Certification

2009 A 10 16 FD 12: 36 Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use: Distribution Method I Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV Water system serving less than 500 people must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR Distribution Method III and IV OFFICE USE ONLY Public Water Supply name(s): 7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s): Dorsey Water Association 8680 Hwy 178 W Fulton, ms 38843 0290002 Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to our customers) □ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method below: □ *Provided direct Web address to customer *Add direct Web address (URL) here: □ Hand delivered □ Mail paper copy Example: "The current CCR is available at □ Email www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf. call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy". JII. Published the complete CCR in the local Date(s) published: Druly Journal newspaper. 6-28-2023 □ III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed Date(s) notified: mailed on 6-28-23 but is available upon request. List method(s) used (examples - newspaper, water Location distributed: | Value | bill bills, newsletter, etc.). IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the 5-31-2043 local water office. Locations posted: Dorsey Water Association Office □ "Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.) Certification This Community public water system confirms it has distributed its Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and that the information contained in its CCR is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule. Date: | 5 | 31 | 2023 Man Welenin Steretary Submittal Email the following required items to water reports a msdh.ms.gov regardless of distribution methods used. 1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certification 3. Proof of delivery method(s)

Certification

RECEIVED
MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

W. A	MODIT WATER OUT I ET				
Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use: Distribution Method I	2023 MAY 32 AM 8: 49				
Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use:					
Distribution Method I OR					
Distribution Method II, III, and IV					
Water system serving less than 500 people must use:					
Distribution Method I OR					
Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR					
Distribution Method III and IV	OFFICE LIGE ONLY				
	OFFICE USE ONLY				
Public Water Supply name(s):	7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s):				
Dorsey Water Association a680 Hwy 178 W Fulton, ms 38843					
Fulton ms 38843	0290002				
Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to or					
□ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method by	n enstollers)				
□ *Provided direct Web address to customer	*Add direct Web address (URL) here:				
□ Hand delivered	11dd difest Web addiess (ORE) neic.				
□ Mail paper copy	Example: "The current CCR is available at				
□ Email	www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf.				
The Destrict of the Control of the C	call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy".				
□ II. Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper.	Date(s) published:				
□ III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed	Date(s) notified:				
but is available upon request.					
List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water	Location distributed:				
bills, newsletter. etc.).					
IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the local water office.	Date: 5-31-2043				
Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with	Locations posted: DONSEY WATER ASSOCIATION OFFICE				
the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)	porsey Water Associa 1707 OTTEC				
Certification					
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and the appropriate houses of availability have been given and the	12t the information contained in its CCD				
consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submit Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.	tted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of				
Name:	Title: Date: 1				
Megas Welenin	200.				
	Slene Tany 5/31/2023				
Submitfal					
Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.gov 1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certificati	regardless of distribution methods used.				
1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certificati	on 3. Proof of delivery method(s)				

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Dorsey Water Association PWS#:0290002 May 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Contact & Meeting Information

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Megan Wilemon at 662.282.4406. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of the month at 6:00 PM at the Dorsey Water Association, 2680 HWY 178 W., Fulton, MS.

Source of Water

Our water source is purchased from the Northeast Mississippi Regional Water Supply District.

Period Covered by Report

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

Terms and Abbreviations

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

<u>Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)</u>: The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)</u>: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)</u>: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

				TEST F	ESUL	ΓS		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorgani	c Conta	aminan	its					n — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
10. Barium	N	2022	.0195	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natur deposits
14. Copper	N	2022	0	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2022	.853	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminun factories
17. Lead	N	2022	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Unregula	ited Co	ntamir	ants					
Sodium	N	2022	5.55	No Range	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfect	ion By	Produ	cts					
81. HAA5	N	2022	54.9	18.3 – 54.9	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2022	51.7	20.7 - 51.7	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2022	1.5	1-1.8	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	N	Sampled Monthly	1.1 Removal Ratio (≥1.0 is Required)	1.1 – 1.2	ppm	NA	π	Naturally present in the environment

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

On the NE MS Regional Water Supply District system: Total Organic Carbon (TOC) has no health effects. However, TOC provides a medium for the formation of disinfection byproducts. These byproducts include TTHMs and HAAs. Drinking water containing these byproducts in excess of the MCL may lead to adverse health effects, liver or kidney problems, or nervous system effects, and may lead to an increased risk of getting cancer.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

LEAD INFORMATION

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

FLUORIDE INFORMATION

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the NEMSRW is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 10. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 83%. The number of months samples were collected and analyzed in the previous calendar year was 12.

VIOLATIONS

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

^{**} Fluoride level is routinely adjusted to the MS State Dept of Health's recommended level of 0.7 - 1.2 mg/l.

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

. . .

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Dorsey Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Dorsey Water Association PWS#:0290002 May 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goel is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continuely improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water

Contact & Meeting Information

They was any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Magan Witemon at 682 282 4406. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularity scheduled messings. They are held on the second Tuesday of the month at 6:00 PM at the Dorsey Water Association, 2680 HWY 178 W., Fulton.

