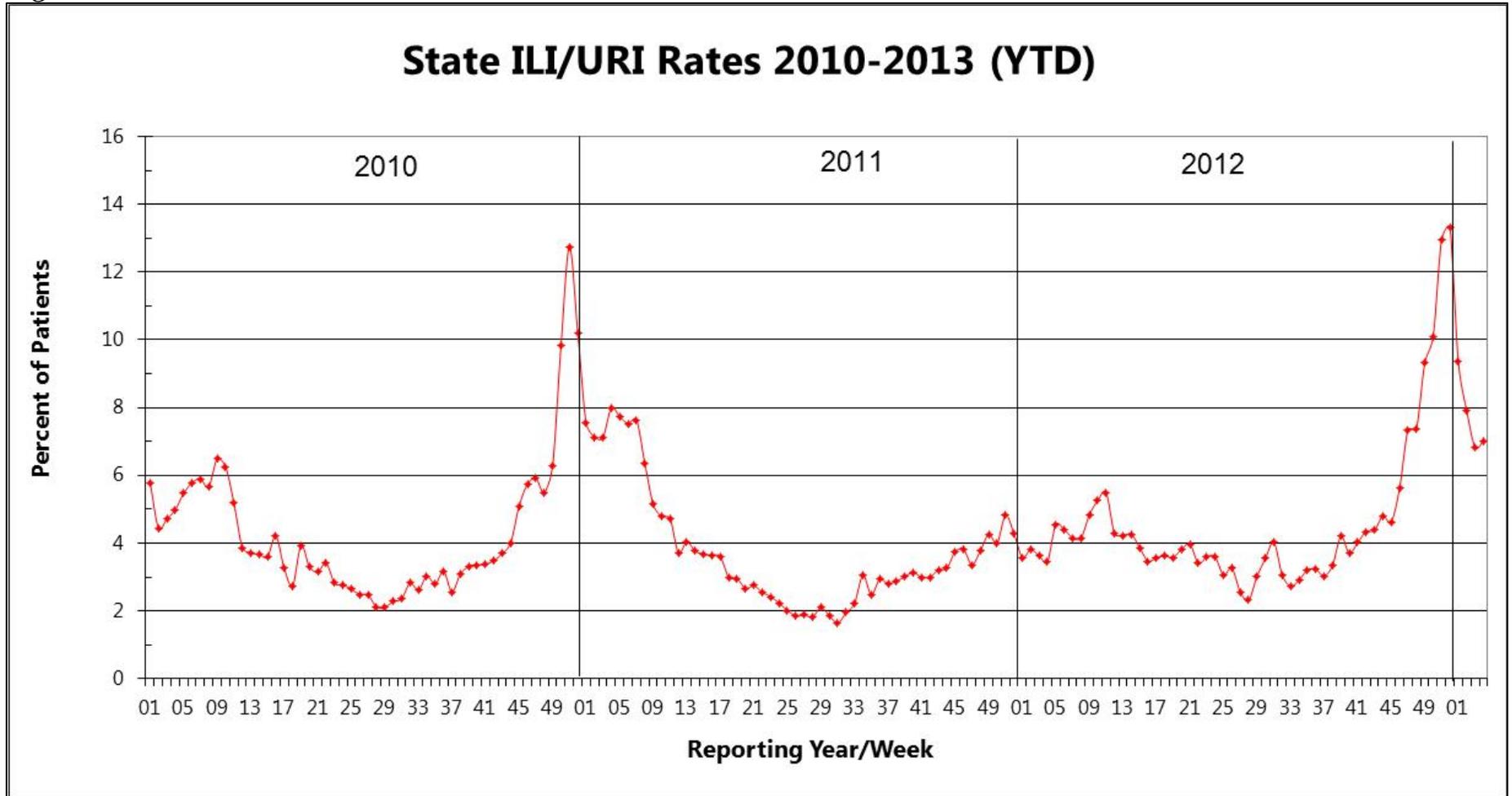


Figure 5

