

2021 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

RECEIVED
MSDH-WATER SUPPLY
2022 JUN - 8 PM 1:42

City of Hattiesburg
PRINT Public Water System Name

0180008

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply)

INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
<input type="checkbox"/> Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On water bill (Attach copy of bill) <i>See Attached</i>	<i>6-7-2022</i>
<input type="checkbox"/> Email message (Email the message to the address below)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Describe: _____)	
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via U.S. Postal Service	
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via E-mail as a URL (Provide direct URL): _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via Email as an attachment	
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via Email as text within the body of email message	
<input type="checkbox"/> Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Posted in public places (attach list of locations or list here) <i>See Attached - 6-8-2022</i>	<i>6-8-2022</i>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Posted online at the following address (Provide direct URL): <i>hattiesburgms.com</i>	<i>6-7-2022</i>

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been prepared and distributed to its customers in accordance with the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population served. Furthermore, I certify that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for sampling performed and fulfills all CCR requirements of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.

Alan Howe
Name

Director
Title

6/8/22
Date

SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)

You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of delivery method(s) to the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

First, Thursday of each month as required by law, the Mayor and council welcomes public participation at these meetings.

Description of Water Treatment Process

Your water is treated by filtration and disinfection. Filtration removes particles suspended in the source water. Particles typically include clay and silt, natural organic matter, iron and manganese, and microorganisms. Your water is also treated by disinfection. Disinfection involves the addition of chlorine or other disinfectants to kill bacteria and other microorganisms (bacteria, cysts, etc.) that may be in the water. Disinfection is considered one of the major public health advances of the 20th century.

Water Conservation Tips

Do you know that the average U.S. household uses approximately 400 gallons of water per day or 100 gallons per person per day? Luckily, there are many low-cost and no-cost ways to conserve water. Small changes can make a big difference - try one today and soon it will become second nature.

- Take short showers - a 5 minute shower uses 4 to 5 gallons of water compared to up to 50 gallons for a bath.
- Shut off water while brushing your teeth, washing your hair and shaving and save up to 500 gallons a month.
- Use a water-efficient showerhead. They're inexpensive, easy to install, and can save you up to 750 gallons a month.
- Run your clothes washer and dishwasher only when they are full. You can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- Water plants only when necessary.
- Fix leaky toilets and faucets. Faucet washers are inexpensive and take only a few minutes to replace. To check your toilet for a leak, place a few drops of food coloring in the tank and wait. If it seeps into the toilet bowl without flushing, you have a leak. Fixing it or replacing it with a new, more efficient model can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- Adjust sprinklers so only your lawn is watered. Apply water only as fast as the soil can absorb it and during the cooler parts of the day to reduce evaporation.
- Teach your kids about water conservation to ensure a future generation that uses water wisely. Make it a family effort to reduce next month's water bill.
- Visit www.epa.gov/waterSense for more information.

Cross Connection Control Survey

The purpose of this survey is to determine whether a cross-connection may exist at your home or business. A cross-connection is an unintended or improper connection to a public water distribution system that may cause contamination or pollution to enter the system. We are responsible for enforcing cross-connection control regulations and insuring that no contaminants can, under any flow conditions, enter the distribution system. If you have any of the devices listed below please contact us so that we can discuss the issue, and if needed, survey your connection and assist you in isolating it if that is necessary.

- Boiler/Radiant heater (water heaters not included)
- Underground lawn sprinkler system
- Pool or hot tub (whirlpool tubs not included)
- Additional sources of water on the property
- Watering trough

Other Information

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies," CITY OF HATTIESBURG is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within optimal range of 0.5 - 1.2 parts per million (ppm) was 5. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.5 - 1.2 ppm was 32%.

