

Certification

RECEIVED
MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

2023 JUN 28 PM 9: 29

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use:
Distribution Method I

Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use:
Distribution Method I OR
Distribution Method II, III, and IV

Water system serving less than 500 people must use:
Distribution Method I OR
Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR
Distribution Method III and IV

OFFICE USE ONLY

Public Water Supply name(s):
City of Pearl

7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s):
0610017

Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to our customers)

I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method below:

- *Provided direct Web address to customer
- Hand delivered
- Mail paper copy
- Email

*Add direct Web address (URL) here:

Example: "The current CCR is available at www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf. call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy".

II. Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper.

Date(s) published:
5-24-23

III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request.
List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water bills, newsletter, etc.).

Date(s) notified:

Location distributed:
Website

IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the local water office.
 "Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)

Date:

Locations posted:

Certification

This Community public water system confirms it has distributed its Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and that the information contained in its CCR is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.

Name:
Jake Dunbar

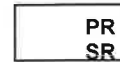
Title:
Mayor

Date:
6/7/23

Submittal

Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.gov regardless of distribution methods used.
1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certification 3. Proof of delivery method(s)

Comcedel



RECEIVED
MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

2023 JUN 28 PM 9: 28

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
City of Pearl
PWS#: 0610017
May 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Contact & Meeting Information

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Matthew Reed at 601.317.7660. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meetings scheduled for the first & third Tuesdays at 6:00 PM at the Pearl City Hall.

Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for our system have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

Period Covered by Report

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

Terms and Abbreviations

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L): picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactive Contaminants								
6. Radium 226 Radium 228	N	2019*	.82 84	.33 - .82 No Range	pCi/L	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2022	.0013	.001 - .0013	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2020/22	0	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2022	.147	.143 - .147	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2020/22	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Unregulated Contaminants								
Sodium	N	2019*	99000	89000 - 99000	ppb	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2022	5.95	4.65 – 5.95	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2022	21.9	14.4 – 21.9	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	Y	2022	1	.8 – 2.2	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

Disinfection By-Products:

Chlorine. Some people who use water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience irritating effects to their eyes and nose. Some people who drink water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience stomach discomfort.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

LEAD INFORMATION

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

FLUORIDE INFORMATION

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", our system is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 12. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 100%. The number of months samples were collected and analyzed in the previous calendar year was 12.

VIOLATIONS

Our system received a monitoring violation for not collecting the proper number of chlorine samples in August of 2022. We were to pull 30 samples and only pulled 28. We have since taken the samples that shows our water is meeting drinking water standards. An additional violation was issued for no collecting Lead and Copper samples between January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. These samples are to be collected in 2023.

AFFIDAVIT

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

RANKIN COUNTY NEWS • P.O. BOX 107 • BRANDON, MS 39043

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY OF RANKIN

THIS 24TH DAY OF MAY, 2023

came Marcus Bowers, publisher of the Rankin County News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in the City of Brandon, In the County of Rankin and State aforesaid, before me the undersigned officer in and for said County and State, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that said newspaper has been published for more than 12 months prior to the first publication of the attached notice and is qualified under Chapter 13-3-31, Laws of Mississippi, 1936, and laws supplementary and amendatory thereto, and that a certain

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
City of Pearl
PWS#: 0610017
May 2023

This year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water you receive every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We make it a priority to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We want you to be confident in the quality of your water.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Matthew Reed at 601.317.7690. We would like to hear from you about your water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meetings scheduled for the City of Pearl at the Pearl City Hall.

Our water is sourced from the Sparta Sand Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report detailing the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and the public. The wells for our system have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

Our water is tested in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our water testing from December 31st, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing with the laws, rules, and regulations.

Contaminants in your drinking water can come from a variety of sources. Some are naturally occurring in the ground or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive substances from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and surface water; inorganic substances, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from agricultural, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including volatile organic compounds, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from household cleaning products, paints, and pesticides; and radon, a radioactive gas that is found in some groundwater. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of various contaminants in public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants in your drinking water does not necessarily mean the water poses a health risk.

