

Certification

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MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

2023 MAY 32 AM 8:49

Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use:
Distribution Method I

Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use:
Distribution Method I OR
Distribution Method II, III, and IV

Water system serving less than 500 people must use:
Distribution Method I OR
Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR
Distribution Method III and IV

OFFICE USE ONLY

Public Water Supply name(s): <i>NW KEMPER WATER ASSN - WESTON NW KEMPER WATER ASSN - CLEVELAND NW KEMPER WATER ASSN - KYNAWD</i>	<i>NW KEMPER WATER ASSN - Hwy 16</i>	7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s): <i>0850003 0850007 0850023 0850025</i>
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Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to our customers)

I. CCR directly delivered using one or more method below:

- *Provided direct Web address to customer
- Hand delivered
- Mail paper copy
- Email

*Add direct Web address (URL) here:

Example: "The current CCR is available at
www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf.
call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy".

II. Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper.

Date(s) published:

MAY 18, 2023

III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request.

Date(s) notified: *MAY 18, 2023 - Newspaper
JUNE 1, 2023 - WATER BILLS*

List method(s) used (examples - newspaper, water bills, newsletter, etc.).

Location distributed:

IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the local water office.

Date: *5-18-23*

"Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.)

Locations posted:

Certification

This Community public water system confirms it has distributed its Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and that the information contained in its CCR is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule.

Name:

Wayne Smith

Title:

Manager

Date:

6-1-2023

Submittal

Email the following required items to water.reports@msdh.ms.gov regardless of distribution methods used.

1. CCR (Water Quality Report)
2. Certification
3. Proof of delivery method(s)

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Northwest Kemper Water Association
PWS#: 350003, 350007, 350023, 350025
May 2023

RECEIVED
MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

2023 MAY 15 AM 9:43

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

About Our System

The Northwest Kemper Water Association has almost 1,800 meters and over 650 miles of pipe providing clean, fresh water to over 4,600 residents in parts of 5 counties in east central Mississippi. Our commitment to service is evidenced by receiving the highest available rating from the Mississippi State Department of Health during our annual inspections.

Contact & Meeting Information

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Wayne Smith at 601.677.3558. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us for the annual meeting scheduled for second Tuesday of August at 7:00 PM at the Preston Office.

Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Northwest Kemper Water Association have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

Period Covered by Report

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

Terms and Abbreviations

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL) : The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

PWS ID # 350003- Preston**TEST RESULTS**

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2022	.0125	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2022	.845	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Unregulated Contaminants								
Sodium	N	2022	2.21	No Range	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine	N	2022	1.5	1.05 – 1.73	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID # 350007- Cleveland**TEST RESULTS**

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2022	.0425	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Unregulated Contaminants								
Sodium	N	2022	2.96	No Range	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine	N	2022	1.4	1.07 – 1.8	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID # 350023 - Kynard**TEST RESULTS**

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2022	.0614	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Unregulated Contaminants								
Sodium	N	2022	10.9	No Range	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine	N	2022	1.5	1.18 – 1.58	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID # 350025 – NWK #4**TEST RESULTS**

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2020*	.063	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Unregulated Contaminants								
Sodium	N	2022	2.6	No Range	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2022	1.17	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2022	1.5	1.19 – 1.77	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

LEAD INFORMATION

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

VIOLATIONS

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

Our water system works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Please Note: You may obtain a copy of this report at our office at 10798 HWY 397 in Preston or call us at 601.677.3558.

FORMSINK, LLC - FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 - L-0480C

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010054800	04/29	05/30
SERVICE ADDRESS		
85 EAST WINSTON RD		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
86930	73620	13310
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		
WTR		91.86
NET DUE	>>>	91.86

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO
NORTHWEST KEMPER WATER ASSOCIATION
 P.O. BOX 57 • PRESTON, MS 39354
 PHONE: (601) 677-3558

PRESORTED
 FIRST CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE PAID
 PRESTON, MS 39354
 PERMIT NO. 1

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/20/2023	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
91.86	5.00	96.86

CCR's available at our office.
 Any past due may be locked.

