Certification

Distribution Method I

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use:

| Water systems serving 500 - 9.999 must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Water system serving less than 500 people must use: Distribution Method I OR | | | | | | |
| Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR | | | | | | |
| Distribution Method III and IV | OFFICE USE ONLY | | | | | |
| Public Water Supply name(s): | 7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s): | | | | | |
| Tallahala Water Association | 0310001, 0310016, 0310019 | | | | | |
| Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to ou | | | | | | |
| ☐ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method b | | | | | | |
| □ *Provided direct Web address to customer □ Hand delivered | *Add direct Web address (URL) here: | | | | | |
| □ Mail paper copy | Example: "The current CCR is available at | | | | | |
| □ Email | www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf. | | | | | |
| Z | call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy", | | | | | |
| ☑II. Published the complete CCR in the local | Date(s) published: | | | | | |
| newspaper. | June 842 2023 | | | | | |
| III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed | Date(s) notified: | | | | | |
| but is available upon request. | 00011204000 | | | | | |
| List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water | Wad 30-# 9053 | | | | | |
| bills, newsletter, etc.). | Location distributed: | | | | | |
| | Newspaper and Bills | | | | | |
| IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the | 0.2.49-92 | | | | | |
| local water office. | Locations posted: | | | | | |
| "Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.) | Bulletin Board at | | | | | |
| | Water office | | | | | |
| Certification | | | | | | |
| This Community public water system confirms it has distributed if and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and the system of the syst | hat the information contained in its CCR is correct and | | | | | |
| consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously subm Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule. | intent to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of | | | | | |
| Name: | Title: Date: | | | | | |
| Mach Lee | Mangor 6-19-23 | | | | | |
| Submittal | | | | | | |
| Email the following required items to water reports@msdh.ms.gov | | | | | | |
| 1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certificat | ion 3. Proof of delivery method(s) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

2022 Annual Drinking Water Consumer Confidence Report Tallahala Water Association PWS ID # 0310001, 0310016, 0310019

Report Completed on May 12, 2023

We're pleased to present to you your 2022 Annual Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Sources of Water

Our water source consists of 12 wells that draw from the Sparta, Meridian Upper Wilcox, and the Forest Hill Aquifers.

Water System Information

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. Our water supply received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

Tallahala Water Association does monthly water samples to insure safe drinking water to all of our customers. We have a SCADA system that helps monitor the wells and notifies the operator of anything going on with the wells. We maintain over 600 miles of water line for parts of 5 different counties. We strive to have the best quality drinking water for our customers.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mack Lee at 601-764-2655. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the 2nd Tuesday of each month at 172 Georgia Pacific Road at 5:00 pm.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31, 2022. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

Tallahala Water Association - Antioch PWS # 0310001

| | | | CONTA | MINANT | TABL | \mathbf{E} | |
|--|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|------|---|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | MCLG | MCL | Major Sources in Drinking Water |
| Radioactive | e Contan | ninants | | | | | |
| 7. Alpha emitters | N | 2018* | 3,0 pCi/L | No Range | 0 | 15 | Erosion of natural deposits |
| Inorganic (| Contamir | ants | | , | | *************************************** | |
| 13. Barium | И | 2022 | 0.0407 ppm | 0.0024 to 0.0407 | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 21. Copper | N | 1/1/19 to 12/31/21* | 0.3 ppm | None | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits |
| 23. Fluoride | Й | 2022 | 0.264 ppm | 0.1 to 0.264 | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| 24. Lead | И | 1/1/19 to 12/31/21* | 2.0 ppb | None | 0 | AL≐15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Volatile Or | ganic Co | ntamina | nts | | | | |
| 63. Carbon tetrachloride | N | 2022 | 0.597 ppb | 0.5 to 0.597 | 0 | 5 | Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities |
| 82. Xylenes | N | 2022 | 0.001091 ppm | 0.0005 to 0.001091 | 10 | 10 | Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories |
| Disinfectant | s & Disir | ifectant B | y-Products | | | | |
| 83. Chlorine | N | 2022 | 2.10 ppm | 1.00 to 3.30 | 4 | 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |
| 84. Haloacetic Acids HAA5 | N | 2022 | 1.03 ppb | No Range | 0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water disinfection |
| 85. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2022 | 4.5 ppb | No Range | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water disinfection |

* Most recent sample results available

| | UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | MCLG | MCL | Major Sources in Drinking Water | | | | |
| Sodium | N | 2022 | 60480 ppb | 25700 to 89700 | 0 | 250000 | Road salt, water treatment chemicals, water softeners and sewage effluents | | | | |

Explanation of Reasons for Monitoring Unregulated Contaminants

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulation is warranted.