Some terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided definitions for some of the most common terms used in this report:

MCL: The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLGs are set as low as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

MCLG: The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected adverse health effects. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MRDL: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that disinfection is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

MRDLG: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected adverse health effects. MRDLGs do not apply to the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

mg/L: milligrams per liter; one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

ppm: parts per million; one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

Bq/L: becquerels per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

TEST RESULTS

Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/MCLG	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Microbial Contaminants						
10/22/22	.02 .04	.03 - .03 No Range	pcfu	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contaminants						
10/22/22	.0013	.001 - .0013	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
10/22/22			ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
10/22/22	.147	.143 - .147	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; waste addition which promotes strong tooth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
10/22/22	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Organic Contaminants						

2022 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT

CITY OF PEARL

a copy of which is hereto attached, was published in said newspaper One (1) week, as follows, to-wit:

Vol 175 No. 46 on the 24th day of May, 2023

Marcus Bowers
MARCUS BOWERS, Publisher

Sworn to and subscribed before me by the aforementioned Marcus Bowers this 24th day of May, 2023

Frances Conger, Notary Public
FRANCES CONGER
My Commission Expires: January 25, 2026

PRINTER'S FEE:

3 column by 13.5 inch ad at \$10 per column inch..... \$405.00

Proof of Publication..... 3.00

TOTAL..... \$408.00



2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
City of Pearl
PWS# 0610017
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17. Lead	N	2020/22	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Unregulated Contaminants								
Sodium	N	2019*	89000	89000 - 99000	ppb	0	0	Rock Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products								
B1. HAAS	N	2022	5.05	4.69 - 5.95	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
B2. THM5 (Total Trihalomethanes)	N	2022	21.9	14.4 - 21.9	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	Y	2022	1	.8 - 2.2	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

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came Marcus Bowers, published a weekly newspaper printed and published in Rankin and State counties, and for said County and State, who had said newspaper has been published the first publication of the attached Mississippi Code, 13-3-31, Laws of Mississippi, 1936, and thereto, and that a certain

2022 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER

CITY OF PEARL

a copy of which is hereto attached, with (1) week, as follows, to-wit:

Vol 175 No. 46 on the 24th day of

Marcus Bowers
 MARCUS BOWERS, Publisher

Sworn to and subscribed before me by Marcus Bowers this 24th day of May, 2023

Frances Conger
 FRANCES CONGER
 My Commission Expires

PRINTER'S FEE:

3 column by 13.5 inch ad at \$10 per column.

Proof of Publication

TOTAL



Teresa Wilson

From: SYSTEM_GENERATED@usps.gov
Sent: Wednesday, May 31, 2023 4:01 PM
To: Teresa Wilson
Subject: Receipt for postage statement 547448280

CAUTION: This email originated from an external source. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Company Detail	
Company Name	CITY OF PEARL
Address	PO BOX 54195 PEARL, 39288 -4195
Contact Name	ALETHA WHITE
Phone Number	(601)932-3521
Profit Indicator	
PS Form 3607R - Mailing Transaction Receipt	
Account Holder Account Number	1571262
Account Holder Permit Number	229
Account Holder Permit Type	PI
Account Holder CRID	3802983
Post Office of Permit	JACKSON MS 39201-9650
Post Office of Mailing	JACKSON MS 39201-9650
Post Office of Permit Cost Center	2737830015
Post Office of Mailing Cost Center	2737830015
Mailing Agent Name	DALLAS PRINTING
Mailing Agent CRID	2447520
Mail Owner Name	CITY OF PEARL
Mail Owner CRID	3802983
JOB ID	cop0531
Customer Reference ID	City of Pearl Job91040
CAPS Transaction Number	
Class of Mail	USPS Marketing Mail
Processing Category	Letters
Postage Statement ID	547448280
Mailing Group ID	414074686
Mailer's Mailing Date	05/31/2023
Total Pieces	9,958 pcs.
Weight of a single-piece	0.0406 lbs.
Total Weight	404.2948 lbs.
Total Number of Containers	18
Total Adjusted Postage	\$2,749.93
Payment Date and Time	05/31/2023 16:00 CST
Payment Transaction Number	202315116005828M1
Mailer Figures Adjusted?	

