

RECEIVED
MSDH-WATER SUPPLY
2023 JUN 29 PM 3:19

Certification

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use:
Distribution Method I

Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use:
Distribution Method I OR
Distribution Method II, III, and IV

Water system serving less than 500 people must use:
Distribution Method I OR
Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR
Distribution Method III and IV

OFFICE USE ONLY

Public Water Supply name(s):
Shugualak - Butler Water Assoc.

7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s):
00520024

Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to our customers)

I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method below:

- *Provided direct Web address to customer
- Hand delivered
- Mail paper copy
- Email

*Add direct Web address (URL) here:

Example: *The current CCR is available at
www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf
call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy*

II. Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper.

Date(s) published:
06/28/2023

III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request.

Date(s) notified:
06/28/2023

List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water bills, newsletter, etc.)

Location distributed:
Newspaper

IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the local water office.

Date: *06/28/2023*

"Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)

Locations posted:
Public Library

Certification

This Community public water system confirms it has distributed its Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and that the information contained in its CCR is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule

Name:
Betty B. Higginbotham

Title:
Sec. Treas.

Date:
06/28/2023

Submittal

Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.gov regardless of distribution methods used

1. CCR (Water Quality Report)
2. Certification
3. Proof of delivery method(s)

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Shuqualak Butler Water Association
PWS#: 520024
June 2023

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MSDH-WATER SUPPLY
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We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

About Our System

Improvements to the system include purchasing and installing new service pumps at pumping station. Rate increase is scheduled for late summer 2023. All board members have been to training. The president and vice president have completed the advanced training.

Contact & Meeting Information

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Thomas Hindman at 662.803.0276. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Thursday of the month at 5:30 PM at City Hall.

Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Massive Sand Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Shuqualak Butler Water Association have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

Period Covered by Report

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

Terms and Abbreviations

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL) : The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
8. Arsenic	N	2022	5.8	No Range	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2022	.138	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2022	.7	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2022	.271	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Unregulated Contaminants								
Sodium	N	2022	134	No Range	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2022	13.9	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2022	1.2	1 – 1.3	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

Unregulated Contaminants:

Sodium. EPA recommends that drinking water sodium not exceed 20 milligrams per liter (mg/L). Excess sodium from salt in the diet increases the risk of high blood pressure and cardiovascular disease.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

LEAD INFORMATION

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

VIOLATIONS

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Shuqualak Butler Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

legal notices

IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF NOXUBEE COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI
 IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF ELSIE RUTH KING, DECEASED
 NO. 2023-2027-PDE
 SUSAN KING CHANCELLOR, EXECUTOR

NOTICE TO EXECUTORS

Letters Testamentary have been granted and issued to Susan King, Chancellor, Executor of the Estate of Elsie Ruth King, deceased, by the Chancery Court of Noxubee County, Mississippi, on the 15th day of June, 2023. Due to grave notice to all persons having claims against the estate to produce and register same with the Chancery Clerk of Noxubee County, Mississippi, within ninety (90) days from the date of first publication of this notice, a further notice is hereby given that the claim will forever bar the same.

THIS the 13th day of June, 2023.
 Estate of Elsie Ruth King
 By Susan King Chancellor
 Susan King Chancellor, Executor

OF COUNSEL:

John W. Crowell (MSB 7936)
 Crowell O'Leary & Gossett, PLLC
 Post Office Box 1927
 Columbus, MS 39703
 PHONE: (662) 243-7308
 FAX: (662) 243-7300
 www.crowelloleary.com

10-310/161

TOWN OF BROOKSVILLE

SECTION 500 NOTICE OF ADVERTISEMENT

Sealed bids will be received by the Town of Brooksville, Mayor & Board of Aldermen of Brooksville, Mississippi, at the City Hall, Brooksville, MS until 5pm on the 27th day of July 2023 and opened on the 19th of August 2023 at 5:30 p.m. for the construction of D. S. S. T. surface and/or repave on various city streets. Principal items of work include:

This is a Term Bid Form for Town of Brooksville, Mississippi. It begins at the date of acceptance and ends December 1, 2023.