Compliance with National Primary Drinking Water Regulations

Annual Report Violation

This public water system received a violation for not submitting a 2022 Annual Report. The report was completed, and this system was returned as compliant.

Tallahala Water Association - Garlandsville PWS # 0310016

| | | | CONTA | AMINANT | TABL | E | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|------|--------|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | MCLG | MCL | Major Sources in Drinking Water |
| Inorganic (| Contamir | ants | | | | | |
| 13. Barium | И | 2022 | 0.0445 ppm | 0.0251 to 0.0445 | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 21. Copper | N | 1/1/18 to 12/31/20* | 0.2 ppm | None | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits |
| 24. Lead | И | 1/1/18 to 12/31/20* | 4.0 ppb | None | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Disinfectan | ts & Disi | infectant | By-Produc | cts | | 118 | |
| 83. Chlorine | N | 2022 | 1.80 ppm | 0.70 to 2.70 | 4 | 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |
| 84. Haloacetic Acids HAA5 | N | 2022 | 1.47 ppb | No Range | 0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water disinfection |
| 85. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2022 | 6.2 ppb | No Range | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water disinfection |

* Most recent sample results available

| UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | MCLG | MCL | Major Sources in Drinking Water | | | |
| Sodium | N | 2022 | 23500 ррв | 18900 to 28100 | 0. | 250000 | Road salt, water treatment chemicals, water softeners and sewage effluents | | | |

Explanation of Reasons for Monitoring Unregulated Contaminants

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulation is warranted.

Compliance with National Primary Drinking Water Regulations

Annual Report Violation

This public water system received a violation for not submitting a 2022 Annual Report. The report was completed, and this system was returned as compliant.

Tallahala Water Association - Ted Clear PWS # 0310019

| | | | CONT | AMINANT | TABL | E | |
|--|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|------|--------|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Lcyel Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | MCLG | MCL | Major Sources in Drinking Water |
| Inorganic (| Contamin | ants | | | | | |
| 13. Barium | N | 2022 | 0.011 ppm | No Range | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 21. Copper | И | 1/1/18 to 12/31/20* | 0.2 ppm | None | 1.3 | AL≈1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits |
| 24. Lead | N | 1/1/18 to 12/31/20* | 2.0 ppb | None | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Disinfectan | ts & Disi | nfectant l | By-Produ | cts | | -1- | |
| 83. Chlorine | N | 2022 | 1.80 ppm | 0.50 to 2.60 | 4 | 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |
| 84. Haloacetic Acids HAA5 | N | 2022 | 1.15 ppb | No Range | 0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water disinfection |
| 85. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2022 | 1.86 ppb | No Range | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water disinfection |

* Most recent sample results available

| | UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|------|--------|---|--|--|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL | MCLG | MCL | Major Sources in Drinking Water | | | |
| Sodium | N | 2022 | 84700 ppb | 84500 to 84900 | 0 | 250000 | Road salt, water treatment chemicals, water softeners and sewage effluents | | | |

Explanation of Reasons for Monitoring Unregulated Contaminants

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Compliance with National Primary Drinking Water Regulations Annual Report Violation

This public water system received a violation for not submitting a 2022 Annual Report. The report was completed, and this system was returned as compliant.

Definitions

In the table above you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water, MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

ppb - parts per billion = micrograms per liter (= 1 drop in 1 billion gallons)

nom - parts per million = millionams per liter (= 1 drop in 1 million callons)

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Additional Information

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant you should ask advice from your health care provider.

EPA is reviewing the drinking water standard for arsenic because of special concerns that it may not be stringent enough. Arsenic is a naturally occurring mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations.

The average household uses approximately 400 gallons of water per day. There are many low cost and no-cost ways to conserve water. Small changes can make a big difference - try one today and soon it will become second nature.