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010054800
 NICK & EMILY VERNON

85 EAST WINSTON RD
 LOUISVILLE, MS 39339-

FORMSINK, LLC - FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 - L-0480C

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010104200	04/29	05/30
SERVICE ADDRESS		
2365 SHUQUALAK RD		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
5660	5260	400
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		
WTR		30.00
NET DUE	>>>	30.00

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO
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 P.O. BOX 57 • PRESTON, MS 39354
 PHONE: (601) 677-3558

PRESORTED
 FIRST CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE PAID
 PRESTON, MS 39354
 PERMIT NO. 1

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/20/2023	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
30.00	5.00	35.00

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RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010104200
 PETER NEELY

2365 SHUQUALAK RD
 PRESTON, MS 39354-

FORMSINK, LLC - FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 - L-0480C

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010152001	04/29	05/30
SERVICE ADDRESS		
3559 EBENEZER CHURCH RD		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
8870	6330	2540
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		
WTR		30.00
NET DUE	>>>	30.00

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO
NORTHWEST KEMPER WATER ASSOCIATION
 P.O. BOX 57 • PRESTON, MS 39354
 PHONE: (601) 677-3558

PRESORTED
 FIRST CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE PAID
 PRESTON, MS 39354
 PERMIT NO. 1

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/20/2023	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
30.00	5.00	35.00

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RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010152001
 DOUG & CHARLOTTE KING

3559 EBENEZER CHURCH RD
 PRESTON, MS 39354-

2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 Northwest Kemper Water Association
 PWS# 350003, 350007, 350023, 350025
 May 2023

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Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. This wells for the Northwest Kemper Water Association have received lower ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

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As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity, microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and industrial, inorganic contaminants such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming, pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses, organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and auto service activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

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Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The Goal (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is concern that

Unregulated Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AL/MRDL	MCL	MCL G	MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
Sodium	N	2022	2.56	No Range	20		0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents

Disinfection By-Products

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AL/MRDL	MCL	MCL G	MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine	N	2022	1.4	1.07 - 1.5	0		0	Water additive used to control microbes

TEST RESULTS

PWS ID # 350023 - Kynard

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AL/MRDL	MCL	MCL G	MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
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Inorganic Contaminants

10. Barium	N	2022	0014	No Range	2			Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20	2	0	1.3		AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing deposits, leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2018/20	0	0	0		AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Unregulated Contaminants

Sodium	N	2022	10.9	No Range	20		0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents
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Disinfection By-Products

Chlorine	N	2022	1.5	1.10 - 1.50	0		MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
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TEST RESULTS

PWS ID # 350025 - NWK #4

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AL/MRDL	MCL	MCL G	MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
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Inorganic Contaminants

10. Barium	N	2020	063	No Range	2			Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits
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Unregulated Contaminants

Sodium	N	2022	2.6	No Range	20		0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents
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Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (µg/L): one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

TEST RESULTS

PWS ID # 350003 - Preston

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/MCLG/MRDL	Unit Measure	MCLG	MCL	MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants									
10 Barium	N	2022	0.25	No Range	ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits, erosion of household plumbing deposits, erosion of natural deposits.
17 Lead	N	2018/2022	1	0	ppb		0	AL=15	Composition of household plumbing deposits, erosion of natural deposits.
19 Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2022	845	No Range	ppm		10		Rund from fertilizer use, leaching from septic tanks, seepage, erosion of natural deposits.
Unregulated Contaminants									
Sodium	N	2022	2.21	No Range	ppm		20		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products									
Chlorine	N	2022	1.5	1.05 - 1.73	mg/L		0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes.

TEST RESULTS

PWS ID # 350007 - Cleveland

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/MCLG/MRDL	Unit Measure	MCLG	MCL	MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants									
10 Barium	N	2022	0.25	No Range	ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits, erosion of household plumbing deposits, erosion of natural deposits.
17 Lead	N	2018/2022	0	0	ppb		0	AL=15	Composition of household plumbing deposits, erosion of natural deposits.

Unregulated Contaminants

Sodium	N	2022	10.9	No Range	ppm		20		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
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Disinfection By-Products

Chlorine	N	2022	1.5	1.10 - 1.50	mg/L		0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes.
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TEST RESULTS

PWS ID # 350025 - NWK #4

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/MCLG/MRDL	Unit Measure	MCLG	MCL	MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants									
10 Barium	N	2020	0.63	No Range	ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits.
Unregulated Contaminants									
Sodium	N	2022	2.6	No Range	ppm		20		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products									
BT 1245	N	2022	1.17	1.0 Range	ppb		0	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2022	1.5	1.19 - 1.77	mg/L		0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes.

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If present elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead in your water by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/asthwaterlead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

VIOLATIONS

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have followed through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected. However, the EPA has determined that your water is SAFE at these levels.