1. Double Bituminous Surface Treatment (DBST) and/or placing DBST on sidewalks located in the city limits of Brooksville, Mississippi. Liquid Asphalt for both types shall be CRS-2. The crushed limestone for the first layer shall be sized #5 to #10. The second layer shall be sized #7 to #10, whichever is designated by the owner. Application rates are to be as specified in Section 5-110 of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for State Aid Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition.
- a. Contractor furnishes all labor and materials including mix, shape and compact prior to paving. per square yard
- b. Contractor furnishes all labor and materials for paving. City furnish mix, shape and compact prior to paving. per square yard
3. Resurfacing City Streets in Brooksville, MS. The Liquid Asphalt shall be CRS-2P and crushed limestone size shall be #7 or #10, whichever is required by the owner. Application rates are to be as specified in Section 5-110 of the Mississippi Standard Specifications for State Aid Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition.

BASE OF AWARD

The award, if made, will be made to the lowest and/or best qualified bidder on the basis of bid prices and quantities in the contract documents. Actual work quantities performed shall be based on availability of local funds. The roads proposed to be paved will be identified upon final plans.

The Town of Brooksville Mayor & Board of Aldermen hereby notifies all bidders that it will not be responsible for any proposed or intended use of the advertisement or any material, business enterprise, or other activity that is advertised or intended to be advertised in this publication and will not be held responsible for any violation of the provisions of this notice.

This project shall be constructed in accordance with the latest publications of the MISSISSIPPI STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR STATE AID ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION.

Bidders are hereby notified that any proposal accompanied by letters qualifying in any manner, the condition under which the proposal is intended will be considered an irregular bid and such proposal will not be considered in making the award. The Town of Brooksville Mayor & Board of Aldermen reserves the right to accept or reject any and/or all bids and to waive irregularities.

(Elsie Ruth King)

Elsie Ruth King, Mayor
 Town of Brooksville Mayor & Board of Aldermen
 11-210/459

LEGAL NOTICE MAP MAINTENANCE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS NOXUBEE COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

Notices are hereby given that the Board of Supervisors of Noxubee County, Mississippi will receive sealed bids until 10:00 A.M. on Friday, July 7, 2023 at the Board of Supervisors located at the County Courthouse for the following professional services under the direction of the County Tax Assessor:

1. The Contractor shall update all ownership maps to reflect changes due to calls, right-of-way changes, recorded subdivision plats, name changes, and County defined corrections for the 2022 and 2023.
2. The County has both AutoCAD and ArcGIS digital mapping files. Both files are to be updated in a manner consistent with existing layers attributes.
3. The Contractor will create and deliver to the Tax Assessor's Office a change form identifying the type of change and other pertinent mapping data including owner's name, address, deed date and reference, and legal description. Applications software is to be provided that electronically updates the user and all ownership information and interfaces with Delta Computer Systems, the county's CAMA vendor. Any costs associated with Delta should be included with the bid.
4. Current tax parcels are to be included on all parcels on new parcel plats and current parcels.
5. Work shall be delivered periodically as completed with an overall completion date of March 31, 2024.
6. The Contractor must be capable of responding to the courthouse within two (2) hours to meet with the Assessor and/or taxpayers to discuss emergency-type situations.
7. At the completion of map maintenance, the Contractor shall provide one set of hard-copy paper map prints.
8. A need log shall be provided as required by the Mississippi Department of Revenue.
9. All work must meet or exceed the requirements of the Mississippi Department of Revenue.
10. Personnel involved in maintaining the maps shall be familiar with all cadastral mapping procedures and possess a minimum of ten (10) years' experience. The project supervisor and personnel involved shall be named and included on the bid. Resumes should also be included.
11. The Contractor shall have completed a minimum of three (3) annual map maintenance projects in Mississippi. A detailed client list of these projects and all other cadastral mapping experience should be included with the bid.
12. All work will be performed under the guidance and direction of the Tax Assessor.