- ▶ Take short showers a 5 minute shower uses 4 to 5 gallons of water compared to 50 gallons for a bath.
- ▶ Shut off water while brushing your teeth, washing your hair and shaving and save up to 500 gallons a month.
- ▶ Use a water-efficient showerhead. They are inexpensive, easy to install and can save you up to 750 gallons a month.
- Run your clothes wash and dishwasher only when they are full. You can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- Water plants only when necessary.
- Fix leaky toilets and faucets. Faucet washers are inexpensive and take only a few minutes to replace. To checks your toilet for a leak, place a few drops of food coloring in the tank and wait. If it seeps into the toilet bowl without flushing, you have a leak. Fixing it or replacing it with a new, more efficient model can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- Adjust sprinklers so only your lawn is watered. Apply water only as fast as the soil can absorb it and during the cooler parts of the day to reduce evaporation.
- Teach your children about water conservation to ensure a future generation that uses water wisely. Make it a family effort to reduce next month's water bill!
- Visit www.epa.gov/watersense for more information.

2022 Annual Drinking Water Consumer Confidence Report Tallahala Water Association PWS ID # 0310001, 0310016, 0310019

Report Completed on May 12, 2023

We're pleased to present to you your 2022 Annual Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

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If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mack Lee at 601-764-2655. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the 2nd Tuesday of each mouth at 172 Georgia Pacific Road at 5:00 pm.

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Association - Antioch PWS # 0310001

| allahala Wat | Religion Co. | | CONTA | A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH | IABL | C. | Major Sources in Drinking Water |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--------------------|--------------|---|
| Contaminant | Violation Y;≈ | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Loccolling MCL/AGI | MCTG | MCL | |
| Radioactiv | Contan | inants | | | THE REAL PROPERTY. | 1 8 1 | Parenties of communications atta |
| Alpha | TO SWIE | 9 | N.O pCul | No Page | | | |
| Inorganic (| Contami | ants | MID OF REAL | William To Barbara | 2 | 100000 | Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge |
| 13. Barium | N N | 2022 | 0.0407 ppm | 0.0024 to 0.0467 | | | from metal refineries, erosion of natural |
| | N | 1/1/19 to | , 0.3 ррга | None | 1,3 | AD=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, crosion of natural deposits |
| 21. Coppe | EL CONTRACTOR | 12/31/21* | 0.264 ppin | 0.1 to 0.264 | 4 1 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes arrang teeth; |
| 23. Fluoride | Й | 2022 | 0,264 ppm | | | | discharge from fertilizer and sminimum |
| | 10 Sec. 1999 | | at the polytop | News | 0 | AL-15 | Corresion of household plumbing |
| 24 Cood | 7 | 1/1/19 to | 2.0 pb | Neme | 00000000 | Harming N | systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Volatile O | commic C | ontamina | nts | | T | 1 | Discharge from therrical plants and |
| 63 Cusbon | N | 2023 | 0.397 ppb | 0.510.0.59 | 10 | 10 | other industrial activities |
| tetrachieride 52 Nolenes | N. | 2022 | 0.001/91 ppm | 0,0005 to 0,001091 | | 1 | discharge from chemical sectories |
| Disinfectar | W. Think | nfactant P | v-Products | | 100 | DECEMBER 15 | Water additive used to control microbe |
| Dismiectar | T N | 2022 | 2.10 ppin | 1 00 te 3 tc | | The state of | |
| 83 Chlerine | | 2022 | 1.03 ppb | No Range | 777.0 | 60 | By-product of drinking water disinfection |
| Acids HAAS | 7 | | | Ne Range | wn) | so ' | By product of drinking water |
| 85 TTHM (Tota) | × | 2022 | 4.5 pph | 711 | | | distribution |

te halomethanes 1 Most recent sample results available

| STATE OF THE PARTY. | BEST ROLL | UNE | COLUMN CONTRACTOR | TED CONT | In a west as the state | NICT | Major Sources in Drinking Water |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|------------------------|-----------|---|
| Continuinant | Violation V/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | or # of Samples Secreting ASCLIACT | | | |
| | A | | SON BO contain | 25 (per to 19 204) | 10000 | TH (1000) | Proper and the party sent the personal property |

Explanation of Reasons for Monitoring Unregulated Contaminants
Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulation is warranted.

