Certification

RECEIVED
MSDH-WATER SUPPLY
2023 JUN - 9 PM 1: 25

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use: Distribution Method I Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV Water system serving less than 500 people must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV Public Water Supply name(s): EAST PIKE WATER ASSOCIATION INC	7-digit Public Water S MS0570051	
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O		
Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to ou		
□ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method b	elow:	(1)
□ *Provided direct Web address to customer	*Add direct Web address (UR)	L) nere:
☐ Hand delivered	T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CD is muilable at
□ Mail paper copy	Example: "The current C www.waterworld.org/ccrM	CK is available at av2023/0830001 pdf
□ Email	call (000) 000-0000 fe	or paper copy".
A. Published the complete CCR in the local	Date(s) published:	
	5/17/2023	
newspaper,	D (1) (5)	
but is available upon request.	Date(s) notified: 5/30/2023	ISTED ON BILLS AS PUBLISHED IN
List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water bills, newsletter, etc.).	Location distributed:	NEWSPAPER
XXV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the	Date: 5/17/2023	
local water office.		
"Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with	Locations posted:	
the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)		
Certification		
This Community public water system confirms it has distributed and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and to consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submulative water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.	that the information contained in	n its CCR is correct and
Name:	Title:	Date:
O R GUNTHER	PRESIDENT	5/25/2023
Submittal		
Email the following required items to water reports@msdh.ms.go	v regardless of distribution meth	ods used.
1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certifica	tion 3. Proof of delivery m	etnod(s)



Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

East Pike Water Association, Inc PWWS #MS0570051 2022 CCR Report

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Our water source is from 2 wells using water from the Miocene Aquifer.

Source water assessment and its availability

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the East Pike Water Association have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity:

microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved?

If you have questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Randy King, Certified Water Operator, at 601-249-3502. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend our monthly board meeting, which is held on the first Monday of each month at 5:30 p.m. at the fellowship hall of Calvary Baptist Church, 1013 Pricedale Dr., Summit, MS.

Description of Water Treatment Process

Your water is treated by disinfection. Disinfection involves the addition of chlorine or other disinfectant to kill dangerous bacteria and microorganisms that may be in the water. Disinfection is considered to be one of the major public health advances of the 20th century.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. East Pike Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

Contaminants	MRDLG	TT, or MRDL	Your Water			Sample Date		Typical Source
Disinfectants & Disi (There is convincing	THE LET THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.	- Britis - Pitting of man	Count La retail a find out ball	sinfec	ant is	necessary	for contr	ol of microbial contaminants)
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	1.9	1.5	2	2022	No	Water additive used to control microbes

Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	TT, or	Your			Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
Barium (ppm)	2	2	.0143	NA	NA	2022	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10	.598	.335	.598	2022	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium (optional) (ppm)	NA		7.92	7.23	7.92	2022	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching
Contaminants Inorganic Contamin	ethough fellerates		Your S Water		Exc		Exceeds AL	Typical Source
Copper - action level consumer taps (ppm)	arrational for the same of	3 1.3	0	2022		0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

(40) Q(

Term	Definition
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
NA	NA: not applicable
ND	ND: Not detected
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.

Term	Definition
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.

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MNR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated
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For more information please contact:

Contact Name: O. R. Gunther

Address: 612 Delaware Avenue, Suite 4

McComb, MS 39648 Phone: 601-249-3502

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microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

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	MCLG	MCL,	Detect In	Range				
Contaminants	or MRDLG	TT, or MRDL	Your Water	Low	High	Sample Date		Typical Source
Disinfectants & I	Disinfecti	on By-	Product	S				
(There is convinci microbial contami	_	ice that	addition	of a d	lisinfe	ctant is ne	ecessary fo	r control of
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	2	1.6	2.1	2022	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	1	NA	NA	2022	No	
Inorganic Contai	ninants					193	**	•

	MCLG MCL, In Range								
Contaminants MRDLG MRD					High	Samp Date		on Typical Source	
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10		598	.335	.598	2022	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosior of natural deposits
Contaminants	MCLG	AL	You Wate		mple Exce		nples eding L	Exceeds AL	Typical Source
Inorganic Conta	minants								
Copper - action level at consume taps (ppm)	r 1.3	1.3	0	2	022		0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems Erosion of natural deposits

Unit Descriptions							
Term	Definition						
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)						
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)						
NA	NA: not applicable						
ND	ND: Not detected						
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Address: 612 Delaware Avenue, Suite 4

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Annual Drinking Water Quality Report East Pike Water Association, Inc. PWWS #MS0570051

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Let W.W.S. #MS0570051
2023 CCR Report

To any water sub?

We are pleased to present this years's Assault Water Quality Report (Consenter Confictions Report) an enquired by the Sale Straining Water Art (LSTAN). This import is the signed to provide details about where the control is present to providing you with information and information of the control is present to the sale of the present of the sale of the present to the sale of the present to the sale of the present to the sale of the sale

