# Certification

MSDH-WATER SUPPLY Water systems serving 10,000 or more must use: 2023 APR 28 AM 8: 15 Distribution Method I Water systems serving 500 - 9,999 must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV Water system serving less than 500 people must use: Distribution Method I OR Distribution Method II, III, and IV OR OFFICE USE ONLY Distribution Method III and IV 7-digit Public Water Supply ID #(s): Public Water Supply name(s): 0610008 Distribution (Methods used to distribute CCR to our customers) **☑**1. CCR directly delivered using one or more method below: \*Add direct Web address (URL) here: \*Provided direct Web address to customer https://fanoinwaterassociation.org/cerl □ Hand delivered Example: "The current CCR is available at ☐ Mail paper copy www.waterworld.org/ccrMay2023/0830001.pdf. □ Email call (000) 000-0000 for paper copy". Date(s) published: II. Published the complete CCR in the local newspaper. □ III. Inform customers the CCR will not be mailed but is available upon request. List method(s) used (examples - newspaper, water Location distributed: bills, newsletter, etc.). Date: □ IV. Post the complete CCR continuously at the Locations posted: local water office. Good Faith Effort" in other public buildings with the water system service area (i.e. City Hall, Public Library, etc.) Certification This Community public water system confirms it has distributed its Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers and the appropriate notices of availability have been given and that the information contained in its CCR is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the MS State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply and the requirements of the CCR rule. Date: Title: Name: & thice manager Submittal Email the following required items to water reports a msdh.ms.gov regardless of distribution methods used. 3. Proof of delivery method(s) 2. Certification 1. CCR (Water Quality Report)

#### 2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Fannin Water Association PWS#: 0610008 April 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

#### **Contact & Meeting Information**

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Betty Prince at 601.829.3343. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the annual meeting scheduled for June 24, 2023 at 2:00 PM at the FBC Fannin located at 101 Church Rd, Brandon, MS 39047.

#### Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Fannin Water Association have received a lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

#### **Period Covered by Report**

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

#### **Terms and Abbreviations**

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

45				TEST RI	ESULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	• MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorgani	c Conta	minant	S	-				
10. Barium	N	2022	.0019	.00170019	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2022	1	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2020/22	,1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2022	.126	<sub></sub> 11126	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2020/22	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
20. Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	N	2022	.0575	No Range	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Volatile C	rganic	Contan	inants					
66. Ethylben- zene	N	2022	.61	No Range	ppb	700	700	Discharge from petroleum refineries
76. Xylenes	N	2022	.0036	No Range	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfect	ion By-	Produc	ets					
81. HAA5	N	2022	12.2	4.8 – 12.2	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2022	21.5	8.05 – 21.5	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2022	2.2	0 -2.7	Mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

#### **LEAD INFORMATION**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

#### **VIOLATIONS**

Our system received a violation for not submitting a 2022 Annual Report. The report was completed, and our system was returned as compliant.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Fannin Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. Notice: This report will not be mailed out to each customer. Copies are available upon request to our water office. Website: FanninWaterAssociation.org.

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Inorgani	c Conta	minant	S					
10. Barlum	N	2022	.0019	.00170019	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; arcsion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2022	1	No Ronge,	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp milts; erosion of natural deposits
14, Copper	N	2020/22	1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; prosion of natural deposits; teaching from wood preservatives
16 Fluoride	N	2022	.126	.11128	ppm			Erosion of natural deposits: water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Load	N	2020/22	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Conceion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
20, Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	N	2022	.0575	No Range	ppm	8 1 avu	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; teaching from septic tents, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Volatile C	rganic	Contan	inants					
66 Elhylben-	N	2022	.01	No Range	ppb	700	700	Discharge from petroloum refineries
76. Xylenes	'n	2022	.0036	No Range	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petrolaum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfect	ion By-	Produc	ts					
81, HAAS	N	2022	12.2	4.8 - 12.2	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
62. TTHM [Total tinalomothenosi	N	2022	21.5	8.05 – 21.6	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2022	2.2	0 -2.7	Mg/i	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

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To submit Richland area news, please see addresses below. Label all items for RICHLAND NEWS and include a phone number in case I have a question. Email or mail your item at least 2 weeks before the event to ensure it can meet deadline. DEADLINE for this column is NOON FRIDAY BEFORE the next edition. PHOTOGRAPHS ARE NOT ACCEPTED AND WILL NOT BE RETURNED. Please contact Rankin County News at 601-825-8333 if you have a photograph. I DO NOT OPEN ATTACHMENTS! Any email with an attachment is deleted without being opened. All news items can be emailed to dearannrcn@aol.com or mailed to Ann Farmer, 104 Shipp Lane, Florence, MS 39073.

#### RICHLAND PUBLIC LIBRARY **NEWS**

All CMRLS Libraries will be closed Monday, May 29 for the National Memorial Day holiday. Regular library hours will resume on Tuesday, May 20. Have a safe and happy holiday?

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### **PUBLIC NOT**

The City of Richland, Miss gives notice that its annual cial report for the year end 30, 2022, has been comp are available to the public brough Street, Richland, M

S/Karen Jackson City Clerk

Published: April 26, 2023 and M

## NOTICE OF RI **INCURRED BY** DURING FISCAL YEAR FOR V

Pursuant to Section 17-17-348 of tl tion is provided regarding the reveland for waste collection services d

Revenues GARBAGE SERVICE FEES https://fanninwaterassociation.org/ccr1
THE ANNUAL BOARD MEETING WILL BE
HELD JUNE 24th, 2023 @ 2pm
@ 101 CHURCH RD
FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH OF FANNIN

2023 MAY 17 PM4:32

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