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assess EPA's determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be metals, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some natural contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The presence of some natural contaminants and essential health effects can be contained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Infants, pregnant women, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and young children are particularly at risk from lead. There is concern about toxic effects of lead during water from their health care providers. EPA/MSDH guidelines on appropriate means to assess the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

Our water system works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Please Note: You may obtain a copy of this report at our office at 10368 HWY 307 in Preston or call us at 601-677-5554.



TEQ Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Northwest Georgia Water Authority
P.O. Box 10000, Marietta, Georgia 30067
May 2011

As of January 1, 2011, the TEQ Annual Drinking Water Quality Report, this report is intended to inform you about the quality of the water you receive from the Marietta Water Treatment Plant. The report is intended to provide you with information about the quality of the water you receive from the Marietta Water Treatment Plant. The report is intended to provide you with information about the quality of the water you receive from the Marietta Water Treatment Plant.

About Our System
The Marietta Water Treatment Plant has a capacity of 120 million gallons per day. The plant is located in Marietta, Georgia. The plant is owned and operated by the Marietta Water Treatment Plant. The plant is located in Marietta, Georgia. The plant is owned and operated by the Marietta Water Treatment Plant.

Water Quality & Compliance
The Marietta Water Treatment Plant is required to comply with the Safe Drinking Water Act. The plant is required to comply with the Safe Drinking Water Act. The plant is required to comply with the Safe Drinking Water Act. The plant is required to comply with the Safe Drinking Water Act.

Source of Water
The Marietta Water Treatment Plant draws water from the Marietta Reservoir. The Marietta Reservoir is located in Marietta, Georgia. The Marietta Reservoir is located in Marietta, Georgia. The Marietta Reservoir is located in Marietta, Georgia.

Treatment & Distribution
The Marietta Water Treatment Plant uses a variety of treatment processes to ensure the water is safe to drink. The Marietta Water Treatment Plant uses a variety of treatment processes to ensure the water is safe to drink. The Marietta Water Treatment Plant uses a variety of treatment processes to ensure the water is safe to drink.

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FWT# 138001 - 10/11 TEST RESULTS

Parameter	Unit	Value	Standard
Lead	ppb	0.0	0.01
Copper	ppb	0.0	1.3
Chloride	ppm	15.0	250
Fluoride	ppm	0.7	4.0
Iron	ppm	0.1	0.3
Manganese	ppm	0.0	0.05
Nitrate	ppm	1.0	10
Nitrite	ppm	0.0	0.1
Phosphate	ppm	0.0	0.1
Sulfate	ppm	10.0	250
Total Hardness	ppm	150.0	300
Total Dissolved Solids	ppm	150.0	500
Total Suspended Solids	ppm	0.0	5
Calcium	ppm	100.0	300
Magnesium	ppm	50.0	100
Chlorine Residual	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0
Free Chlorine	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0
Total Chlorine	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0
Chlorine Dioxide	ppm	0.0	0.0
Chlorine Trioxide	ppm	0.0	0.0
Chlorine Dioxide + Chlorine Trioxide	ppm	0.0	0.0
Chlorine Dioxide + Chlorine Trioxide + Free Chlorine	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0
Chlorine Dioxide + Chlorine Trioxide + Total Chlorine	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0
Chlorine Dioxide + Chlorine Trioxide + Total Chlorine + Chlorine Dioxide + Chlorine Trioxide	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0

FWT# 138001 - 10/11 TEST RESULTS

Parameter	Unit	Value	Standard
Lead	ppb	0.0	0.01
Copper	ppb	0.0	1.3
Chloride	ppm	15.0	250
Fluoride	ppm	0.7	4.0
Iron	ppm	0.1	0.3
Manganese	ppm	0.0	0.05
Nitrate	ppm	1.0	10
Nitrite	ppm	0.0	0.1
Phosphate	ppm	0.0	0.1
Sulfate	ppm	10.0	250
Total Hardness	ppm	150.0	300
Total Dissolved Solids	ppm	150.0	500
Total Suspended Solids	ppm	0.0	5
Calcium	ppm	100.0	300
Magnesium	ppm	50.0	100
Chlorine Residual	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0
Free Chlorine	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0
Total Chlorine	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0
Chlorine Dioxide	ppm	0.0	0.0
Chlorine Trioxide	ppm	0.0	0.0
Chlorine Dioxide + Chlorine Trioxide	ppm	0.0	0.0
Chlorine Dioxide + Chlorine Trioxide + Free Chlorine	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0
Chlorine Dioxide + Chlorine Trioxide + Total Chlorine	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0
Chlorine Dioxide + Chlorine Trioxide + Total Chlorine + Chlorine Dioxide + Chlorine Trioxide	ppm	1.0	0.2 - 4.0

The following table shows the results of the water quality tests performed at the Marietta Water Treatment Plant. The results are compared to the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (NPDWR) and the Georgia Secondary Drinking Water Regulations (SDWR). The results show that the water quality is in compliance with the NPDWR and the SDWR.

