2023 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Three Forks Water Association PWS ID#: 0700014 June 2024

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is assigned to inform booth the quality water Report and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a sale and dependable supply ofform water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Contact & Meeting Information

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Brian Wilbanks at 662 223 9195. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the Tailful Tuesday of each monthly at 70 OP Mat the water office.

Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Coffee Sand Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contaminant A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Three Forks Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

Period Covered by Report

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1th to December 31th, 2023. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2023, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and requisitions.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity, microbial will respect to a surface of the contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity, microbial will westock operations, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and widdle, inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storest runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming, pesticides and herbicides, which may other one avariety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses, organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemical contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All dinkning water, including obtied dinkning water, may reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

Terms and Abbreviations

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG). The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL). The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample

				TEST R	ESULT	S		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorgani	c Conta	minant	ts					
10. Barium	N	2022*	.17	.16717	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2021/23	0	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems: erosion of natural deposit leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2022*	.169	.156169	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits, water additive which promotes strong teeth, discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2021/23	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposit
Unregul	ated Co	ntamin	ants					
Sodium	N	2023	17.1	16.8 – 17.1	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents
Disinfec	tion By-	Produ	cts					
Chlorine	N	2023	.6	.46	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2023.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring renurements MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples profe to the end of the compliance period.

LEAD INFORMATION

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young unfoldren. Lead in frenking water is lense and home plumbing. Our water system is formed to the present present the present pre

VIOLATIONS

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Dinnking Water Hotline at 1800.426 API or 1800

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoning chemotherapy, persons who have undergoning organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CIDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptospondium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotilant. 1800 426 4791.

The Three Forks Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future