

*ATTENTION: CUSTOMERS OF
THE TOMNOLEN WATER ASSOCIATION.
THE FOLLOWING CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT (CCR)
WILL BE POSTED AT WEBSTER FINANCE*

*2025 Drinking Water Quality Report
Tomnolen Water Association, Inc.
PWS ID #0780010*

Is my drinking water safe?

Last year, we conducted tests for many contaminants and none were found. We did not have a violation for failing to comply with the bacteriological sampling requirements of the Safe Drinking Water Act. This report is a snapshot of last year water quality. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. Tomnolen Water is committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HTV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Center for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Our water comes from 2 deep wells located in the **Lower Wilcox Aquifer**.

Source water assessment and its availability?

Our source water assessment has been completed. Our well was ranked

MODERATE in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

For a copy of the report, please contact Tomnolen Water Association at 662-258-2774.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminant. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

How can I get involved?

Join us at our Annual meeting in the Tomnolen Fire Department on the Second Monday in September. Meeting begins at 6:00 pm.

Lead Service Line

Tomnolen Water Association has completed the Lead Service Line Inventory and no lead lines were found. The methods used to make that determination were records and visual inspections.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Tomnolen Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Tests for lead was conducted at 10 sites in 2023. In those 10 site samples the lead content was well below the MCLG. The actual results of those samples are indicated Water Quality Data Table below.

Monitoring and reporting of compliance data violations?

Tomnolen Water Association did not have any monthly samples that tested positive for Total Coliforms in 2025.

Important Drinking Water Definitions

Action Level - The (AL) is the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. Our treatment technique is Chlorine.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfection Level Goal - The (MRDLG) is the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level - The (MRDL) is the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Residual Annual Average - (RAA) is the average for the year, the lowest average and the highest average of a disinfectant in drinking water.

Unit Descriptions

PPM - parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

PPB - parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/L)

Positive sample/month - Number of samples taken monthly that were found to be positive.

NA - Not applicable.

ND-Not detected

NR - Monitoring not required, but recommended.

Water Quality Data Table

The table below list all of the drinking contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. The presence of contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the contamination of these contaminants do not change frequently.

Contaminant	MCL Gor MRD LG	MCL, TT, or MRD L	Your water	Date Collected	Range Low/Hig h		<u>Likely Source of Contamination</u>
Disinfectant and Disinfection By-Products							
Chlorine	4	4	0.5	2025	0.18/0.98	No	Water additive used to control microorganisms. Comment: RAA for 2025. 0.5 for 3 quarters and 0.4 for 1 quarter.
TOTAL Trihalomethanes (TTHM) (ppb)	100	100	3.00	2025	2.2/4.6 ppb	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
TOTAL Haloacetic Acids (HAAs)			0	2025	N/A	No	
Inorganic							
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.0145	2025	N/A	No	Discharge of drilling waste or metal refineries; Erosion from natural deposits.
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.127	2025	N/A	No	Erosion from natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Microbiological Contaminants							
Total Coliform (positive samples/month)		0	0	2025	N/A	No	Naturally present in the environment
Inorganic Contaminants							
Sodium			65	2023	58-65		Naturally present and unregulated
Lead (ppm)	0.015		0.00	2023	N/A	No	Corrosion of household plumbing system Erosion of natural deposits.
Copper (ppm)	1.3		0.30	2023	N/A	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching ; Corrosion of household plumbing system from wood preservatives.

Total Coliform

Total Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, bacteria may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system. Tomnolen Water Association did not have any violation for Total Coliforms in 2025.

For more information please contact:

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