

RECEIVED
MSDH-WATER SUPPLY
2023 JUN 27 AM 11:52

Certification

<u>Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use:</u> Distribution Method I <u>Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use:</u> Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV <u>Water system serving less than 500 people must use:</u> Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR Distribution Method III and IV			OFFICE USE ONLY		
Public Water Supply name(s):		7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s):			
Humphreys County Water Assn #6 - Gooden Lake		0270022			
Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to our customers)					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method below:					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *Provided direct Web address to customer <input type="checkbox"/> Hand delivered <input type="checkbox"/> Mail paper copy <input type="checkbox"/> Email		*Add direct Web address (URL) here: https://ccrwater.net/hcw-150921 Example: "The current CCR is available at www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf . call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy".			
<input type="checkbox"/> II. Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper.		Date(s) published:			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request. List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water bills, newsletter, etc.).		Date(s) notified: 06/30/2023			
		Location distributed: back of water bill			
<input type="checkbox"/> IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the local water office. <input type="checkbox"/> "Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)		Date:			
		Locations posted:			
Certification					
This Community public water system confirms it has distributed its Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and that the information contained in its CCR is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.					
Name:		Title:		Date:	
Guy Long		Manager/Operator		06/27/2023	
Submittal					
Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.gov regardless of distribution methods used.					
1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certification 3. Proof of delivery method(s)					

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Humphreys County Water Association

System #6 - Gooden Lake (ID 270022)

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Our water is drawn from the Sparta Sand Aquifer by a well located on 16th Section Road in the Gooden Lake community.

Source water assessment and its availability:

Our source water assessment has been completed. Our well was ranked moderate in terms of susceptibility to contamination. A copy of this plan is available.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Other information:

If you want additional information about your drinking water or have questions concerning this report, you may contact us at 247-4145. If you would like to attend one of our regular monthly meetings, please call for the date and time of our meetings.

Additional Information for Lead:

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Humphreys County Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in drinking water. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA and the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply require us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once

per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In the table below, you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Yes or No	Date Sample Collected	Level Detected in Water	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit of Measure	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL, TT, or MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
Barium	No	2022	0.0061	0	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Chromium	No	2022	<0.0005	0	ppm	0.1	0.1	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Copper	No	*2021	0.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Cyanide	No	2022	<0.015	0	ppm	0.2	0.2	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
Fluoride	No	2022	<0.1	0	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Lead	No	*2021	0.000	1	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate	No	2022	<0.08	0	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite	No	2022	<0.02	0	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Selenium	No	2022	<0.0025	0	ppm	0.05	0.05	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine (as Cl ₂)	No	2022	2.10	1.60 - 2.20	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
TTHM [Total Trihalomethanes]	No	2022	< 1	0	ppb	80	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5 (Haloacetic Acids)	No	2022	1.6	0	ppb	60	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Unregulated Contaminants								
Sodium	No	*2021	76100	0	ppb	0	250000	Road salt, water treatment chemicals, water softeners, and sewage effluents

* Most recent sample. No samples were required for 2022.

Terms and Abbreviations used in the Table

MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/l)

ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/l)

pCi/l: picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

% of monthly positive samples: Percent of samples taken monthly that were positive

of monthly positive samples: Number of samples taken monthly that were found to be positive

IMPORTANT NOTICE
THE BANK WILL NO LONGER TAKE PAYMENTS UNLESS YOU CAN
PROVIDE YOUR ACCOUNT NUMBER WITH PAYMENTS.

FOR INFORMATION OR SERVICE:

CALL: (662) 247-4145

VISIT: humphreyscountywater.com

A 10% LATE CHARGE WILL BE ADDED TO THE
ARREARAGE (PAST DUE) AMOUNT IF NOT
PAID BY THE DUE DATE

ACCOUNTS WITH NO PAYMENT AFTER THE 28th OF
THE PRIOR MONTH WILL BE CHARGED A \$10.00
LATE CHARGE.

ANY ACCOUNT OVER 60 DAYS PAST DUE
WILL HAVE WATER SERVICE DISCONNECTED
AT THE USERS EXPENSE.

THERE WILL BE A \$10.00 SERVICE CHARGE
FOR ALL RETURNED CHECKS.

FOR INFORMATION OR SERVICE:

CALL: (662) 247-4145

VISIT: humphreyscountywater.com

PAYMENT OPTIONS-

AT: Guaranty Bank (Belzoni location only)

ONLINE: humphreyscountywater.com

MAIL WITH RETURN PORTION TO:

HUMPHREYS COUNTY WATER ASSN.

PO BOX 657, BELZONI, MS 39038

**Important information about your
drinking water is available in the
2022 Consumer Confidence Report at
<https://ccrwater.net/hcw-150921>**

**To request a hard copy, please
call us at (662) 247-4145.**