Certification

RECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY 2023 JUN 30 PM 2: 26

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use: Distribution Method I Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV Water system serving less than 500 people must use: Distribution Method I OR			
Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR Distribution Method III and IV	OFFICE USI	E ONLY	
Public Water Supply name(s):	7-digit Public Water	Supply ID #(s):	
SUNRISE MOBILE HOME PARK	0230057		
Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to ou	r customers)		
☐ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method b	elow:		
□ *Provided direct Web address to customer ■ Hand delivered	*Add direct Web address (U	JRL) here:	
□ Mail paper copy □ Email	Example: "The current CCR is available at www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf. call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy".		
☐ II. Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper.	Date(s) published:		
□ III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request.	Date(s) notified:		
List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water bills, newsletter, etc.).	Location distributed:		
▼ IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the	Date: 6/20/23		
local water office.	Locations posted: SUNR	ISE MOBILE	
"Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)	HOME PARK - BULL	LETIN BOARD	
	IN LAUNDROMAT		
Certification This Community public water system confirms it has distributed i	to Consumar Confidence Panor	+ (CCP) to its quetomers	
and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and the consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submit Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.	hat the information contained in	n its CCR is correct and	
Name: DAWN M. BRENEGAN	Title: OWNER/	Date:	
	OPERATOR	6/29/23	

Submittal

Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.gov regardless of distribution methods used.

1. CCR (Water Quality Report)

2. Certification

3. Proof of delivery method(s)

2022 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Our water comes from one 850 feet deep artesian well that draws from the Miocene Aquifer.

Source water assessment and its availability

Sunrise Mobile Home & RV Park, as a public water supply, is required to submit a monthly bacteriological sample to MS State Dept of Health's laboratory. All our samples have tested Negative for E.coli and Total Coliform. For all other required chemical analyses performed, the results are well below the Maximum Contaminant Levels for all contaminants monitored by state and federal agencies including EPA. All results are on file with MS State Dept. of Health, as well as at our office. These may be seen by appointment by calling us at (228) 533-7001.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved?

Jeff and Dawn Brenegan manage Sunrise Mobile Home & RV Park's public water system. We are both MS Licensed Water Operators and are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. If you have any questions regarding your water service, quality, or any other concerns related to this water system, please contact us at one of the following numbers: (228) 533-7001, (228) 216-3643, or (228) 216-0919.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Sunrise Mobile Home

Park is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

	MCLG	MCL	,	Detect In	Ra	nge				
Contaminants	or MRDLO	TT, o	- 1	Your Water	Low	Higl	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source	
Inorganic Contamina	ants								7 1 1 1 1	
Barium (ppm)	2	2		.0092	NA	NA	2022	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits	
Chromium (ppb)	100	100		1.1	NA	NA	2022	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits	
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4		.615	NA	NA	2022	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories	
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10		.199	NA	NA	2022	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from eptic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural leposits	
Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	1	1		.0291	NA	ΝA	2022	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits	
Sodium (optional) (ppm)	NA			157	NA	NA	2021	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching	
Contaminants		MCLG	AL	Your Water	Sam Da	ple	# Sample Exceeding AL		ls Typical Source	
Inorganic Contamina	ints									
Copper - action level a consumer taps (ppm)	nt	1.3	1.3	0	202	20	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits	
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)		0	15	2	202	20	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits	

Additional Monitoring

As part of an on-going evaluation program the EPA has required us to monitor some additional contaminants/chemicals. Information collected through the monitoring of these contaminants/chemicals will help to ensure that future decisions on drinking water standards are based on sound science.

		Ra	Range		
Name	Reported Level	Low	High		
molybdenum (ppb)	2.1	2.1	2.1		

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Term	Definition
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (μg/L)
NA	NA: not applicable
ND	ND: Not detected
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.

mportant Drinking Water Definitions					
Term	Definition				
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.				
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.				
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.				
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.				
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.				
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.				
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.				
MNR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated				
MPL	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level				

For more information please contact:

Contact Name: Jeff or Dawn Brenegan

Address: 6033 Dean Rd. Pearlington, MS 39572 Phone: (228) 533-7001