Additional Information for Lead

present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. City Of Hattiesburg PWS# 0180008 is responsible for providing high quality drinking water. It cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/leadwater/>

Additional Information for Arsenic

While your drinking water meets EPA's standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. EPA's understanding of the current health effects of arsenic is possible health effects against the crisis of removing arsenic from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

For more information please contact:

Robert Hamer, Alan Howe
Address: 900 James Street
Hattiesburg, MS 39401
Phone: 601-545-4530

PRSRT STD
U.S. Postage
PAID
Hattiesburg, MS 39402
Permit No. 4

Hattiesburg Water & Sewer Dept.
900 James Street
Hattiesburg, MS 39402

CITY OF HATTIESBURG

2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Este informe contiene informacion muy importante sobre la calidad de su agua beber. Traducalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Report prepared May 2022



Hattiesburg Water & Sewer Dept. Phone: (601) 545-4530
Water Plant #2 Fax: (601) 545-4689
900 James Street www.hattiesburgms.com
Hattiesburg, Mississippi 39401
Office hours: 7:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday thru Friday



Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants at low levels. These substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increase protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations in might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

Contaminants	MCLG or MBDLG	MCL, TT, or MBDL	Detect in Your Water	Range		Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
				Low	High			
Disinfectants & Disinfection By-Products (There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants)								
Chlorine (as Cl ₂) (ppm)	4	4	1.7	.013	2.2	2021	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Hexachloro Acids (HCHAs) (ppb)	NA	60	5.97	NA	NA	2021	No	By-product of disinfecting water chlorination
Trihalo Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	NA	80	1.8	5	19	2021	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Inorganic Contaminants								
Antimony (ppb)	6	6	5	5	5	2021	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries, fine metalworks, ceramic, electronics, solder, lead addition
Arsenic (ppb)	0	10	.5	NA	.5	2021	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production waste
Boron (ppm)	2	2	.0689	.0918	.0689	2021	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Beryllium (ppb)	4	4	.0005	NA	.0689	2021	No	Discharge from metal refineries and coal handling facilities; Discharge from electrical, microprocessor, and defense industries
Cadmium (ppb)	5	5	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; Emissions of natural deposits; Discharge from metal refineries, runoff from waste batteries and paints
Chromium (ppb)	100	100	.0009	.0009	.0009	2021	No	Discharge from steel and pig iron mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Cyanide (ppb)	200	200	15	15	15	2021	No	Discharge from plastic and paper mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	.908	.908	.908	2021	No	Discharge from natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and ammonium factories
Manganese (unadjusted) (ppm)	2	2	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from fertilizers and insecticides; Runoff from lawns; Runoff from erosion
Nitrite (measured as Nitrogen) (ppm)	10	10	.08	.08	.08	2021	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen) (ppm)	1	1	.02	.02	.02	2021	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Selenium (ppb)	50	50	.0025	.0025	.0025	2021	No	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines
Sodium (optional) (ppm)	NA	NA	28	12.6	26	2021	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from mines
Thallium (ppb)	.5	2	.0006	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from electronics, glass, and leaching from ore processing sites; drug factories
Volatile Organic Compounds								
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (ppb)	200	200	5	5	5	2021	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (ppb)	3	7	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
1,1-Dichloroethylene (ppb)	7	7	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (ppb)	70	70	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from textile-finishing factories
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (ppb)	0	0	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
1,2-Dichloroethane (ppb)	0	0	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Benzene (ppb)	0	0	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Carbon Tetrachloride (ppb)	0	0	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from factories; Leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills
Chloroform (monochloroethanol) (ppb)	0	0	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities
Chloroacetylene (monochloroethanol) (ppb)	100	100	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from chemical and agricultural chemical factories
Dichloromethane (ppb)	5	5	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from pharmaceutical and chemical factories
Ethylbenzene (ppb)	700	700	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries
Styrene (ppb)	100	100	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from rubber and plastic factories; Leaching from landfills
trans-Nonachloroethene (ppb)	1	1	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries
Toluene (ppm)	1	1	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries
Trichloroethylene (ppb)	0	0	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories
Vinyl Chloride (ppb)	2	2	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Leaching from PVC piping; Discharge from plastics factories
Xylenes (ppm)	10	10	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries; Discharge from chemical factories
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (ppb)	70	70	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
o-Dichlorobenzene (ppb)	600	600	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
p-Dichlorobenzene (ppb)	75	75	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (ppb)	100	100	.5	.5	.5	2021	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories

Contaminants	MCLG	AL	Your Water	Sample Date	# Samples Exceeding AL	Exceeds AL	Typical Source
Inorganic Contaminants							
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	1.3	.0537	January to June 2020	No	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	.015	.015	.0228	January to June 2020	No	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Term	Definition
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)
NA	NA: not applicable
ND	ND: Not detected
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.

