# -2021 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

# NetHeto ~ PRINT Public Water System Name

DY10008

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCR DISTRIBUTION (	Check all boxes that apply)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publica	tion, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)		
On water bill (Attach copy of bill)		5. 22-23
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)		
□ Other (Describe:		
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication,	water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
xDistributed via U.S. Postal Service On w₿		5.22.23
□ Distributed via E-mail as a URL  (Provide direct URL):		
□ Distributed via Email as an attachment		
□ Distributed via Email as text within the body of email me	ssage	
□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR	or proof of publication)	
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations or list here)		
Posted online at the following address h Hps://	nettletonms.gov/ccr	
CERTI I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population serve is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.  Dana Bunkan Name	ed. Furthermore, I certify that the info	rmation contained in the report
SUBMISSION OPTION	<b>\\$</b> (Select one method ONLY)	
You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certific		. ,

Jackson, MS 39215

## 2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report City of Nettleton PWS#: 410008 April 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

#### **Contact & Meeting Information**

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Joseph Wiygul at 662.871.2207. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of the month at 6:30 PM at the City Hall Boardroom.

#### Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Eutaw –McShan Aquifers. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of Nettleton have received moderate rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

#### Period Covered by Report

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

#### Terms and Abbreviations

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

				TEST R	POOLI	D.		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganio	Conta	minant	S					
10. Barium	N	2022	.187	.168187	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	.4	0	ppm	1.3 AL=1.3		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2022	<0.1	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2022	22.4	18.6 – 22.4	ppm	20 0		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfecti	on By-l	Product	s					
81. HAA5	N	2022	1.8	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2022	4.04	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2022	.8	.31 1.71	mg/l	0	MRDL ≈ 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

Sodium, Excess sodium from sale in the diet increases the risk of high blood pressure and cardiovascular disease.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

#### **LEAD INFORMATION**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

# **FLUORIDE INFORMATION**

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", our system is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 0. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 0%. The number of months samples were collected and analyzed in the previous calendar year was 12.

Note: this system adds fluoride to your drinking water to help prevent and reduce cavities and improve overall oral health. Supply-chain issues have limited or prevented this water system's ability to obtain fluoride on a regular basis. The data presented above only reflects the months when this water system added fluoride to your drinking water.

### **VIOLATIONS**

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Fluoride level is routinely adjusted to the MS State Dept of Health's recommended level of 0.6 - 1.2 mg/l.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk, More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The City of Nettleton works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

-21970	ACCOUNT NO 010002000 SERVICE ADDRESS 102 MONRO	04/15	SERVICE 1 05/15	O, RETURN THIS STUB WI CITY OF NETT 124 SHORT NETTLETON,N	TLETON TAVE.	PRESORTED FIRST-CLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE PAID PERMIT NO. 2 NETTLETON, MS	
+-800-223-4466	2606000 CHAI	PHEVIOUS  2604300  IGE FOR SERVICE	1700	PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE OUE DATE NET AMOUNT	05/22/2023 SAVE THIS	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE GROSS AMOUNT	
FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-803-223-4455 - 1-21978	WTR SWR GRB NET DUE > SAVE THIS GROSS DUE	13 9 16 >> 39 >> 3	.50 .50 .00 .00 .90	39.00 3.90 42.90  CCR NOW AVAILABLE AT https://nettletonms.gov/ccr  RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED  010002000 SUMMER KNIGHT  102 MONROE ST NETTLETON MS 38858-6049  Hilpholymological political			
:3-4460 • L-21979	ODREGNI	SERVICE FROM 04/15 S TEH READINGS PREVIOUS	SERVICE TO 05/15  USER 4700	RETURN THIS STUB WIT CITY OF NETTI 124 SHORT NETTLETON,M PAY NET AMOUNT ON CR BEFORE DUE DATE	LETON AVE.	PRESORTED FIRST-CLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE PAID PERMIT NO. 2 NETTLETON, MS  PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE	
R CALL 1-800-22		GE FOR SERVICES		NET AMOUNT	SAVE BUIS 7.22  BANK DRAFT **	79.44	
FORMSINK, LLC · FOR RECRIDER CALL, 1-800-223-4460 · L-21979	WTR SWR GRB NET DUE >> SAVE THIS GROSS DUE	26 16 >> 72 >> 7	.11 .00 .22 .22	010003000 ANN & CHARLE 131 SHORT AV NETTLETON MS	7E 38858-6051		
				- գերլիդնգրները			
- L-21979	ACCOUNT NO. 010004000 SERVICE ADDRESS 135 SHORT GURBERS	04/15	SERVICE TO 05/15  USED	RETURN THIS STUB WITH CITY OF NETTL 124 SHORT A NETTLETON,MS	eton ave.	PRESORTED FIRST-CLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE PAID PERMIT NO. 2 NETTLETON, MS	
300-223-4460		465500	1500	PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE NET AMOUNT	05/22/2023 SAVE THIS	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE GROSS AMOUNT	
DER CALL 14	CHARC	GE FOR SERVICES		39.00 ** PAID BY B	OO ANK DRAFT **	39.00	
FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-21979	WTR SWR GRB NET DUE >> SAVE THIS GROSS DUE	16.	50 00 00	010004000 WENDY RANDOL 135 SHORT AVI NETTLETON MS	E 38858-6051		
			·	11111111.11.11.11.1	լիուստիկինիիուկիուկի	F111'1''[F'	