Certification

MSDH-WATER SUPPLY 2023 JUN 22 AM 8: 13

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use: Distribution Method I	2023 JUN 22 AM 8: 13			
Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV				
Water system serving less than 500 people must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR Distribution Method III and IV	OFFICE USE ONLY			
Distribution Wethod III and IV	OFFICE USE ONL I			
Public Water Supply name(s):	7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s):			
MI Dlivet Hill Water Ussoc.	0540013			
Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to ou				
☐ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method b ☐ *Provided direct Web address to customer		OT \ hara		
Hand delivered	*Add direct Web address (URL) here:			
Mail paper copy 6/23/20 23	Example: "The current CCR is available at			
□ Email	www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf.			
W. D. H. H. J. J. COD.: 4. J. J.	call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy".			
□ II. Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper.	Date(s) published:			
□ III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request.	Date(s) notified:			
List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water bills, newsletter, etc.).	Location distributed:	X-11		
□ IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the	Date:			
local water office. Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)	Locations posted:			
Certification	19 A LONG TO SERVICE CONTRACTOR	The state of the s		
This Community public water system confirms it has distributed if and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and the consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submit Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.	hat the information contained	in its CCR is correct and		
Name:	Title:	Date:		
V Adut Button	BOARD PRESIDENT	4-15-2023		
Submittal				
Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.gov 1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certification				

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality ReportRECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY PWS ID # MS 0540013 June 7, 2023

2023 JUN 14 PM 2: 30

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is two wells, drawing from the Tallahatta Formation Aquifer.

Our source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination. This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Don Phelps at 662-609-2509. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on first Monday of each month at 7:00 p.m. at the Mt.Olivet Fire Department.

Mt.Olivet Water Association Water System routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, **2022**

As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology."

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Parts per million (ppm) - Milligrams per liter (mg/L).

Parts per billion (ppb) – Micrograms per liter (ug/L).

				TEST	RESUL	TS		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N			Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG or MRDG	MCL or MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
	(There is	s convinci	ing evider	Disinfectants & nee that addition of a dis	Disinfection	By-Product	ts control of m	icrobial contaminants.)
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)		2022	1.20	0.70—1.60	Ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
		-		Inorga	nic Contamina	ants		
Barium	N	*2019	0.016	No-Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Cyanide	N	*2019	0.018	No-range	Ррш	2	2	Discharge of mining processes, organic chemical industries, iron and steel plants or manufactures, and publicly owned wastewater treatment facilities
Copper	N	2022	0.3	No Exceeding MCL/ACL	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Fluoride	N	* 2019	0.1	No-Range	Ppm	4.0	4.0	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Lead	N	2022	1.0	No Exceeding MCL/ACL	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
	,0,		8	Unregula	ted Contam	inants		
Sodium	N	*2019	3,000	No-Range	Ppb	250,000	250,000	Road salt, Water treatment chemicals, Water softeners, and Sewage effluents

^{*}Most recent sample. No sample was required in 2022

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Mt. Olivet Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.