Important Drinking Water Definitions

Term	Definition
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal. The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level. The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
TT	TT: Treatment Technique. A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
AL	AL: Action Level. The concentration of a constituent which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Examples

MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal. The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level. The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

TT: Treatment Technique. A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

AL: Action Level. The concentration of a constituent which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Examples: Arsenic, Nitrate, and Lead.

Do I need to take special precautions?
Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?
The City of Hattiesburg's water supply comes from 15 deep ground water wells, coming from the miscene aquifer system.

Source water assessment and its availability
A copy of the Source Water water assessment is available by request from the Hattiesburg water dept. or from the MS State Health Dept. Web Site.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?
Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from septic treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved?
Hattiesburg water Department is governed by the City of Hattiesburg Mayor, and City Council which means the



WATER BILLING STATEMENT

WATER BILLING OFFICE
Office: 105 South Park Ave Hattiesburg MS 39401
Mailing: PO Box 1897 Hattiesburg MS 39403-1897
Phone: 601-545-4634

Office Hours
Lobby: 8 AM - 4 PM
Drive-Thru: 8 AM - 5 PM
Mon-Fri (Except Holidays)

SERVICE DETAILS

CUSTOMER NAME: HARRIETTE SUGGS
ACCOUNT NUMBER: 00086171
SERVICE ADDRESS: 1106 RUSHING AVE
SERVICE PERIOD: 5/25/2022
BILLING DATE: 6/7/2022

METER #	PREVIOUS READ	CURRENT READ	USAGE
81948736	326	326	0

CURRENT CHARGES BREAKDOWN

WATER	\$20.00
SEWER	\$20.00
GARBAGE	\$17.00
MISCELLANEOUS	\$75.00
TOTAL CURRENT CHARGES	\$132.00

ACCOUNT BALANCE SUMMARY

PAST DUE BALANCE:	-\$75.00
CURRENT CHARGES:	\$132.00
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE:	\$57.00

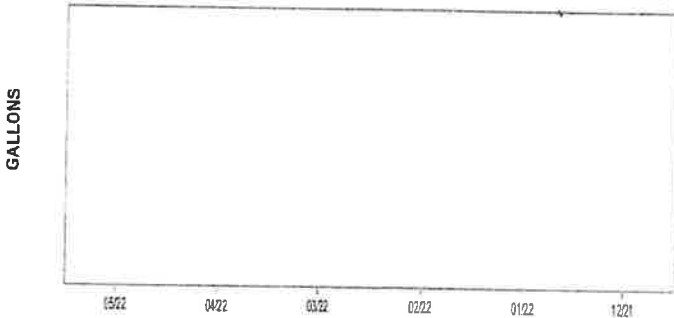
DUE DATE:	6/22/2022
DELINQUENT DATE:	6/22/2022

NOTICE: IF YOU HAVE A PAST DUE BALANCE
Payments not received on customer account by the delinquent date will be disconnected and \$30.00 service fee applied.

See reverse side for list of payment options.

CONSUMPTION GRAPH

6 MONTH WATER USAGE (USAGE LISTED IN THE THOUSANDS OF GALLONS)



Please detach and return bottom portion of bill with payment.

CITY NEWS AND NOTES

UPCOMING HOLIDAYS

Monday, July 4 -- 4th of July

For the revised pick-up schedule for holidays, please visit hattiesburgms.com/cityservices/holidayschedule/.

