### **2021 CERTIFICATION**

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Molden Manage under	Assn	
Olden Manage water PRINT Public Wa () 130019 #2	ater System Name #1	
()13W19 "A	0130018	
List PWS ID #s for all Community \	Nater Systems included in this CCF	₹
CCR DISTRIBUTION (C	heck all boxes that apply)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication	on, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)		Alucy 5,2021
□ On water bill (Attach copy of bill)		July 3021
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)		U
□ Other (Describe:		
		- 155 150115
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication,	water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U.S. Postal Service		
□ Distributed via E-mail as a URL  (Provide direct URL)		
□ Distributed via Email as an attachment		
Distributed via Email as text within the body of email mes	sage	
☐ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR of	r proof of publication)	Aug 15, 2021
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations or list here)		
Posted online at the following address https://me	er 2.org   2021 ccr   goldent	rianglez.pdi
	ICATION	
I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population serve is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.	<ul> <li>d. Furthermore, I certify that the information r sampling performed and fulfills all CCR req</li> </ul>	contained in the report
Opported Stirle	Office manger Title	8\ 29\ 2072 Date
SUBMISSION OPTION	S (Select one method ONLY)	
You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certific	cation, and associated proof of delivery for the state of	very method(s) to
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.c	vor
		dament,

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

#### 2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Golden Triangle Water Association PWS#: 130018 & 130019

June 2022

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Eutaw McShan & Tuscaloosa Aquifers and purchased from the City of West Point that has wells drawing from the Eutaw Formation & the Gordo Formation Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Golden Triangle Water Association and the City of West Point have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please call 662.327.3008. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Monday of each month at 6:00 PM at the office located at 438 Mayhew Rd.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Level 1 Assessment: A study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

PWS ID#	120010			TEST RESU				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
8. Arsenic	N	2021	1	.5 – 1	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runof from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2021	.0408	.02710408	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2021	2.5	.5 – 2.5	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2017/19*	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
				.252 - 1.55				

(#)									additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2017/19*	2	0	ppb		0	AL=1	<ul><li>Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits</li></ul>
Sodium	N	2021	201	27.4 - 201	ppm		20		Road Salt, Water Treatment     Chemicals, Water Softeners and     Sewage Effluents.
Disinfect	tion By-	Products							
Chlorine	N	2021	,9	.82 – .97	mg/l	0	MDF		Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#	130019			TEST RE	SUI	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detect or # of Sample Exceeding MCL/ACL		Unit Jeasure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactiv	e Cont	aminar	its						
5. Gross Alpha	N	2018*	6.4	No Range		pCi/L		15	Erosion of natural deposits
6. Radium 226 Radium 228	N	2018*	.38 .88	No Range	No Range pCi/		(	5	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic (	Contam	inants							
8. Arsenic	N	2018*	.9	.79	þ	plo	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0745	.04230745	þ	ррт		2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018*	4.6	1.4 – 4.6		pb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	1/6-2021	0	0	P	pm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018*	.877	.195877	r	pm	4	4	
17. Lead	N	1/6-2021	0	0	þ	pb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	120000	5800 - 120000	F	pb	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	on By-F	Product	S						
81. HAA5				No Range	ppb		0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2021	4.34	No Range	ppb		0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2021	1	1.04 – 1.09	mg/l		0 M	DRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup>Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the CITY OF WEST POINT is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 11. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 92%.

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain

at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Golden Triangle Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

## RECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY 2022 MAY -5 AM 8: 48



RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

GOLDEN TRIANGLE WATER ASSN.
P.O. BOX 1115
West Point, MS 39773
(662) 327-3008
RETURN SERVICE REQUE
Office Hours: M-T 8:00am - 2:30 pm • Fri 8am - 2pm

TYPE METER RI	EADING	n - 2:30 pm • Fi	i 8am - 2pm
Water 403230	399570	USED	CHAP GOT
FIRE DONATION	555570	3,660	39.14
			1.00

4	OSICHER /	PASTER
TOTAL DU	1678 EUPON RECEIP	7/15/21
4	10.14	PAST DUE AMOUNT 44.15

# PAY BY 20TH TO AVOID CUTOFF!

Service From 5/21/2021 TO 6/21/2021 ACCOUNT 1678

METERREAD CLASS TOTAL DIE	ACCOUNT	1678	6/25/21
ANUAL MEETING: 8-16-21 at 7 pm 1-	AFTER DUE DATE	44.1	STOUS NOUNT 5

Dave Dispenza 12692 US 128 Nashville GA 31639

ANUAL MEETING: 8-16-21 at 7 pm, located at EMCC ANUAL MEETING: 8-16-21 at 7 pm, located at EMCC
Maybew Campus.
To view our CCR report, please visit: http://msr2.org/2029ccr/goldentriangle2.pdf