Certification

MSDH-WATER SUPPLY
2023 MAY 31 AM 8: 00

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use: Distribution Method I	2023 MAY 31 AM 8: 09				
Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV					
Water system serving less than 500 people must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR Distribution Method III and IV	OFFICE USE ONLY				
Public Water Supply name(s): Howard - Houston where 107 Hay 32W Howard MS 38850	7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s): 009004				
Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to ou	r customers)				
□ I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method b	elow:				
□ *Provided direct Web address to customer□ Hand delivered	*Add direct Web address (URL) here:				
□ Mail paper copy □ Email	Example: "The current CCR is available at www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf. call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy".				
II. Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper.	Date(s) published: 23 5-17-23				
□ III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request. List method(s) used (examples – newspaper, water	Date(s) notified:				
bills, newsletter, etc.).	Location distributed:				
□ IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the	Date:				
local water office. "Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)	Locations posted:				
Certification					
This Community public water system confirms it has distributed in and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and to consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submit Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.	hat the information contained in its CCR is correct and				
Name: Jan Zuu	Title: Date: 5-21-23				
Submittal					
Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.gov 1. CCR (Water Quality Report) 2. Certificat					

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Houlka Houston Water Association PWS#: 0090004 April 2023

MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Contact & Meeting Information

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Garry Turner at 662.456.6537. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend our regular scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Thursday of each month at 6:30 PM at 449 CR 114 Houlka MS 38850.

Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Eutaw Formation Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Houlka Houston Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

Period Covered by Report

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

Terms and Abbreviations

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

<u>Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)</u>: The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

<u>Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)</u>: The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)</u>: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)</u>: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

				TEST RE	SULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contai	ninants						
8. Arsenic	N	2022	1.1	.9 – 1.1	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runo from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production waste
10. Barium	N	2022	.0368	.03140368	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2022	.7	.57	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2022	,198	.159198	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; wate additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer ar aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Unregula	ted Co	ntamina	nts					
Sodium	N	2021*	99	79.3 - 99	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	on By-F	roducts						
81. HAA5	N	2022	1.58	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2022	3.63	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2022	1.3	.54 2.49	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

LEAD INFORMATION

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

VIOLATIONS

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not

necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Houlka Houston Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Dbucka Wouston Water

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF CHICKASAW

Before me, in and for said county, this day personally came JOHN BLANKENSHIP, Editor, or SUE BLANKENSHIP, Associate Editor of the Okolona Messenger, a newspaper published in the City of Okolona, of said county and state, who duly sworn deposeth and says that the publication of a certain notice, a true copy of which is hereto affixed, has been made for consecutive weeks, to-wit:

deposeth and says that the publication of a certain notice, a true copy of which is hereto affixed, has been made for consecutive weeks, to-wit:
DATED: May 10, 2023 DATED: May 17, 2023
DATED:
DATED:
And I further certify that the several numbers of the newspaper containing the above notice have been produced before me, and compared with the copy annexed and that I find the publication thereof to have been correctly made.
WITNESS my hand and seal of office, this the 1971 day of 2023.
By: Hanse Dash, D.C.
PRINTER'S FEE:\$ 66.00 My Commission Expires Jan. 1, 2024
PROOF OF PUBLICATION \$3.00
TOTAL:\$ 669.00

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Inorganic	Contai	ninants						
8 Arsenic	N	2022	1.1	9-1.1	ppb	n/a	10	Ercelon of natural deposits; runof from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production waste.
10, Barlum	N	2022	0368	.0314 - 0368	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13, Chromlum	N	2022	.7	,57	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills: eroalon of natural deposits
14 Copper	N	2018/201	4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=13	Cornaion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16 Fluoride	N	2022	198	159 - 198	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer as aluminum factories.
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Unregula	ted Co	ntamina	ants	250				
Sodium	N	2021*	99	79.3 -99	ppm	20	0	Road Salt Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents
Disinfecti	on By-l	Products						
81. HAA5	N	2022	1.58	No Ranga	ppb	0	50	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
B2 TTHM	N	2022	3.63	No Range	ppb	0	ao	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine	N	2022	1.3	54- 2 49	mg/l	0	MDRI. =	Water additive used to control microbes

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Cockrell, Joan

From:

garry Turner < judgegturner@yahoo.com>

Sent:

Monday, June 26, 2023 10:48 AM

To: Subject: Cockrell, Joan Re: CCR Cert

HOULKA-HOUSTON WATER A (662) 568-7777 ACCOUNT NUMBER 3690A			3690	D.	HOULKA-HOUSTON ASSOCIATION, INC 107 HWY. 32 WEST
PREV	. READ DATE		CUR. READ [HOULKA, MS 38850	
05/27/	2023 PREVIOUS	06/2	1/2023		DUE DATE
SERVICE	READING	READING	CONSUMPTION	AMOUNT	
	1071	1075	4000	33.00	07/15/2023 ACCOUNT NUME 3690
0.00 SERVICE ADDRESS		PAYMENTS	CURREN	T CHARGES	ELLIOT YOU
		33.00		33.00 MOUNT	
3 CR 2	09			36.30	HOUSTON,
YOU CA	N PICK-	UP A CC	PY OF CO	CR REPO	RT AT THE OF

Sent from my iPhone