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2022 AUG 19 AM 8:20

2021 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Town of Terry
PRINT Public Water System Name
 250025

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)	July 1, 2022 July 1, 2022
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On water bill (Attach copy of bill)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Email message (Email the message to the address below)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Describe: _____)	

DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via U.S. Postal Service	
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via E-mail as a URL <small>(Provide direct URL): _____</small>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via Email as an attachment	
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via Email as text within the body of email message	
<input type="checkbox"/> Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Posted in public places (attach list of locations or list here) City Hall; Terry Public Library; Terry Post office	6/12/2022
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Posted online at the following address <small>(Provide direct URL):</small> http://terryms.org/2021-annual-drinking-water-quality-report/	6/14/22

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been prepared and distributed to its customers in accordance with the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population served. Furthermore, I certify that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for sampling performed and fulfills all CCR requirements of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.

Alex K. Reed
Name
City Clerk
Title
8/18/2022
Date

SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)

You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of delivery method(s) to the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
 MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
 P.O. Box 1700
 Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 Town of Terry Water Service
 PWS#: 250025
 June 2022

RECEIVED
 MSDH-WATER SUPPLY
 2022 JUN 14 AM 8:40

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Forest Hill Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Terry have received lower to moderate rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Larry Hoover at 662.571.7602 or Joseph O. Kendrick at 601.906.3383. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us for the regular meetings scheduled for the first Tuesday of each month at 7:00 PM at the City Hall. .

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Microbiological Contaminants								
1. Total Coliform Bacteria including E. Coli	Y	March	Monitoring	0	NA	0	presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples	Naturally present in the environment E Coli comes from human and animal fecal waste

Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2020*	.0049	.0041 - .0049	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2020*	4.7	1.8 – 4.7	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2020*	.236	.225 - .236	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
20. Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	N	2021	.0282	No Range	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	120000	110000 - 120000	PPB	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.

Disinfection By-Products

81. HAA5	N	2021	4.87	4.84 – 4.87	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2021	4.48	4.38 – 4.48	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	Y	2021	1	.5 – 1.7	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021.

Microbiological Contaminants:

(1) Total Coliform/E Coli. Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system.

Disinfection By-Products:

Chlorine. Some people who use water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience irritating effects to their eyes and nose. Some people who drink water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience stomach discomfort.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During March 2021, we did not complete all monitoring or testing for bacteriological and Chlorine contaminants and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time. We were required to take 2 samples and took none. We have since taken the required sample that showed we are meeting drinking water standards.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Significant Deficiencies

Monitoring and Reporting of Compliance Data Violations:

During a sanitary survey conducted on 10/23/2020, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s):

Cross Connection Control

Site Security

Corrective Actions: The system is scheduled to complete corrective actions by 3/21/21 using a compliance plan or are within the initial 120 days minimum. Our system has failed to meet the compliance deadline and is now in enforcement status and must appear before MSDH Enforcement and the state appointed Hearing Officer.

Monitoring and Reporting of Compliance Data Violations:

During a sanitary survey conducted on 12/21/2021, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s):

Source Water Quantity/Quality

Corrective Actions: The system is scheduled to complete corrective actions by 7/05/22 using a compliance plan or are within the initial 120 days minimum.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water,

may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Town of Terry Water Service works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Terry Water Service PWS#: 250025 June 2022

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The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. The information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Terry are listed in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

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Microbiological Contaminants

Total Coliform Bacteria including E. Coli	Y	March	Monitoring	0	NA	0		presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples
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Inorganic Contaminants

Barium	N	2020*	.0049	.0041 - .0049	ppm	2	2	Discharge of metal re deposits
Chromium	N	2020*	4.7	1.8 - 4.7	ppb	100	100	Discharge from erosion of nat
Copper	N	2018/20*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of F systems; erosi leaching from
Fluoride	N	2020*	.236	.225 - .236	ppm	4	4	Erosion of nat additive whic discharge from
Lead	N	2018/20*	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of F systems, erosi
Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	N	2021	.0282	No Range	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fr septic tanks, s
Sodium	N	2019*	120000	110000 - 120000	ppb	0	0	Road Salt, Wa Water Softene

Disinfection By-Products

HAAS	N	2021	4.87	4.84 - 4.87	ppb	0	60	By-Product of
THM	N	2021	4.48	4.38 - 4.48	ppb	0	80	By-Product of

NOTICE: PAYMENTS MUST BE RECEIVED IN OUR
OFFICE BEFORE 5:00 PM ON THE 18TH
OF THE MONTH TO AVOID A LATE FEE
OF \$10.00

THERE IS A \$35.00 BAD CHECK FEE.

*****ALL ACCOUNTS 60 DAYS PAST
DUE WILL BE LOCKED*****

RECONNECT FEE \$35.00 PLUS TOTAL AMOUNT
DUE MUST BE PAID IN FULL AT THE OFFICE
BEFORE SERVICE IS RESTORED.

OFFICE HOURS: 8:30AM - 5:00PM
MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY
12:30PM - 1:30PM CLOSED FOR LUNCH

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER IS
AVAILABLE IN THE 2020 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT AT
<http://terryms.org/2021-annual-drinking-water-quality-report/>

MAKE CHECKS PAYABLE TO:
TOWN OF TERRY — WATER
P.O. BOX 327
TERRY, MS 39170-0327

YOU MAY PAY BILLS ONLINE AT
<http://terryms.org/water-sewer/>
BANK DRAFT AND DROP BOX ARE ALSO
AVAILABLE AT OUR OFFICE:
315 CUNNINGHAM AVE.



SCAN QR CODE TO SIGN UP FOR TEXT ALERTS.