2021 CERTIFICATION Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Hilldale Water District, Inc. PRINT Public Water System Name

0750005
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
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□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations or list here)	
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CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been prepared and distributed to its custome the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population served. Furthermore, I certify that the information of is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for sampling performed and fulfills all CCR required for Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.	ontained in the report
Bradley Durnes General Manager Name Title	6/15/2022 Date
SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)	
You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of deliv- the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.	ery method(s) to
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.go MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	<u>ov</u>

2021 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT for HILLDALE WATER DISTRICT, INC. PWS ID: 750005

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as feating by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report contains information from 2021 comparing your tap water to all U.S. Environmental Protected D.J. Agency (EPA) and Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH) drinking water health standards. Our efforts each day are directed toward providing you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. This report contains information about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by the regulatory agencies. We are committed to providing information on our operations and future plans because informed customers are our best allies. During 2021 our water came from eight wells that draw from the Forest Hill Aquifer and one that draws from the Sparta Aquifer. The minimum and maximum running annual average free chlorine levels in 2021 were 0.6 mg/l and 1.0 mg/l respectively.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers, EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Hilldale Water District routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to federal and state requirements. Water samples collected by HWD are analyzed by the MSDH Laboratory. The table below presents the results of our monitoring primarily during the period of January 1 to December 31, 2021. Earlier monitoring results are reported for constituents tested less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Information is included on all constituents present at a detectable level in the laboratory analyses. HWD water was tested for numerous other contaminants that were not detected.

The Mississippi Department of Health has completed a source water assessment to determine the overall susceptibility of the HWD drinking water supply to potential sources of contamination. The HWD wells have received a moderate general susceptibility ranking to contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to HWD and is available for review at the HWD office.

To Pay Your Bill

Come on in. Our business office is open to accept payments, masks optional. Payment methods include: Cash, Check, Money Orders and Debit/Credit Cards. Debit/Credit cards can be done either in person or over the phone. An automatic draft from a checking account is also offered.

Water Conservation Tips

Small changes can make a big difference. Try one today and soon it will become second nature

- Take short showers. A 5-minute shower uses 4-5 gallons of water compared to up to 50 gallons for a bath,
- Shut off water while brushing your teeth, washing your hair and shaving and save up to 500 gallons per month.
- Use a water-efficient shower head. They are inexpensive, easy to install and can save you up to 750 gallons per month.
- Run your clothes washer and dish washer only when full. You can save up to 1,000 gallons per month
- Water plants only when necessary
- Fix a leaky toilets and faucets. Faucet washers are inexpensive and take only a few minutes to replace. To check your toilet for a leak, place a few drops of food coloring in the tank and wait. If it seeps into the toilet bowl without flushing, you have a leak. Fixing or replacing it with a new more efficient model can save up to 1,000 gallons per month.
- Adjust sprinklers so only your lawn is watered. Apply water only as fast as the soil can absorb it and during the cooler parts
 of the day to reduce evaporation.
- Teach your kids about water conservation to ensure a future generation that uses water wisely. Make it a family effort to reduce next month's water bill!
- Visit www epa gov/watersense for more information

Reminder

Many people experienced damaged water pipes this past winter due to the freezing temperatures. Be weather aware, Winterizing outside water faucets with insulation covers are a good idea. Do not forget to insulate the water pipes under houses with conventional foundations and mobile homes. These pipes will freeze and the customer will be without water until the pipes thaw. Customers may want to cut the water off to out buildings or facilities that are not constantly occupied or if traveling to avoid damaged water pipes from leaking and causing large bills while no one is around.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Hilldale Water District is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

You may want additional information about your drinking water. You may contact our Certified Waterworks Operator, Timmy Tedder, or our General Manager, Bradley Barnes at 601-636-8475, or you may prefer to log on to the Internet and obtain specific information about your system and its compliance history at the following address: http://www.msdh.state.ms.us/watersupply/index.htm Compliance and reporting violations, and other information pertaining to your water supply including "Why, When and How to Boil Your Drinking Water" and "Flooding and Safe Drinking Water" may be obtained.

Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary

significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below.