Compliance with National Primary Drinking Water Regulations

Annual Report Violation

This public water system received a violation for not submitting a 2022 Annual Report. The report was completed, and this system was returned as compliant.

| and the second second | NORSHIELDS | 何为此 经再次产 | CONT | WS # 0310016 AMINANT | Control of the contro | E . | Major Sources in Drinking Water |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|--|----------------|---|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects be # of Samples Exceeding MCLIACT | MCEG | MCI | |
| Charles and Charles | Contamir | ants | | 0.0251 to 0.0445 | 7 7 | 2 | Discharge of drilling waster; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of nature |
| morganic (| | | | | Promotion (pro- | Degree Dealing | from meta, retineries, crosses |
| Inorganic (| N | 2022 | 0.0445 ppm | | | Stell B | Cornelion of household plumbing |

" Most recent sample results available

| | UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|-------|---------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Contaminant | Violation 17N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detroit or # of Sample: Breeeding NGL/ACT | MCLG | MCI | Major Sources in Drinking Water | | | | |
| Red Ministry | | 2041 | 21500 000 | 20900 to 38100 | W 199 | у экжий | Ros Crair, report treatories (bendinks) | | | | |

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Annual Report Violation

This public water system received a violation for not submitting a 2022 Annual Report. The report was completed, and this system was returned as compliant.

Tallabala Water Association - Ted Clear PWS # 0310019

| | | STORY STATES | CONT | AMINANI | TABL | E | |
|--|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|-------|-----------------|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Facebiling of CLACE | MCT G | MCI | Major Sources in Drinking Water |
| Inorganic C | Contamin | ants | A THE RUSE | | | 10070 | |
| 13 Barium | × | 2022 | 0.011 ppm | No Range | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries, erosign of natural deposits |
| 21 Copper | 2. | 1/1/15 to 12/31/20= | 0.2 ppm | None | 1.3 | AL1.3 | Corresion of household plambing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Z4 Lend | N. | 1/1/18 to 12/31/20= | 2.0 ppb | None | e | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Disinfectan | ts & Disi | nfectant | By-Produ | cts | | 1 3 5 5 C 1 5 C | |
| 93. Chlorine | × | 2022 | 1.80 ppm | 0.50 to 2.60 | 4 | 4 | White additive used to control microtics |
| 0-1 Halondetta Acids HAA5 | И | 2022 | 1/15 ppb | NeiRange | σ | GÓ | By product of drinking water disinfection |
| AS TIFIM [Total tribalomethanes] | 7, | 2022 | 1.86 ppb | No Range | . 6 | 80) | By product of drinking water disinfection |

* Most recent sample results available

| UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|------|--------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Densers or # of Samples Unseeding MCLACT | MCLG | MCL | Major Sources in Drinking Water | | | |
| Southern | N | 102.0 | BANKO DIP | #4100 to \$1900 | 9/ | 250000 | Read oil, center to threat change at | | | |

Explanation of Reasons for Monitoring Unregulated Contaminants

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Maximum Containing at Level Goal The "Goal (MCLG) is the level of a committee in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs, allow for a margin of inferty.

pph - parts per billion - micrograms per liter (- 1 drop in 1 billion gallons)

ppm parts per million milligrams per liter (* 1 drop us 1 million gallons)

pCVL picosuries per liter (a measure of sudioactivity)

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young third the serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in draining water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality draining water, but cannot centrol the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hottine or at http://www.cpa.gov/anfewmer/lead. The Mississipply State Department of Health Public Health Labovatory offers lead testing. Please contact 501.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Additional Information
All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or
sman multi-. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemically and radioactive substances. All
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contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not accessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More
information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental
Protection Agency's East Drinking Water Hotline at 1-300-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunicompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemberherupy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HUVAIDS or other immune system disorders, some olderly, and indust can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health our providers. PPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infacts of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infact you should ask advice from your health care provider.

EPA is reviewing the drinking water standard for arsenic because of special concerns that it may not be stringent enough. Arsenic is a naturally occurring mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations.

- The average household uses approximately 400 gallons of water per day. There are many low cost and no cost ways to concerve water. Small changes can make a big difference: up one today and soon it will become second nature.

 Take their thiere.

 Take their thiere with the brushing your teeth, weaking a gallons of water compared to 50 gallons for a bath. Shut off water while brushing your teeth, weaking and sive up to 500 gallons for a bath. The a water efficient showerhead. They are inexpensive, each of surface and sive up to 500 gallons a month.

