water, com/ccr

Certification

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use: Distribution Method I JUL - 1 2023 Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use: BUREAU OF PUBLIC Distribution Method I OR WATER SHPPLY Distribution Method II, III, and IV Water system serving less than 500 people must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR Distribution Method III and IV OFFICE USE ONLY Public Water Supply name(s): 7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s): Jeff Davis Rural Water 810005 Association, two Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to our customers) ☑ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method below: *Add direct Web address (URL) here: *Provided direct Web address to customer https://geff dayswaterassociation □ Hand delivered Example: "The current CCR is available at □ Mail paper copy www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf. □ Email call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy". Date(s) published: **▼ II.** Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper. □ III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request. List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water Location distributed: bills, newsletter, etc.). Date: □ IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the local water office. Locations posted: "Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.) Certification This Community public water system confirms it has distributed its Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and that the information contained in its CCR is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule. Name: Title: Date: Submittal Email the following required items to water reports@msdh.ms.gov regardless of distribution methods used. 1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certification 3. Proof of delivery method(s)

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Jeff Davis Rural Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 810005 May 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Contact & Meeting Information

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Bud McCluskey at 662.783.2005. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of the month at 7:00 PM at the Water Office at 13589 HWY 32W, Water Valley, MS 38965.

Source of Water

Our water source is purchased from the City of Water Valley that has wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of Water Valley have received higher susceptibility rankings to contamination.

Period Covered by Report

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

Terms and Abbreviations

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

<u>Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)</u>: The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

<u>Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)</u>: The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)</u>: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

				TEST F	RESUL I	ΓS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination	
Inorgani	c Conta	aminan	ts						
10. Barium	N	2022	.0239	.01570239	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
13. Chromium	N	2022	1	.5 - 1	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
16. Fluoride	N	2019*	1.03	.478– 1.03	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories	
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits	
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2022	.72	.59472	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion o natural deposits	
Unregula	ted Co	ntamin	ants			5 II			
Sodium	N	2019*	6100	4800 - 6100	ppb	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.	
Disinfect	ion By	-Produ	cts						
81. HAA5	N	2022	1.35	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.	
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2022	4.17	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N	2022	.8	<u>.</u> 6 – 1	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes	

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

LEAD INFORMATION

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

FLUORIDE INFORMATION

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", our system is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 0. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 0%. The number of months samples were collected and analyzed in the previous calendar year was 1.

VIOLATIONS

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Jeff Davis Rural Water Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION OF NOTICE

State of Mississippi Yalobusha County

Before me, MELODY SMITH, Notary Public of said County, this day came David Howell, who stated on oath that he is the Editor and Publisher of the North Mississippi Herald, a public newspaper publishing and having a general circulation in the City of Water Valley, said County and State, and made oath further that advertisement, of which a copy as printed is annexed, was published in said newspaper for _____ consecutive weeks in its issues numbered and dated as follows, to-wit:

Vol.	135	No. <u>13</u>	Dated the	S of Jm	2023
Vol.	135	No	Dated the_	of	2023
Vol.	135	Ne	Dated the _	of	2023
Vol.	135	No	Dated the_	of	2023

Affiant further states that he has examined the foregoing _____ issues of said newspaper, that the attached Notice appeared in each of said _____ as aforesaid of said newspaper.

Editor and Publisher North Mississippi Herald

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this the ______ day of _______, 2023
Water Valley, Yalobo of OF MISSIS Mississippi.

NOTARY PUBLIC Panols County Commission Express

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Jeff Davis Rural Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 810005 May 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the and ser lines we deriver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinks want you to understand the efforts we make to continuelly improve the water treatment process and protect our water reare committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Contact & Meeting information

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact But McCluskey at 662 783 20 our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regula meetings. They are held on the first Monday of the month at 7:00 PM at the Water Office at 13589 HWY 32W, Water Valley

Source of Water

Our water source is purchased from the City of Water Valley that has wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its d supply to identified notatival sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility dware made has been runnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The water for the Valley have received higher susceptibility rankings to contamination.

Period Covered by Report

We mutinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflected testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some case, materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity, microbial cauch as virtues and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock op whildlife, inorganic contaminants, such as selts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming, pestides and herbicides, wait from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses, organic chemical contamina synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and or from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA presorbes regulations that limit it certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bortled diriking water, may it expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

Terms and Abbreviations

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understant we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (ALI): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a must follow.

Meximum Contaminant Level (MCL). The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allow water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Waximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below whit known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residuel Disinfectant Level (MRDL). The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MFDLG). The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liner, one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample

Paris per million (pam) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water s

				TEST	RESULT	rs		
Contaminant	Molation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding	Unii Meas <i>ure</i> - ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contar
Inorgani	c Conta	aminan	ts					
10 Barium	N	2029	10239	10157 - 10239	חכת:	2	.2	Discharge of drilling was discharge from metal re erosion of natural os co
13. Chromium	N	2022	4	5-1	pab	100	100	Discharge from steel an ercean of natural depor
16 Fluonae	N	2019*	1.03	478- 1.03	- क्व्रक	*		Erosice of natural depo- additive which promote discharge from fadilizer aluminum factories
17. Leac	N	2018/20*	b	ð	ppb	D	AL=15	Corresion of household systems, erosion of nat
19 Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2022	.72	.5947.2	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer us from septic tanks, sewa natural deposits
Unregula	ated Co	ntamir	ants	ANTONIA ASS				
Sadium	N	2019*	6100	4900 - 6100	dקc	0	.0	Road Sall, Water Tream Chemicals, Water Softe Sewage Effluents
Disinfect	tion By	-Produ	cts					
81 HAA5	N	2022	1.35	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking a distribution.
B2 TTHM (Total tribalomethanes)	N	2022	4 17	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking a chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2022	.8	.6+1	mgfi	0	MDRL=4	Water additive used to a microbes

Most revent sample No sample required for 2022

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular mon indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete a requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

LEAD INFORMATION



JEFF DAVIS WATER ASSN. P.O. BOX 707, WATER VALLEY, MS 38965 PARTIAL (662) 832-2301

NO PAYMENTS!

FIRST-CLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE PAID WATER VALLEY, MS PERMIT NO. 7

6/25/2023 Meter Readings Previous CHARGES Usage SERVICES Current 15.00 400 1101510 1101110 Water (\$21.32)Credit (\$6.32) Total Due

DUE DATE FAST DUE AFTER THIS DATE		
7/10/2023		
()		

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

Last payment received 6/2/23 for \$50.00.

SCOTT DARBY 187 CR 103 WATER VALLEY MS 38965

TO SEE THE 2022 CCR REPORT, https://jeffdaviswaterassociation.myruralwater.com/ccr1

From 11/21/2022 TO 6/20/2023

98

QB • 01-22