Our water source is purchased from the Northeast Mississippi Regional Water Supply District.

Period Covered by Report

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1° to December 31°, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of tend or underground, it dispotes naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of entimets or from human activity, microbial contaminants, such as wruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural tivestock operations, and wildlife; longanite contaminants, such as solts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or dementic vessewater discharges, oil and gas production, maing, or farming, posticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources much as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential trass, organic chemical contaminants, including systemic and vitable organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems, radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tape water is safe to drink, EPA proscribes regulations that first the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including water, many be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not represent the presence of these contaminants.

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				TEST I	RESULT	rs		
Conteminant	Violation Y/N	Date Coffeeded	Level Detected	Range of Betechs or # of Samples Exceeding MCUACUMRDIL	Unit Menaura- mart	MCLG	AfCL	Unity Source of Contamination
Inorgan	ic Cont	aminar	its	TOP OF			-	
10. Barbin	34	2022	.0165	No Range	ррт	2	2	Discharge of drilling weales; discharge from metal anthonies; erosion of resture detroists
14 Copper	N	2022	0	0	ppm	1.3	AL-13	
18 Fluoride	*	2022	.953	No Range	ppm	4	4	
17 Load	N	2022	0	0	lobio .	0	AL=15	Correction of household plumbling systems, erosion of natural deposits
Unreguk	ated Co	ntamir	ants		-			STREET, STREET, OF THE PROPERTY OF
Sodum	N	2022	5.56	No Range	ррт	20	0	Road Solt, Water Treatment Channools, Water Selbeners and Seware Effluents
Disinfect	tion By	Produ	cts			A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		-Constitutional Constitution
SI HAAS	N	2022	54.0	18.3-56.9	ppb	D	60	By Product of distring water disinfection
02 TFHM Fistel Malacenthornal	M	2022	617	207-617	ppb	0	00	By-product of drawing water obtaination.
Chiptos	24	2022	1.5	5~ 1.0	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	N	Sampled Monthly	1.1 Remove Ratio (>1.0 s Required)	11-12	ppro	2NA	π	Naturally present in the emissionent

On the NE MS Regional Vistor Supply District system: Total Organic Carbon (TOC) has no health effects. However, TOC provides a medium for the formation of distriction byproducts. These byproducts include TTHMs and HAAs. During water containing these byproducts in excess of the MCL may lead to adverse health effects, here or indiney problems, or necross system affects, and may lead to an increased risk of getting

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To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Visiter Supplies", the NEMSRW is required so report certain rectilits portaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the numbers of supplies appears in which appears in which appears in which

^{**} Pluoride level is consimely adjusted to the MS State Dept of Health's recommended level of 0.7-1.2 mg/l.

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10. Badira	124	2022	D105	No Rango	-			
			7	No Hangs	Climin	2	2	Discharge of draling wastes, discharge from metal catingries; erosion of natur
14 Copper	3/1	2022	0	0.	ppm	13	At at 2	1 4800385
16 Fluoritie	1					1	70-13	Corresion of household plumbing systems, excelor of natural deposits.
9 3	N	2022	853	No Range	pon	1 4	- 4	leaching from wood preservatives
						1		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong testit; discharge from facilities.
17 Lead	N	2022	0	0	gpb	-		elechange from fartificer and aluminum factorips
Unregul	ated	Contami		I		0	AL=15	Corresion of household plumbing systems, excelor of natural deposits
Sodium			nants	Time I			- 4 4 7	The state of the s
COUNT	11	2022	5.56	No Range	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment
Disinfect	tion F	Ry-Produ	tets	-			- 50	Characels, Water Softeners and Sewage Efficients
BI HOAS	-	-						
	\$1	2022	54.0	18.3-54.9	ppb	1 0	00	By-Product of donaling water
Rotei	H	2022	61.7	20.7 - 61.7	apò	-		disinfection
Chipmen and	1				2975	0	.00	By-product of drawing water chlorination
	H	2022	1.6	5-13	дри	0	MRDL=4	Water additive used to central
Total Organis	N	Sample	11	111-12	-			mornhed
Dathon (TOC)		Sharijhiy Ramoyas Platin (21.0 p (21.0 p (21.0 p)		Schain	MA	11	Maturally present in the environment	

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UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

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ome people may be more undergoing chemotherapy, servers are than the general population. Immune compressived porsons told as persons with concer undergoing chemotherapy, servers are have undergoine against sensitive and entertine people with HMAIDS or nound district can be personally at risk from infections. These people should exect advice your district can be personally at risk from infections. These people should seek advice your district and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Distring Vision House 1 800.425.4791.

to Doney Water Association works exceed the clock to provide top quality water to every top. We set that all our customers help us stept our water sources, which are the hourt of our community, our way of the end our claims in tuture.

^{*} Most record couple. No sample required for 2022.

** Fluorate level is reusinely differed to the M5 State Dept of Health's recommended level of 0.7 - 1.2 mg/l.