 Run your clothes wash and dishwasher only when they are full. You can save up to 1,000 gallons a month. Water plants only when necessary.

 Fix leaky to liets and faucers. Faucer washers are inexpensive and take only a few minutes to replace. To check your tolles for a leak, place a few drops of food coloring in the tank and wait. If it seeps into the tollet benul without flushing, you have a leak. Fixing it or replacing it with a new, more efficient model can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- month

 Adjust sprinklers so only your lawn is watered. Apply water only as first as the soil can absorb it and during the cooler parts of the day to reduce evaporation.

 Teach your children about water conservation to ensure a future generation that uses water wisely. Make it a family effort to reduce next month's water bill!

 Visit www.ens.pow/watersmis/for more information.

This report is being published in the paper and will not be mailed. Please call our office if you have any questions.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF JONES

1st & 2nd Judicial District

PERSONALLY appeared before me, the undersigned notary public in and for Jones County, Mississippi, the Legal/Classifieds Manager of The Laurel Leader-Call, a Newspaper as defined and prescribed in, Section 13-3-31 of the Mississippi Code 1972, as amended, who, being duly sworn, states that the notice, a true copy of which is hereto attached, appeared in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

On the _____ day of ______ 2023
On the _____ day of _____ 2023

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this day of ______, A.D., 2023.

Notary Public

NOTARY PUBLIC
Jones County
Commission Expires
February 25, 2026

& See attached *



USPS Generated

Note to Mailer: Your electronic postage statement has been submitted to the USPS PostalOne! system on May 30, 2023 07:58 AM.

The labels and electronic mailing information associated to this form, must match the physical mailing being presented to the USPS® with this form.

Postage Statement ID:

Post Office of Permit:

Mailing Group ID:

Account Holder:

Account Number:

Permit Holder:

Permit Type and Number:

Mail Agent:

Mail Owner Name:

Mail Owner's Permit Type and Number:

CRID:

Customer Reference ID:

Mail Class and Price Eligibility:

Processing Category:

Single Piece Weight Declared by Mailer:

Total Mail Pieces:

Total Weight:

Total Postage Amount:

Permit Account for Insufficient Affixed Postage:

Total Postage Affixed:

Total Postage Due:

Handling Unit:

547233498

Post Office Bay Springs MS 39422-9998

413894430

TALLAHALLA WATER ASSN.

407032

TALLAHALLA WATER ASSN.

PI 47

TALLAHALA WATER ASSN

TALLAHALA WATER ASSN

6066755

First-Class - Regular

PostCards only

0.0050 lbs (.08 oz)

2,240 pieces

11.2000 lbs

\$882.56

\$0.00

| l' MM Trays | 2' MM Trays | 2' EMM Travs | Flat Trays | Sacks | Pallets | Other |
|----------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------|-------|---------|-------|
|----------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------|-------|---------|-------|

Important: Please bring your mailing by - Jun 06, 2023

Hours

Post Office of Mailing

BMEU BAY SPRINGS 14 N THIRD ST BAY SPRINGS, MS 394229998 Mon 09:00 AM - 04:00 PM Tue 09:00 AM - 04:00 PM

Wed 09:00 AM - 12:00 PM & 02:30 PM - 04:00 PM

Thu 09:00 AM - 04:00 PM

Thu 09:00 AM - 04:00 PM Fri 09:00 AM - 04:00 PM

Sat Closed Sun Closed

Note:

*This mailing may be subject to additional verification at the time of acceptance.

*This mailing cannot be processed at the self service terminal.





BAY SPRINGS 14 N THIRD ST BAY SPRINGS, MS 39422-9998 (800)275-8777

05/30/2023

02:15 PM

Product

Qty Unit Price Price

\$882.56

Cust Permit Dep \$882.5

Permit Type: Permit Imprint

Permit Number: 47

Permit Acct Number: 407032

Customer Name: TALLAHALLA WATER ASSN.

Grand Total:

\$882.56

Personal/Bus Check

\$882.56

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or call 1-800-410-7420.