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contaminated do not vary significantly will be that table you will find some a	MCLG	MCI	De Dr Y	tect In our	Re	nge	Sampl		n Typical Source
Contaminants	MRDLG				_	High	Date	Violatio	n i typicai aoute
Disinfectants &						41-1-4-	-topt lo	necessory.	for control of
(There is convince	ing evider inanta)	nce un	et and	lition	OTAC	11211110	Clain in	nacaseer y	101 00110 0
Chiorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	T	4		2	1.6	2.1	2022	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60		1	NA	NA	2022	No	
Inorganic Conti	minants								
				tect	Ra	nge		ľ	
Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL TT, c	y Y	n our ater		High	Sample Date	Violatio	n Typical Source
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10	.5	598	.335	.598	2022	No	Rupoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosic of natural deposits
Contaminant	MCLG	AL	You		mple Date	Exce	mples eding \L	Exceeds AL	Typical Source
Inorganic Conti	minants			_					Corresion of
Copper - action level at consume taps (ppm)	ar 1.3	1.3	0	2	2022		D	No	household plumbing systems Erosion of natura deposits
	XX				_				
Unit Descriptio				_	D	efiniti	on		
Term		mm'	parts	pern				per liter (n	ng/L)
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L) ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)								

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MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level
unther Address: 612 Delaware Ave., Suite 4 McComb, MS 39648 Phone: 60 1-249-3502

ND: Not detected

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, COUNTY OF PIKE

PERSONALLY CAME before me, the undersigned, a notary public in and for PIKE County, Mississippi, the CLERK of the McCOMB ENTERPRISE-JOURNAL, a newspaper published in the City of McComb, Pike County, in said state who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the McCOMB ENTERPRISE-JOURNAL is a newspaper as defined and prescribed in Senate Bill No. 203 enacted at the regular session of the Mississippi Legislature of 1948, amending Section 1858, of the Mississippi Code of 1942, and that the publication of a notice, of which the annexed is a copy in the

	- Water repa	
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has been mad	de in said paper	times consecutively, to wi
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PROOF OF PUBLICATION

McCOMB ENTERPRISE-JOURNAL

McComb, Mississippi

In The Case of

Éast Pike Water Association P.O. Box 592 P.O. MS 39649 McComb, MS 39649 601-249-3502

LATE CHARGE

Previous Balance:

į 21.00

1.03

After 06/20/23 pay 51.24

YOU OWE 47.65 by 06/20/23

FIRST-CLASS MAIL
PRESORTED
US POSTAGE PAID
ZIP CODE 39649
PERMIT # 459

East Pike Water Association P.O. Box 592 McComb, MS 39649 601-249-3502

FIRST-CLASS MAIL
PRESORTED
US POSTAGE PAID
ZIP CODE 39649 **PERMIT # 459**

Billed: 05/27/23

HOME PRES 745210 **USED 5520**

Previous Balance:

LATE CHARGE

42.12

34.15 Billed: 05/27/23

After 06/20/23 pay 87.32 YOU OWE 79.69 by 06/20/23

3.42

YOU OWE 79.69 by 06/20/23

Last Pmt \$35.00 05/16/23 Chris & Katherine Taylor SVC:04/26/23-05/24/23 (28 days) Acct# 6002/ 3069 RIVER ROAD S Acct# 60025

Last Pmt \$87.28 12/30/22 Boyd Ranch Enterprises LLC SVC:03/22/23-04/26/23 (35 days) Acct# 60000

5173 HWY 44

YOU OWE 47.65 by 06/20/23

Acct# 60000

5173 HWY 44

After 06/20/23 pay 51.24

2022 CCR REPORT WAS IN THE EJ IN MAY 2023 ~ CCR REPORT ALSO AVAILABLE IN OFFICE

P.O. Box 771

Donaldsonville LA 70346

Boyd Ranch Enterprises LLC C/O Tommy Miller

Acct# 60025

3069 RIVER ROAD S

2022 CCR REPORT WAS IN THE EJ IN MAY 2023 ~ CCR REPORT ALSO AVAILABLE IN OFFICE

Summit MS 39666

Chris & Katherine Taylor 3069 River Road South

After 06/20/23 pay 87.32

East Pike Water Association P.O. Box 592 P.Comb, MS 39649 601-249-3502

HOME USED 0 Previous Balance: 20.95

PRES 193960

HOME

USED 910

Previous Balance:

21.00 21.00

Billed: 05/27/23

East Pike Water Association P.O. Box 592 McComb, MS 39649 601-249-3502

FIRST-CLASS MAIL PRESORTED US POSTAGE PAID ZIP CODE 39649 PERMIT # 459

PRES 910

LATE CHARGE

2.10

After 06/20/23 pay 48.30

LATE CHARGE

YOU OWE 44.10 by 06/20/23

PRESORTED
US POSTAGE PAID
ZIP CODE 39649
PERMIT # 459 FIRST-CLASS MAIL

Billed: 05/27/23

After 06/20/23 pay 48.25 YOU OWE 44.05 by 06/20/23

2.10

YOU OWE 44.05 by 06/20/23

After 06/20/23 pay 48.25

Acc# 60030

2022 CCR REPORT WAS IN THE EJ IN MAY 2023 ~ CCR REPORT ALSO AVAILABLE IN OFFICE

Richard Patty

Acct# 60030

3095 RIVER ROAD S

Baton Rouge LA 70895-1550 P.O. Box 15503

2022 CCR REPORT WAS IN THE EJ IN MAY 2023 Acct# 60015 Richard Patty Baton Rouge LA 70895-1550 P.O. Box 15503

Last Pmt \$21,00 04/12/23 Richard Patly SVC:04/26/23-05/24/23 (28 days) A 3024 RIVER ROAD S

YOU OWE 44.10 by 06/20/23

Acct# 60015

3024 RIVER ROAD S

After 06/20/23 pay 48.30

ast Pmt \$20.00 04/12/23 Richard Patty SVC:04/26/23-05/24/23 (28 days) Ac 3095 RIVER ROAD S