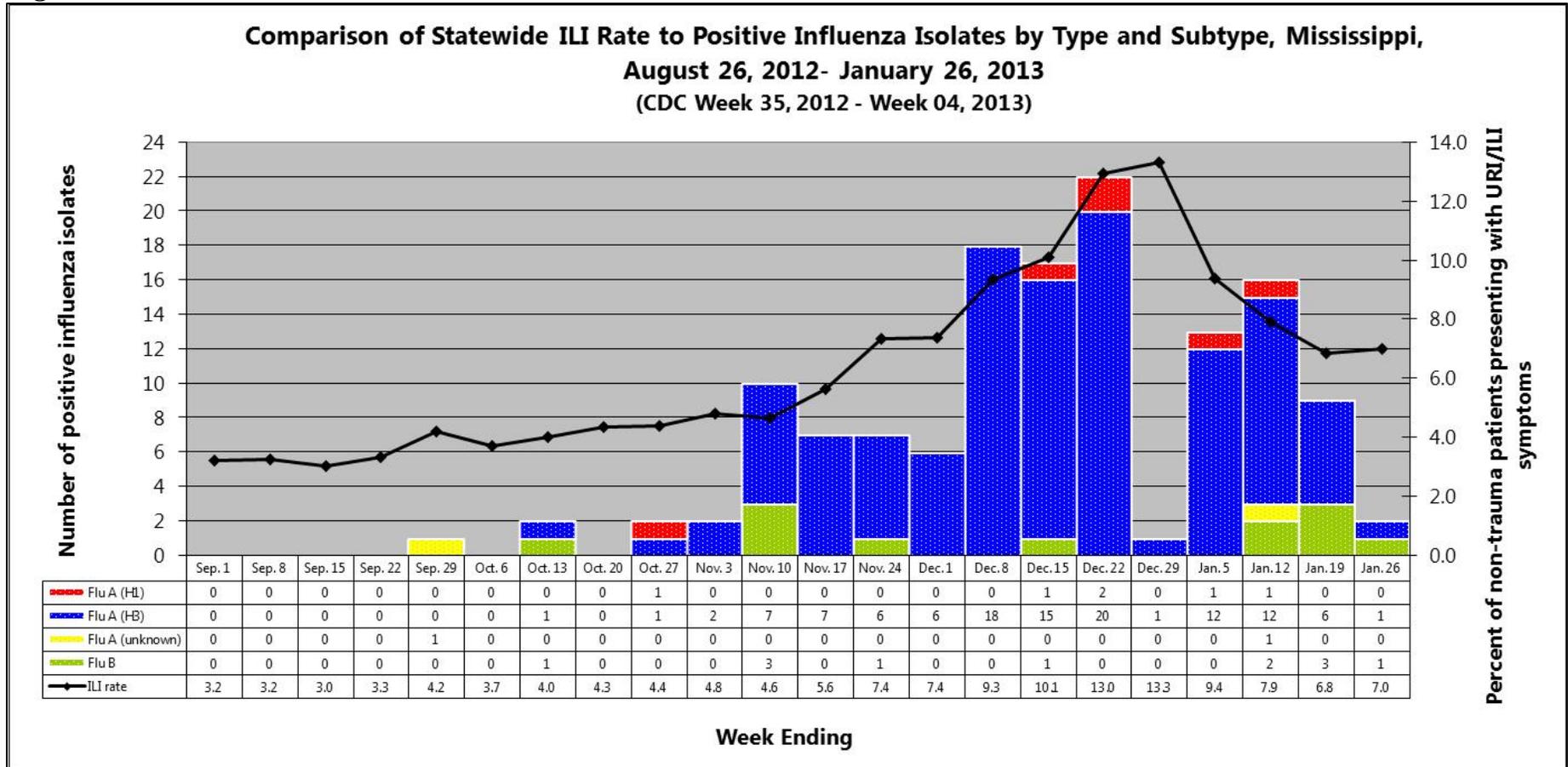


Figure 6

