

RECEIVED  
MSDH-WATER SUPPLY  
2023 MAY 19 AM 10:20

# Certification

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use:  
Distribution Method I

Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use:  
Distribution Method I OR  
Distribution Method II, III, and IV

Water system serving less than 500 people must use:  
Distribution Method I OR  
Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR  
Distribution Method III and IV

OFFICE USE ONLY

Public Water Supply name(s): <i>Town of Smithville</i>	7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s): <i>0480012</i>
---	--

**Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to our customers)**

I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method below:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *Provided direct Web address to customer <input type="checkbox"/> Hand delivered <input type="checkbox"/> Mail paper copy <input type="checkbox"/> Email	*Add direct Web address (URL) here: <i>Smithvillems.org</i> Example: "The current CCR is available at <a href="http://www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf">www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf</a> . call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy".
---	---

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> II. Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper.	Date(s) published: <i>5/10/2023</i>
--	--

<input type="checkbox"/> III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request. List method(s) used (examples: newspaper, <u>water bills</u> , newsletter, etc.).	Date(s) notified: <i>04/2023</i> Location distributed:
---	--

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the local water office. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> "Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)	Date: <i>5/8/2023</i> Locations posted: <i>Town Hall</i>
--	--

**Certification**

This Community public water system confirms it has distributed its Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and that the information contained in its CCR is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.

Name: <i>Phil Moulton</i>	Title: <i>Mayor</i>	Date: <i>5-19-23</i>
------------------------------	------------------------	-------------------------

**Submittal**

Email the following required items to [water.reports@msdh.ms.gov](mailto:water.reports@msdh.ms.gov) regardless of distribution methods used.

1. CCR (Water Quality Report)      2. Certification      3. Proof of delivery method(s)

**2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report**  
**Town of Smithville & Smithville Rural Water System**  
**PWS#: 0480012**  
**April 2023**

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

**Contact & Meeting Information**

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Joshua Hathcock at 662.651.4411. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of the month at 7:00 PM at the Smithville Town Hall located at 63443 HWY 25 N., Smithville, MS 38870.

**Source of Water**

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Gordo Formation Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Smithville have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

**Period Covered by Report**

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

**Terms and Abbreviations**

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

**Action Level (AL)**: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)**: The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)**: The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)**: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)**: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter**: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

**Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L)**: one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

**Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)**: picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
<b>Radioactive Contaminants</b>								
6. Radium 226	N	2019*	.84	No Range	pCi/L	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>								
10. Barium	N	2022	.0068	.004 - .0068	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2022	.293	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2022	6.87	2 - 6.87	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
<b>Disinfection By-Products</b>								
Chlorine	N	2022	1.4	1.2 - 1.86	Mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

\* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

#### LEAD INFORMATION

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

#### VIOLATIONS

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Town of Smithville works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

MONROE COUNTY JOURNAL  
PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI  
COUNTY OF MONROE

Before the undersigned, a Notary Public in  
And for said state and county, Harvey Parson,  
managing editor, publisher, clerk and/or general  
manager of THE MONROE JOURNAL,  
a newspaper published in Amory,  
in said County and state makes oath that the

Water Report

Of which the article hereunto attached is a true  
copy, was published in said newspaper  
as follows:

Volume: \_\_\_\_\_, No. \_\_\_\_\_ Dated: 5-10-23

Volume: \_\_\_\_\_, No. \_\_\_\_\_ Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Volume: \_\_\_\_\_, No. \_\_\_\_\_ Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Volume: \_\_\_\_\_, No. \_\_\_\_\_ Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

And I hereby certify that the issues above mentioned have  
Been examined by me, and I find the publication thereof to  
Have been duly made, and that The MONROE JOURNAL has  
Been established, published and had a bonafide circulation  
In said town, county and state for more than one year next  
Preceding the first insertion of the article described herein.

Harvey Parson  
Editor, publisher, clerk and/or general manager

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this

11 day of May, 2023

Amber J. Ling Notary Public

My Commission expires:

9/20/2024

Cost of Publication:

\$ 4109.00



**2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report**  
**Town of Smithville & Smithville Rural Water System**  
 PWS# 0480012  
 April 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

**Contact & Meeting Information**

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Joshua Hellock at 662.651.4411. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to hear more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of the month at 7:00 PM at the Smithville Town Hall located at 63443 HWY 25 N, Smithville, MS 38870.

**Source of Water**

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Gordo Formation Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Smithville here received lower ratings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

**Period Covered by Report**

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity, microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

**Terms and Abbreviations**

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

**Action Level (AL):** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):** The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):** The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL):** The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG):** The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Parts per Billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter:** one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

**Parts per Million (ppm) or milligrams per liter (mg/L):** one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

**Picocuries per liter (pCi/L):** picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

**TEST RESULTS**

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AL/MRDL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	AL/MS	Likely Source of Contamination
<b>Radioactive Contaminants</b>									
5. Radium 226	N	2019*	24	No Range	pCi/L	0	5		Erosion of natural deposits
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>									
10. Barium	N	2022	0.068	0.04 - 0.098	ppm	2	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2022	293	No Range	ppm	10	10		Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2022	6.87	2 - 6.87	ppm	20	0		Road Salts, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
<b>Disinfection By-Products</b>									
Chlorine	N	2022	1.4	1.2 - 1.56	Mg/l	0	MRDL = 4		Water additive used to control microbes

\* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

**LEAD INFORMATION**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 661.576.7532 if you wish to have your water tested.