Lead
The results of the lead tests show that the lead concentration in the water is 0.0 ppb, which is below the MCL of 0.01 ppb. The lead concentration in the water is 0.0 ppb, which is below the MCL of 0.01 ppb. The lead concentration in the water is 0.0 ppb, which is below the MCL of 0.01 ppb.

Copper
The results of the copper tests show that the copper concentration in the water is 0.0 ppb, which is below the MCL of 1.3 ppb. The copper concentration in the water is 0.0 ppb, which is below the MCL of 1.3 ppb. The copper concentration in the water is 0.0 ppb, which is below the MCL of 1.3 ppb.

Chloride
The results of the chloride tests show that the chloride concentration in the water is 15.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 250 ppm. The chloride concentration in the water is 15.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 250 ppm. The chloride concentration in the water is 15.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 250 ppm.

Fluoride
The results of the fluoride tests show that the fluoride concentration in the water is 0.7 ppm, which is below the MCL of 4.0 ppm. The fluoride concentration in the water is 0.7 ppm, which is below the MCL of 4.0 ppm. The fluoride concentration in the water is 0.7 ppm, which is below the MCL of 4.0 ppm.

Iron
The results of the iron tests show that the iron concentration in the water is 0.1 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.3 ppm. The iron concentration in the water is 0.1 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.3 ppm. The iron concentration in the water is 0.1 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.3 ppm.

Manganese
The results of the manganese tests show that the manganese concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.05 ppm. The manganese concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.05 ppm. The manganese concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.05 ppm.

Nitrate
The results of the nitrate tests show that the nitrate concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 10 ppm. The nitrate concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 10 ppm. The nitrate concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 10 ppm.

Nitrite
The results of the nitrite tests show that the nitrite concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.1 ppm. The nitrite concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.1 ppm. The nitrite concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.1 ppm.

Phosphate
The results of the phosphate tests show that the phosphate concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.1 ppm. The phosphate concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.1 ppm. The phosphate concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 0.1 ppm.

Sulfate
The results of the sulfate tests show that the sulfate concentration in the water is 10.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 250 ppm. The sulfate concentration in the water is 10.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 250 ppm. The sulfate concentration in the water is 10.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 250 ppm.

Total Hardness
The results of the total hardness tests show that the total hardness concentration in the water is 150.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 300 ppm. The total hardness concentration in the water is 150.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 300 ppm. The total hardness concentration in the water is 150.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 300 ppm.

Total Dissolved Solids
The results of the total dissolved solids tests show that the total dissolved solids concentration in the water is 150.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 500 ppm. The total dissolved solids concentration in the water is 150.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 500 ppm. The total dissolved solids concentration in the water is 150.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 500 ppm.

Total Suspended Solids
The results of the total suspended solids tests show that the total suspended solids concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 5 ppm. The total suspended solids concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 5 ppm. The total suspended solids concentration in the water is 0.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 5 ppm.

Calcium
The results of the calcium tests show that the calcium concentration in the water is 100.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 300 ppm. The calcium concentration in the water is 100.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 300 ppm. The calcium concentration in the water is 100.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 300 ppm.

Magnesium
The results of the magnesium tests show that the magnesium concentration in the water is 50.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 100 ppm. The magnesium concentration in the water is 50.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 100 ppm. The magnesium concentration in the water is 50.0 ppm, which is below the MCL of 100 ppm.

Chlorine Residual
The results of the chlorine residual tests show that the chlorine residual concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is within the range of 0.2 to 4.0 ppm. The chlorine residual concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is within the range of 0.2 to 4.0 ppm. The chlorine residual concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is within the range of 0.2 to 4.0 ppm.

Free Chlorine
The results of the free chlorine tests show that the free chlorine concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is within the range of 0.2 to 4.0 ppm. The free chlorine concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is within the range of 0.2 to 4.0 ppm. The free chlorine concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is within the range of 0.2 to 4.0 ppm.

Total Chlorine
The results of the total chlorine tests show that the total chlorine concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is within the range of 0.2 to 4.0 ppm. The total chlorine concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is within the range of 0.2 to 4.0 ppm. The total chlorine concentration in the water is 1.0 ppm, which is within the range of 0.2 to 4.0 ppm.

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Failure to use
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