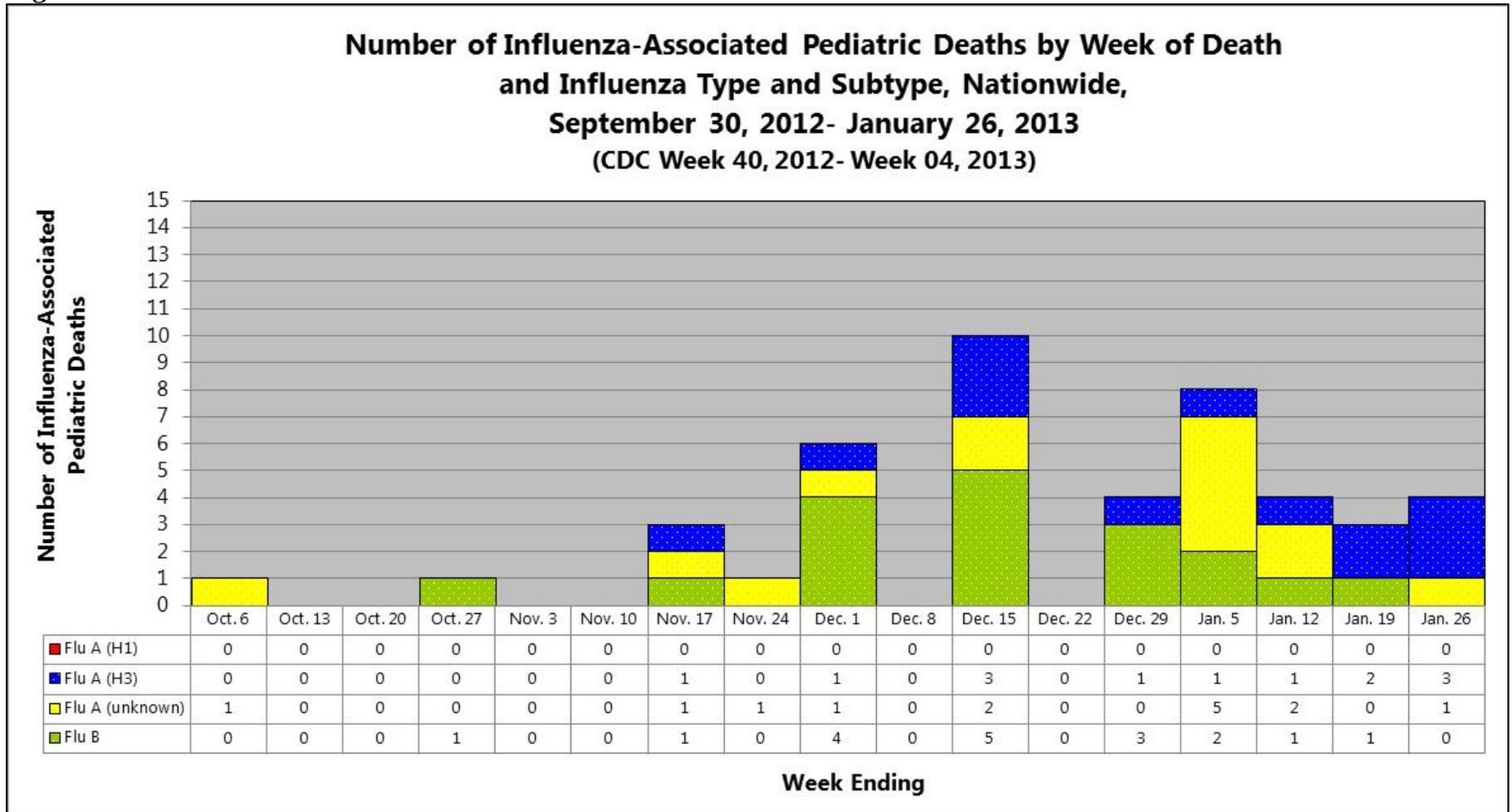


Figure 7

