RECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY 2023 JUN 23 PM 1: 30

Certification

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use:	200 0011 20 111 1:30
Distribution Method I	
Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use:	
Distribution Method I OR	
Distribution Method II, III, and IV	
Water system serving less than 500 people must use:	
Distribution Method I OR	
Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR	
Distribution Method III and IV	OFFICE USE ONLY
Public Water Supply name(s):	7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s):
Big Black - Way Rol.	0450003
Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to ou	r customers)
▼ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method b	
	*Add direct Web address (URL) here:
□ Hand delivered	https://bit.ly/WART 2022 Example: "The current CCR is available at
□ Mail paper copy	
□ Email	www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf. call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy".
WWW, CMU, COM	Date(s) published:
□ II. Published the complete CCR in the local	Date(s) phonshed.
newspaper.	
# III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed	Date(s) notified:
but is available upon request.	06/23/23
List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water	06/23/23 Location distributed:
bills, newsletter, etc.). Message in Bills	200mon dioxidated,
□ IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the	Date:
local water office.	Locations posted:
"Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with	
the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)	L
Certification	
This Community public water system confirms it has distributed	
and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and t	hat the information contained in its CCR is correct and
consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously subm Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.	litted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of
Name:	Title: Date:
Claudie Steen	operator 90/23/23
Submittal	
Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.go	v regardless of distribution methods used.
1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certifica	

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Canton Municipal Utilities/ Big Black – Way Road PWS#: 0450003 May 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Contact & Meeting Information

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Claudie Steen at 601,859,2474,

Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the CMU- Way Road Water System have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

Period Covered by Report

We roulinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

Terms and Abbreviations

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

<u>Meximum Contaminant Level (MCL)</u>. The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)</u>: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)</u>: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

				TEST RESU	ILTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorgani	c Contan	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2022	,0073	.00380073	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	,3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2022	.329	.327 – .329	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; wate additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer ar aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	9	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumblng systems, erosion of natural deposits
Unregula	ted Con	taminan	ts					
Sodium	N	2022	196	156 - 196	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfect	ion By-P	roducts						
81. HAA5	N	2022	55	23.8 – 91.3	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82, TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2022	49	36.1 – 59.7	bbp	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	Υ	2022	1.3	,6 – 1,96	mg/l	0	MRDL =	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022

Sodium. EPA recommends that drinking water sodium not exceed 20 milligrams per liter (mg/L). Excess sodium from salt in the diet increases the risk of high blood pressure and cardiovascular disease.

Disinfection By-Products:

Chlorine. Some people who use water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience irritating effects to their eyes and nose. Some people who drink water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience stomach discomfort.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring regularements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compilance period.

LEAD INFORMATION

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippl State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

VIOLATIONS

Our system received a Chlorine Monitoring violation during August 2022. We were required to take 1 sample and results show that we took none. This violation was due to a failure to record the Free Chlorine residual on the sample sheet at the time the sample was taken. Although it was not on the sample sheet, it was analyzed by the MSDH to be Total Coliform Absent. In the future, all forms will be inspected thoroughly before being turned in to the MSDH.

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, Inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water,

may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1,800,426,4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other Immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Canton Municipal Utilities - Way Road works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.



CANTON MUNICIPAL UTILITIES P.O. BOX 114 CANTON, MISSISSIPPI 39046-0114 601-859-2921

THIS OFFICE NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR BILL. OR PAYMENT LOST IN THE MAIL.

CUSTOMER ACCT. NO:	206058-108962
CUSTOMER NAME:	COMCAST
SERVICE ADDRESS:	401 W DINKINS ST
BILL DATE:	07/01/2023
DAYS BILLED:	31
AMOUNT DUE BY 18TH:	\$25.82
LATE CHARGES:	\$1.29
AMOUNT DUE AFTER 18TH:	\$27.11



SERVICE	METER NO.	CURRENT READING	PREVIOUS READING	MULT	USAGE	AMOUNT
METER READING DATES		06/01/2023	05/01/2023			
ELECTRIC KILOWATT HOURS EL Fuel Adjt No Charge SALES TAX	E33650020	36630	36460	1.0	170	\$24.13 \$0.00 \$1.69
CURRENT MONTH CHARGES						\$25.82
PAST DUE						\$0.00
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE						\$25.82
PAID BY BANK DRAFT						

MESSAGES

Important Information about your CMU drinking water is available in the 2022
Consumer Confidence Report at:
https://bit.ly/WQRPT2022 or www.cmu.com
You may request a hard copy from the business office located at
127 W. Peace Street or by calling 601-859-2921.

COMPARE YOUR USAGE

PERIOD	DAYS	ELEC KWH	GAS CCF	WATER GAL OR CCF
CURRENT	31	170	0	0
LAST MONTH	30	160	0	0
YEAR AGO	31	200	0	0

PLEASE DETACH AND RETURN THE PORTION BELOW WITH YOUR PAYMENT



CUSTOMER ACCOUNT NO:	206058-108962
BILL DATE:	07/01/2023
AMOUNT DUE BY 18TH:	\$25.82
LATE CHARGES:	\$1.29
AMOUNT DUE AFTER 18TH:	\$27.11
AMOUNT ENCLOSED:	BANK DRAFT

<u>վիլիդինիկ-ըմուսվիիսիյրհ Ոիսհրհներբորիրը/կրի</u>

CANTON MUNICIPAL UTILITIES P.O. BOX 114
Canton MS 39046-0114

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