Person authorizing adjustment	
Name	
Phone Number	
Accepted at	BMEU JACKSON
Acceptance Site Mailer ID	
Clerk Initials	SS1
Mail Arrival Date and Time	05/31/2023 16:00 CST

If you no longer wish to receive emails from Self Service Terminal, please click on the 'Unsubscribe' link below:

[Unsubscribe](#)

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
SERVICE ADDRESS		
CURRENT	METER READINGS PREVIOUS	USED
CHARGES FOR SERVICES		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
CITY OF PEARL
 P.O. BOX 54195
 PEARL, MS 39288-4195
 PH: 601-932-3520

FIRST-CLASS MAIL
 AUTO
 U.S. POSTAGE PAID
 JACKSON, MS
 PERMIT NO. 229

ACCOUNT NO.	DUE DATE	AMOUNT DUE

RETURN THIS PORTION WITH MAIL PAYMENT.
 BRING ENTIRE BILL WHEN PAYING IN PERSON.
 RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

**View corrected 2022 CCR@
<https://www.cityofpearl.com>**
 SEE IMPORTANT NOTICE ON BACK OF BILL

City's main pg.

THE CITY'S SOLID WASTE CREWS PICK UP LIMB AND LEAF COLLECTION WILL BE DONE WEEKLY BY DISTRICT FROM EAST TO WEST, WEATHER PERMITTING. LOOSE LEAVES AND GRASS CLIPPINGS SHOULD BE BAGGED AND SET OUT FOR YOUR NORMAL GARBAGE PICKUP. FURNITURE AND APPLIANCES SHOULD BE TAKEN TO THE LANDFILL. LANDFILL HOURS ARE:

MON. - FRI. 7 AM TO 4 PM (LUNCH 12 PM - 1 PM)
 SAT. 7 AM TO 12 PM
 CLOSED SUNDAY

THE CITY AND WASTE MANAGEMENT WILL NOT PICK UP DEBRIS FROM CONSTRUCTION, REMODELING, REPAIR OR DEMOLITION ON HOMES, BUILDINGS, OR OTHER STRUCTURES. THIS INCLUDES ROOFING MATERIALS, LANDSCAPE MATERIALS, TREE REMOVAL, BRICKS, CONCRETE, FENCING MATERIAL, DIRT, TIRES, ETC. THE HOMEOWNER WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DISPOSAL OF SUCH DEBRIS. SOME ITEMS MAY BE TAKEN TO THE PEARL COMPACTOR. TIRES, FUEL CONTAINERS, FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, LIMBS, PAINT AND COMPUTERS MAY NOT BE DUMPED AT THE LANDFILL. PLEASE CALL 601-932-9222 FOR RATES.

TIMELY PAYMENT OF YOUR UTILITY BILL IS IMPORTANT. IF FULL PAYMENT IS NOT RECEIVED ON OR BEFORE THE 17TH, THE ACCOUNT SHALL BE DELINQUENT AND CHARGED ACCORDINGLY. IN ADDITION THE CITY MAY, WITHOUT ADDITIONAL NOTICE, CUT OFF AND DISCONTINUE UTILITY SERVICE AFTER THE 25TH OF EACH MONTH. UNTIL ALL OUTSTANDING CHARGES ARE PAID IN FULL. YOU WILL NOT RECEIVE ANY OTHER NOTICE OF TERMINATION AND A RECONNECT FEE SHALL APPLY.

**PROOF OF PUBLICATION
THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY OF JONES
1st & 2nd Judicial District**

PERSONALLY appeared before me, the undersigned notary public in and for Jones County, Mississippi, the Legal/Classifieds Manager of The Laurel Leader-Call, a Newspaper as defined and prescribed in, Section 13-3-31 of the Mississippi Code 1972, as amended, who, being duly sworn, states that the notice, a true copy of which is hereto attached, appeared in the issues of said newspaper as follows:


** See attached **

On the 8 day of June 2023

On the _____ day of _____ 2023

On the _____ day of _____ 2023

On the _____ day of _____ 2023



Affiant

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this 8 day of June, A.D., 2023.



Notary Public