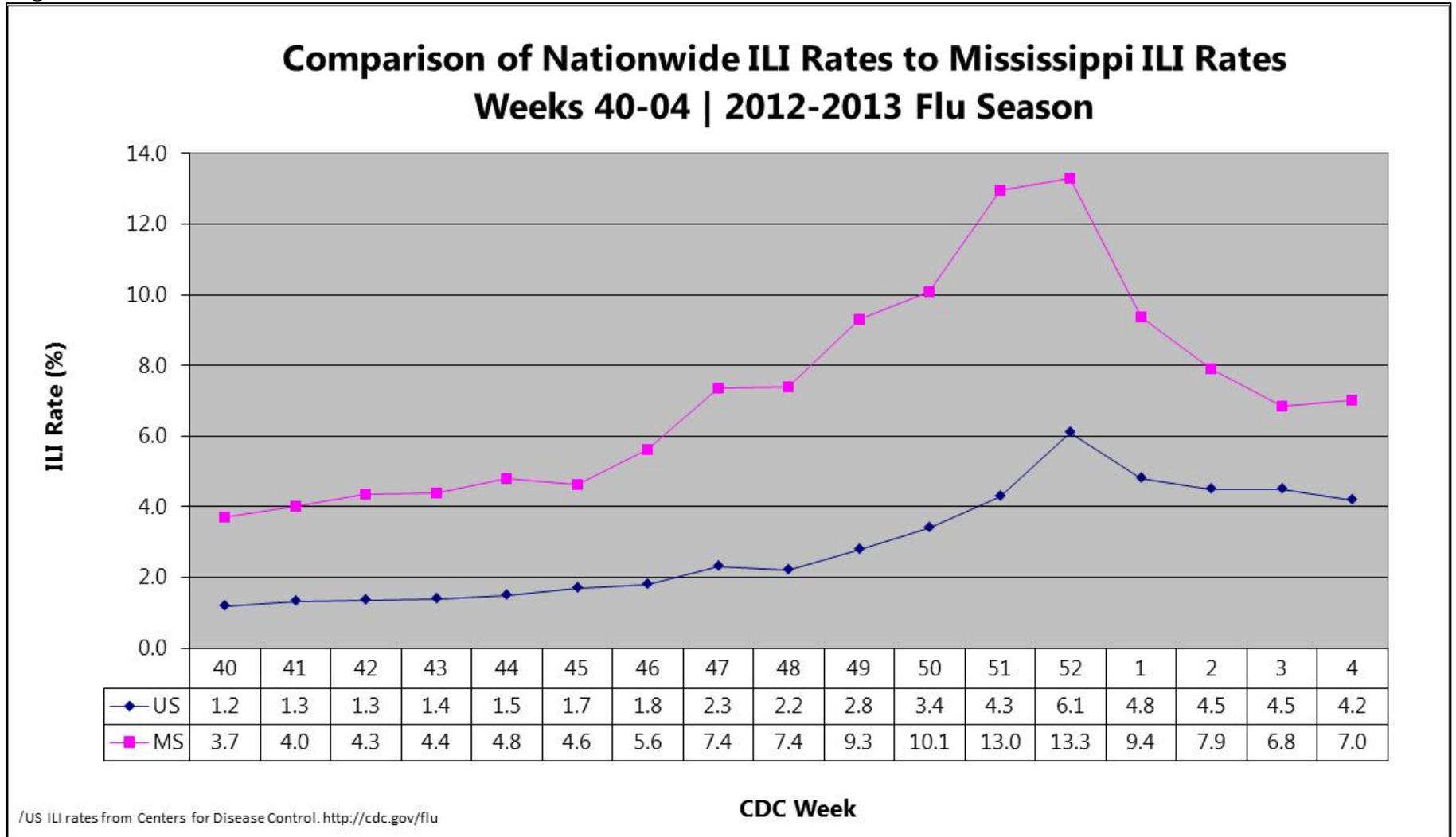


Figure 8

