# Certification

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use: Distribution Method I Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use: Distribution Method I OR BUREAU OF PUBLIC Distribution Method II, III, and IV Water system serving less than 500 people must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR Distribution Method III and IV OFFICE USE ONLY Public Water Supply name(s): 7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s): North Decatur Water 0510012 Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to our customers) □ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method below: □ \*Provided direct Web address to customer \*Add direct Web address (URL) here: □ Hand delivered □ Mail paper copy Example: "The current CCR is available at □ Email www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf. call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy". ■ II. Published the complete CCR in the local Date(s) published: newspaper. may 31, 2023 Jun 7, 2023
Date(s) notified: □ III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request. List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water Location distributed: bills, newsletter, etc.). □ IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the Date: local water office. Locations posted: □ "Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.) Certification This Community public water system confirms it has distributed its Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and that the information contained in its CCR is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule. Name: Date: Stuart W. Smith Asst Office Mgf 6-30-23 Submittal Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.gov regardless of distribution methods used. 1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certification 3. Proof of delivery method(s)

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### 2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report North Decatur Water Association PWS#: 0510012 May 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

#### **Contact & Meeting Information**

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Stuart Smith at 601.635.2319. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Tuesday of each month at 5:00 PM at 25 Little Rock Decatur Rd.

#### Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Wilcox Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the North Decatur Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

#### **Period Covered by Report**

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

#### **Terms and Abbreviations**

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

<u>Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)</u>: The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)</u>: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)</u>: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

				TEST R	RESULI	S			
Contaminant	Violatio n Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination	
Inorganie	c Conta	aminan	ts						
10. Barium	N	2020*	.0097	.00940097	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits	
13. Chromium	N	2020*	.6	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	
15. Cyanide	N	2021*	22.6	No Range	ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories	
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits	
20. Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	N	2022	.0227	No Range	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	
22. Thallium	N	2020*	.6	.56	ppb	0.5	2	Leaching from ore-processing sites; discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories	
Unregula	ted Co	ntamir	iants						
Sodium	N	2022	46.4	46 – 46.4	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.	
Disinfect	ion By	-Produ	cts			N			
81. HAA5	N	2022	4.66	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.	
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2022	3.92	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N	2022	1	.42 - 2	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes	

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

Sodium. EPA recommends that drinking water sodium not exceed 20 milligrams per liter (mg/L). Excess sodium from salt in the diet increases the risk of high blood pressure and cardiovascular disease.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

#### **LEAD INFORMATION**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

#### **VIOLATIONS**

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

#### **UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS**

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The North Decatur Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

# PROOF OF PUBLICATION

## STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF NEWTON

Personally came before me the undersigned authority, in and for the County and State aforesaid Brent Maze, who being by me duly sworn, states on oath that he is the Publisher of *The Newton County Appeal*, a newspaper published in Newton County, Mississippi. A copy of which is hereto attached, has

inpear, a new spaper paorisite	d in Newton County, Mi	ississippi. A ce	opy of which is hereto	attached, has
been made in said paper 2	times consecutive	ely, to-wit:		•
	Vol. No. 114	No.44	Date_5/31	,20_23_
For:	Vol. No. 114	No.45	Date 6/7	,20_23_
North Decatur	Vol. No	No	_ Date	,20
Water Association	Vol. No	No	Date	,20
	Vol. No	No.	Date	20
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			12-inch display/	1,344 words
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			TOTAL:	503.88

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Inorgan	ic Cont	aminar	its				-	
10, Sarium	N	2020*	.ņc.67	£504 × £0047	pam	2	2	Distribuge of deliving weeken the cargo from metal references; a second factors deposits
13, Chesystem		2070"	.6	No Raige	geb	100	100	
14, Copper	N	2018/201	2	0	ppm	1,3	AL=1.3	Control of the interest of grant of a grant of the control of the control of grant of the control of grant of the control of grant of gran
15. Cymride	N	2021*	22,6	No Range	לקק	200	250	
17, Load	N	20 mm 29"	3	0	£bp.	0	AL=15	Comparing of household planning
20 Nove (se Novem)	N	2012	.0227	No Raige	p;m	1	10	Runoff from for little runor landling from storic tanks, some per provincial natural departs
22. Thallism	N	2025"	-6	.56	ppb	0,6	2	Landing from one provincing sites; discharge from pleat-tokes, glass, and does for horizon.
Unregula	ated Co	ntamir	ants			-		
Setion	8	1.72	25.4	40 - 45.4	ppm	20	0	Prof Saft, Wellet Tree Incoll Other cale, Water 9 there's and Shield of Stitute 12
Disinfect	ion By-	Produ	cts					
11, FULAS	N	2022	6,55	No Saliuc	рую	D	60	Sp. Footen's of Shinking words of the York
iz TTHM Test	N	22.22	E.92	No Rejus	ppb	0	80	
Hooking.	N	2022	1	42 - 2	Perm.	0	MCRL = 4	Water additive used to spetial into obes

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Publish Dates: May 31