Noxubee County reserves the right to reject any and all proposals and to re-advertise for proposals at its discretion.

Proposals may be made in person or by mailing to:
 Noxubee County Board of Supervisors
 P. O. Box 147
 Macon, MS 39341

Outside of envelope should be marked "Mapping Contract Proposal"
 10-210/440



2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Shuquak Butler Water Association PWS# 520024 June 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continuously improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

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As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or other human activity, industrial or domestic, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife. Inorganic chemicals, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming. Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff and residential uses; organic chemicals, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

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Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRL) The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or milligrams per liter (mg/L) one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample

Parts per million (ppm) or milligrams per liter (mg/L) one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample

Contaminant	Violation Yr	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or of Samples Exceeding MCL(MCLG)	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	AL	MRDLG	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants										
2 Arsenic	N	2/22	5.5	No Range	ppb	na	na	10		Erosion of natural deposits, runoff from agriculture, runoff from gas and electronics in electronic wastes.
10 Barium	N	2/22	130	No Range	ppm	2	2			Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits.
13 Chromium	N	2/22	3	No Range	ppm	100	100			Discharge from steel and pulp mills, erosion of natural deposits.
14 Copper	N	2/18/20	1	0	ppm	1.3	AL-1			Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits, leaching from some preservatives.
16 Fluoride	N	2/22	271	No Range	ppm	4	4			Erosion of natural deposits, water additive which promotes strong teeth, discharge from fertilizer and aluminum plants.
17 Lead	N	2/18/20	2	0	ppb	0	AL-15			Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits.
Unregulated Contaminants										
Sulfur	N	2/22	134	No Range	ppm	20	0			Aged Salt Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products										
81 HAA5	N	2/22	13.3	No Range	ppm	0	0	0.2		By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2/22	1.2	1-1.3	mg/L	0	MRLG, 4.4			Water additive used to control microbes.

* Most recent sample for sample required for 2022.

Unregulated Contaminants: Notice: EPA recommends that drinking water contain 30 milligrams per liter (mg/L) of chlorine. Excess chlorine from water does not improve the risk of high blood pressure and cardiovascular disease.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems comply all monitoring requirements, MSOEH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

LEAD INFORMATION

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead/>. The Mississippi State Department of Health, Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601-576-7382 if you wish to have your water tested.

VIOLATIONS

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Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with certain underlying conditions, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4751.

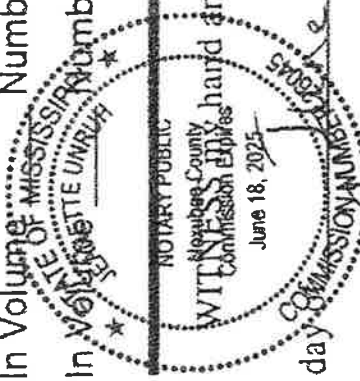
The Shuquak Butler Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Proof of Publication

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI. NOXUBEE COUNTY.
IN CHANCERY COURT.

BEFORE ME, in and for said county, this day personally came R. Scott Boyd, THE MACON BEACON, a newspaper published in the City of Macon, of said county and state, who, being duly sworn, deposeseth and says that the publication of a certain notice, a true copy of which is hereto affixed, has been made for 1 weeks consecutively, to wit:

- In Volume 115 Number 11 Dated June 29, 2023
- In Volume _____ Number _____ Dated _____
- In Volume _____ Number _____ Dated _____
- In Volume _____ Number _____ Dated _____
- In Volume _____ Number _____ Dated _____
- In Volume _____ Number _____ Dated _____
- In Volume _____ Number _____ Dated _____



WITNESSE my hand and seal of office, this the 28 day of June, A.D., 20 23

R. Scott Boyd

By *Janetha...*

Printer's Fee \$ _____ Proof of Publication 3 Total \$ _____