UFN: 270468-0422

Receipt #: 840-53900315-1-3627719-2

Clerk: 04

TALLAHALA WATER ASSOC.
PO BOX 354
BAY SPRINGS, MS 39422
601-764-2655

EasyBill 32 initialization file

RESIDENTIAL USED 440

Previous Balance:

30.80 28.00

PREV 1732570 PRES 1733010

FIRST-CLASS MAIL
PRESORTED
US POSTAGE PAID
ZIP CODE 39422
PERMIT # 47

TALLAHALA WATER ASSOC. PO BOX 354 BAY SPRINGS, MS 39422 601-764-2655

FIRST-CLASS PRESORT US POSTAGE ZIP CODE 3

EasyBill 32 initialization file

0.00

PERMIT #

After 06/19/23 pay 30.80 NOTICE! YOU OWE YOU OWE 28.00 by 0

Previous Balance: 28.00

PREV 479990 PRES 480240

RESIDENTIAL USED 250

After 06/19/23 pay 64.40 Billed 的多分的 OWE THIS: YOU OWE 58.80 by 06/19/23

YOU OWE THE FOLLOWING AMOUNT:

YOU OWE 58.80 by 06/19/23 After 06/19/23 pay 64.40

Last Pmt \$84.80 04/11/23 MAURICE HOLLOWAY SVC:04/10/23-05/16/23 (36 days) Acct# 040102000 3 CR 2062

ANNUAL CCR TO BE PRINTED 6-8-2023 IN LAUREL LEADER CALL OR PICKUP AT OUR OFFICE

Acct# 040102000

LOUIN MS 39338-4112 MAURICE HOLLOWAY 3 COUNTY ROAD 2062

3 CR 2062

ANNUAL CCR TO BE PRINTED 6-8-2023 IN LAUREL LEADER CALL OR PICKUP AT OUR OFFICE

LOUIN MS 39338-4113

85 COUNTY ROAD 206 BERTHA BRADLEY

ast Pmt \$28.00 05/15/23 BERTHA BRADLEY

YOU OWE THE FOLLOWING AMOUNT:

Acct# 040093200

85 CR 206

YOU OWE 28.00 by 06/19/23

After 06/19/23 pay 30.80

SVC:04/10/23¹05/16/23 (36 days)

Acct# 040093200

85 CR 206

Deliver payment to

Deliver payment to

EasyBill 32 initialization file

TALLAHALA WATER ASSOC.
PO BOX 354
BAY SPRINGS, MS 39422
601-764-2655

FIRST-CLASS MAIL PRESORTED US POSTAGE PAID ZIP CODE 39422 PERMIT # 47

RESIDENTIAL USED 4280

Previous Balance

41.68 1.10

After 06/19/23 pay 47.05

Bille Be bs/s/4/1/2 Bortion with payment.
NOTICE! YOU OWE THIS:

YOU OWE 42.78 by 06/19/23

PREV 2078170 PRES 2082450

TALLAHALA WATER ASSOC. PO BOX 354 BAY SPRINGS, MS 39422 601-764-2655

FIRST-CLAS PRESOR US POSTAG ZIP CODE : PERMIT?

Previous Balance

EasyBill 32 initialization file

65.02 49.24

RESIDENTIAL USED 5540 PREV 1226250 PRES 1231790

After 06/19/23 pay 125.10

Billede05/01/23 orton with p YOU OWE 114.26 by

YOU OWE THE FOLLOWING AMOUNT:

YOU OWE 114.26 by 06/19/23

After 06/19/23 pay 125.10

1131 CR 20 Acct# 040151000

ANNUAL CCR TO BE PRINTED 6-8-2023 IN LAUREL LEADER CALL OR PICKUP AT OUR OFFICE

ANNUAL CCR TO BE PRINTED 6-8-2023 IN LAUREL LEADER CALL OR PICKUP AT OUR OFFICE

LOUIN MS 39338-4113 87 COUNTY ROAD 206 ast Pmt \$52.02 05/15/23 RANDY BRADLEY

YOU OWE THE FOLLOWING AMOUNT:

Acct# 040095000

87 CR 206

YOU OWE 42.78 by 06/19/23

After 06/19/23 pay 47.05

SVC:04/10/23-05/16/23 (36 days)

87 CR 206

Acct# 040095000

RANDY BRADLEY

Acct# 040151000 1131 CR 20

1129 COUNTY ROAD 2 LOUIN MS 39338-4116 **ERICA JONES #2**

Last Pmt \$126:00 04/18/23 ERICA JONES #2 SVC:04/13/23-05/16/23 (33 days) Acct# 04