NEWS & NOTES

As school winds down for the year, the City of Hattiesburg is releasing a digital activity guide to help parents and guardians make plans that will engage local youth throughout the summer. The guide includes a directory of parks and green spaces, places to cool off throughout the summer and a variety of programs available at the Hattiesburg Library, Hattiesburg Community Arts Center, the Hattiesburg Zoo, the Hattiesburg Public School District and more. To download, visit <http://bit.ly/hubbcitysummer>

The Star Spangled Celebration on the River will take place on Friday, July 1 from 6 p.m. until 10 p.m. at Hattiesburg's Chain Park and Petal's River Park. For more details, visit starspangledevent.com

To view the 2021 Water Quality Report, visit <https://www.hattiesburgms.com/cityservices/water-sewer/>.

PAYMENT COUPON



Water Billing Office
PO Box 1897
Hattiesburg, MS 39403-1897

ACCOUNT NUMBER:	00086171
PAST DUE BALANCE:	-\$75.00
CURRENT BALANCE:	\$132.00
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE:	\$57.00
DUE DATE:	6/22/2022

TOTAL AMOUNT ENCLOSED: _____

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

HARRIETTE SUGGS
1106 RUSHING AVE
HATTIESBURG 39401

Please remit and make checks payable to:

CITY OF HATTIESBURG
PO BOX 1897
HATTIESBURG MS 39403-1897



Change of address
Enroll for Auto Bank Draft

Hattiesburg public postings

Consumer Confidence Report

Posted in the Public Buildings located below:

City Hall

Forrest County Library

Water Billing Office

Water Plant #2



WATER BILLING STATEMENT

WATER BILLING OFFICE
Office: 105 South Park Ave Hattiesburg MS 39401
Mailing: PO Box 1897 Hattiesburg MS 39403-1897
Phone: 601-545-4634

Office Hours
Lobby: 8 AM - 4 PM
Drive-Thru: 8 AM - 5 PM
Mon-Fri (Except Holidays)

SERVICE DETAILS

CUSTOMER NAME: ALAN HOWE
ACCOUNT NUMBER: 84030
SERVICE ADDRESS: 2 CARLSBAD
SERVICE PERIOD: 7/11/2022
BILLING DATE: 7/15/2022

METER #	PREVIOUS READ	CURRENT READ	USAGE
121138633	50	57	7

CURRENT CHARGES BREAKDOWN

WATER	\$42.21
SEWER	\$42.21
GARBAGE	\$17.00
RECYCLING	\$6.00
TOTAL CURRENT CHARGES	\$107.42

ACCOUNT BALANCE SUMMARY

PAST DUE BALANCE: \$0.00
CURRENT CHARGES: \$107.42

TOTAL AMOUNT DUE: \$107.42

DUE DATE: 7/30/2022

DELINQUENT DATE: 7/30/2022

NOTICE: IF YOU HAVE A PAST DUE BALANCE
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CITY NEWS AND NOTES

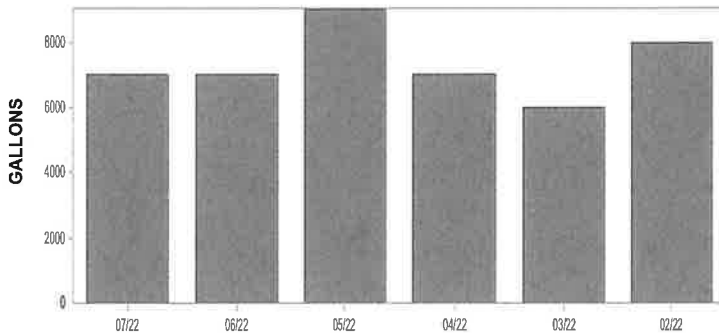
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Please detach and return bottom portion of bill with payment.

PAYMENT COUPON



Water Billing Office
PO Box 1897
Hattiesburg, MS 39403-1897

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

ACCOUNT NUMBER: 84030

PAST DUE BALANCE:
CURRENT BALANCE: \$107.42

TOTAL AMOUNT DUE: \$107.42

DUE DATE: 7/30/2022

TOTAL AMOUNT ENCLOSED: _____

**Please do not remit Payment
Account is on Auto Pay**

ALAN HOWE
2 CARLSBAD
HATTIESBURG MS 39402-7898

- Change of address
- Enroll for Auto Bank Draft