Certification

RECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY 2023 JUN 13 AM 9: 05

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use: Distribution Method I	2023 JUN 13 AM 9: 05
Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use:	
Distribution Method I OR	
Distribution Method II, III, and TV	
Water system serving less than 500 people must use:	
Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR	
Distribution Method III and IV	OFFICE USE ONLY
Carried Control of the Control of th	G S N. D. L. W. C. L. ID W.
Public Water Supply name(s):	7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s):
Webs TER CONTER WATER ASSOC.	780018
Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to ou	
□ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method b □ *Provided direct Web address to customer	eIOW: *Add direct Web address (URL) here:
☐ Hand delivered	Add direct web address (Cta) here.
□ Mail paper copy	Example: "The current CCR is available at
□ Email	www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf. call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy".
11. Published the complete CCR in the local	Date(s) published:
newspaper.	6-09-2023
☐ III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed	Date(s) notified:
but is available upon request.	
List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water	Location distributed:
bills, newsletter, etc.).	
VIV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the	Date: 6-09-2023
local water office. Good Faith Effort' in other public buildings with	Locations posted:
the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)	
Certification	
This Community public water system confirms it has distributed	its Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers
and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and t consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously subm	nat the information contained in its CCR is correct and littled to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of
Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.	
Name:	Title: Date:
Mary H & Owards	PRos. Cen 7 6-09-2023
Submittal	
Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.go 1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certificat	rion 3. Proof of delivery method(s)

2022 Annual Drinking Water Consumer Confidence Report Webster Center Water Association PWS ID # 0780018

Report Completed on May 16, 2023

We're pleased to present to you your 2022 Annual Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Sources of Water

Our water source consists of 1 well that draws from the Wilcox Aquifer.

Water System Information

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. Our water supply received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

This past year we completed 4 major creek crossings, connected and done away with abandoned lines and we are constantly welcoming additional customers. We applied for grants but did not receive funding. We did however receive information that our system is being considered in the next round of grants. Our water is recognized for its taste and all resulting analysis of chemical components are much below safety standards. We will continue to provide the cheapest possible water for our customers. We have made major infrastructure repairs that were needed, but due to financial constraints this had to be accomplished over a period of time. During these repairs we have been able to continue to keep the present rates and still provide the needed water.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Larry Edwards at 662-552-6500. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend our Annual Meeting held on Tuesday October 17, 2023 at Webster Center Water Association at 6:30 pm.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31, 2022. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

CONTAMINANT TABLE								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	MCLG	MCL	Major Sources in Drinking Water	
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
13. Barium	N	2019*	0.0236 ppm	0.0231 to 0.0236	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
20. Chromium	N	2019*	0,8 ppb	0.5 to 0.8	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
23. Fluoride	N	2019*	0.136 ppm	0,12 to 0.136	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories	
26. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2022	0,106 ppm	0.08 to 0.106	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	
Volatile C	rganic (Contamin	ants			1011		
82. Xylenes	N	2022	0.000557 ppm	No Range	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories	
Disinfectar	nts & Dis	sinfectant	By-Product	S				
83. Chlorine	N	2022	0.80 ppm	0.70 to 0.80	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes	
84. Haloacetic Acids HAA5	N	2022	1.26 ppb	No Range	0	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection	

^{*} Most recent sample results available

Definitions

In the table above you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

ppb - parts per billion = micrograms per liter (= 1 drop in 1 billion gallons)

ppm - parts per million = milligrams per liter (= 1 drop in 1 million gallons)

Compliance with National Primary Drinking Water Regulations

Annual Report Violation

This public water system received a violation for not submitting a 2022 Annual Report. The report was completed, and the system was returned as compliant.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize

the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Additional Information

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant you should ask advice from your health care provider.

EPA is reviewing the drinking water standard for arsenic because of special concerns that it may not be stringent enough. Arsenic is a naturally occurring mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations.

The average household uses approximately 400 gallons of water per day. There are many low cost and no-cost ways to conserve water. Small changes can make a big difference - try one today and soon it will become second nature.

- Take short showers a 5 minute shower uses 4 to 5 gallons of water compared to 50 gallons for a bath.
- Shut off water while brushing your teeth, washing your hair and shaving and save up to 500 gallons a month.
- Use a water-efficient showerhead. They are inexpensive, easy to install and can save you up to 750 gallons a month.
- Run your clothes wash and dishwasher only when they are full. You can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- Water plants only when necessary.
- Fix leaky toilets and faucets. Faucet washers are inexpensive and take only a few minutes to replace. To checks your toilet for a leak, place a few drops of food coloring in the tank and wait. If it seeps into the toilet bowl without flushing, you have a leak. Fixing it or replacing it with a new, more efficient model can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- Adjust sprinklers so only your lawn is watered. Apply water only as fast as the soil can absorb it and during the cooler parts of the day to reduce evaporation.
- Teach your children about water conservation to ensure a future generation that uses water wisely. Make it a family effort to reduce next month's water bill!
- Visit www.epa.gov/watersense for more information.

This report is being published in the paper and will not be mailed. Please call our office if you have any questions.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF WEBSTER

PERSONALLY appeared before me the undersigned authority in and for said County and State, Kelly Thompson, of The Webster Progress-Times, a newspaper printed and published in said County, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the publication of this notice hereto affixed has been made in said newspaper for 1 consecutive week(s), to-wit:

Vol. 96,	No. 23 , on the 09 , day of <u>IUNE</u>	2023
Vol. 96,	No on the day of	2023
Vol. 96,	No, on the, day of	2023

By: Killy B Montpoon (newspaper)

Sworn to and subscribed to this the <u>9th</u> day of <u>Iune</u>, <u>2023</u>, by the undersigned Notary Public of said County and State.

Motary

Commission Empires . February 11, 2026 (SEAL)

Winsion County