**VIOLATIONS**

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Town of Smithville works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

## CCR POSTED IN PUBLIC PLACES

SMITHVILLE TOWN HALL  
63443 HIGHWAY 25 N  
SMITHVILLE, MS 38870

MEL'S DINER  
60001 COMMERCE STREET  
SMITHVILLE, MS 38870

SMITHVILLE TEXACO  
63466 HIGHWAY 25 N  
SMITHVILLE, MS 38870

FORMSINK, LLC • FOR RECORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-31979

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010020003	03/06	04/03
SERVICE ADDRESS		
60009 COMMERCE STREET		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
11769	11764	5
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:  
**TOWN OF SMITHVILLE**  
 PO BOX 10  
 SMITHVILLE, MS 38870  
 (662) 651-4411

PRESORTED  
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL  
 U.S. POSTAGE  
 PAID  
 PERMIT NO. 16  
 AMORY, MS

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	05/15/2023	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
51.75	6.00	57.75

CCR REPORT IN LOCAL PAPER  
 AND ON TOWN WEBSITE

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

WTR 21.00  
 SEW 15.75  
 GRB 15.00  
 NET DUE >>> 51.75  
 SAVE THIS >> 6.00  
 GROSS DUE >> 57.75

010020003  
~~XXXXXXXXXXXX~~

60009 COMMERCE STREET APT A  
 SMITHVILLE, MS 38870

FORMSINK, LLC • FOR RECORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-31979

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010030003	03/06	04/03
SERVICE ADDRESS		
60007 COMMERCE STREET		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
1432	1418	14
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:  
**TOWN OF SMITHVILLE**  
 PO BOX 10  
 SMITHVILLE, MS 38870  
 (662) 651-4411

PRESORTED  
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL  
 U.S. POSTAGE  
 PAID  
 PERMIT NO. 16  
 AMORY, MS

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	05/15/2023	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
51.75	6.00	57.75

CCR REPORT IN LOCAL PAPER  
 AND ON TOWN WEBSITE

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

WTR 21.00  
 SEW 15.75  
 GRB 15.00  
 NET DUE >>> 51.75  
 SAVE THIS >> 6.00  
 GROSS DUE >> 57.75

010030003  
~~XXXXXXXXXXXX~~

60007 COMMERCE STREET APT B  
 SMITHVILLE, MS 38870

FORMSINK, LLC • FOR RECORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-31979

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010030100	03/06	04/03
SERVICE ADDRESS		
60007 COMMERCE STREET		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
10867	10841	26
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:  
**TOWN OF SMITHVILLE**  
 PO BOX 10  
 SMITHVILLE, MS 38870  
 (662) 651-4411

PRESORTED  
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL  
 U.S. POSTAGE  
 PAID  
 PERMIT NO. 16  
 AMORY, MS

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	05/15/2023	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
57.53	6.00	63.53

CCR REPORT IN LOCAL PAPER  
 AND ON TOWN WEBSITE

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

WTR 24.30  
 SEW 18.23  
 GRB 15.00  
 NET DUE >>> 57.53  
 SAVE THIS >> 6.00  
 GROSS DUE >> 63.53

010030100  
~~XXXXXXXXXXXX~~

60007 COMMERCE STREET  
 APT A  
 SMITHVILLE, MS 38870

030119002 03/06 04/03  
60066 FORRESTER LANE

478 456 22

05/15/2023

22.10 3.00 25.10

CCR REPORT IN LOCAL PAPER  
AND ON TOWN WEBSITE

WTR 22.10  
NET DUE >>> 22.10  
SAVE THIS >> 3.00  
GROSS DUE >> 25.10

030119002  
~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~

60066 FORRESTER LANE  
SMITHVILLE, MS 38870

030120000 03/06 04/03  
60062 FORRESTER LANE

6444 6443 1

05/15/2023

21.00 .00 21.00

CCR REPORT IN LOCAL PAPER  
AND ON TOWN WEBSITE

WTR 21.00  
NET DUE >>> 21.00  
SAVE THIS >> 21.00  
GROSS DUE >> 21.00

030120000  
~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~  
~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~  
110 CHEROKEE DRIVE  
AMORY, MS 38821

030125000 03/06 04/03  
60096 GAP ROAD

31501 31478 23

05/15/2023

22.65 3.00 25.65

CCR REPORT IN LOCAL PAPER  
AND ON TOWN WEBSITE

WTR 22.65  
NET DUE >>> 22.65  
SAVE THIS >> 3.00  
GROSS DUE >> 25.65

030125000  
~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~  
~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~  
60096 GAP ROAD  
SMITHVILLE, MS 38870-0