 Term ppm
 Definition
 ppm
 Parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/l)
 ppb
 Parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (μg/l)

 NA
 Not applicable
 ND
 Not detected

MCLG Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MCL Maximum Contaminant Level: the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

TT Treatment Technique: a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

AL Action Level: the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

MRDLG Maximum Residual Disinfection Level Goal: the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is πo known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

MRDL Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level: the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

	MCL	G MC	- 1	Detect In	Ra	nge				
Contaminants	or MRD	LG MR		Your Water	Low	High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source	
Disinfectants & Disinfec	ction By	-Produc	ts							
(There is convincing evic	lence th	at additio	n of	a disinf	ectant	is nec	cessary for	control of	microbial contaminants)	
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4		1	.6	l	2021	No	Water additive used to control microbes	
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60		14	NA	NA	2021	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination	
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80)	33.6	NA 1		2021	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection	
Inorganic Contaminant	s									
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10)	5	NA	.5	2021	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits	
Contaminants		MCLG	AL	Your Water		ıple l	Samples Exceeding		Typical Source	
Inorganic Contaminant	s									
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)		1.3	1.3	.2	20:	21	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits	
Lead - action level at con taps (ppb)	sumer	0	15	.002	20:	21	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits	

Undetected Contaminants

The following contaminants were monitored for, but not detected, in your water.

Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	TT, or	Your	Violation	Typical Source
Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	1	1	ND		Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits

The HWD Board normally meets on the second Tuesday of each month at 6:00 PM at the HWD office (4326 Lee Road). We encourage all customers who have concerns or questions to request a meeting with us. Our District conducts its annual meeting on a Tuesday in February at 7:00 PM at the Hilldale office (4326 Lee Road). Notices of this important meeting are mailed to all customers encouraging attendance. So that we may contact you about future boil water situations or other important information, please contact the HWD office at 601-636-8475 to ensure we have your correct contact information. Although copies of this report are NOT being mailed, copies are available for review at the Hilldale office (4326 Lee Road) and at www.hilldalewater.com.

Publisher's Certificate of Publication

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI **COUNTY OF WARREN**

Catherine Boone Hadaway, being duly sworn, on oath says she is and during all times herein stated has been an employee of Vicksburg Newsmedia publisher and printer of the The Vicksburg Post (the "Newspaper"), has full knowledge of the facts herein stated as follows:

1. The Newspaper printed the copy of the matter attached hereto (the "Notice") was copied from the columns of the Newspaper and was printed and published in the English language on the following days and dates:

06/12/22

- 2. The sum charged by the Newspaper for said publication is the actual lowest classified rate paid by commercial customer for an advertisement of similar size and frequency in the same newspaper in which the Notice was published.
- 3. There are no agreements between the Newspaper, publisher, manager or printer and the officer or attorney charged with the duty of placing the attached legal advertising notice whereby any advantage, gain or profit accrued to said officer or attorney

(atherine Bone Hadoway)

Catherine Boone Hadaway, Publisher

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th Day of June, 2022



Shandale Goodman, Notary Public State of Mississippi My commission expires 07-30-2022

Account # 184685 Ad # 1462080

HILLDALE WATER DISTRICT 4326 LEE ROAD VICKSBURG MS 39180

	MCLG	MGL	Betact In Your Water	Ran	10+	1015	100	r.	TO AND A	
Contaminents	MRDLG	IT, or		Low	High	Sample	-Venture		Typical Source	
Disinfectanta A Dialefact	con By-Proc	ecta		-	-		1		1	
Their a servicing exist	now that adol	lion of a di	solectant is :	ecossary fo	מלורסס זו	o' m crobial :	contamin	arts)		
Chlorine (as C12) (ppm)	417	4	,	,to .	E.	2025	No		Water admitive used to control microbes	
Hahacett Acids (HAM: (ngt)	NA.	ti.	14	121	N/A	7021	10		Bronded if drawing with the right	
TEMM [Total (shartmemarks) (pati)	Nt.	10	33.6L	Ngs.	M	2021	50		By-grooted of divoling water destricted	
Invigent Doctationers					_	-	_			
as Nilrogen)		10	3	Nt.	4	201	10		Named Ingo Sentagor use Leading Ingo more larged president finishes of the Lors Security.	
Contaminants	MELE		Year Water	Sample		e Samples screening AL	Exceeds		Typical Source	
Invigatio Consuments			-				-			
Copper - action level at consumer tales (gam)	1,3	1.2	1	2221	F		60	Contact of household plumping systems Extraor of return pipolis		
Lead action level at	1	15	.007	2321	19	ě.			consulen of neutronic plumbing systems. Crossen of natural deposits	
De Yallowing contaminants were	manutured for, b	ut not peteca	eo, in your with	Undetect	d Conta	minanta				
Cardaminants	MCLG of MRDLG			Violetto		Frederic Sturm			pled) Source	
Fairte mailsured as Nitrogen	100	310	ND	Ho		Runoti from fertilizer use, Leaching from septic tanks, sewage. Erosion i ratural deposits				