#### **2021 CERTIFICATION**

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

PR	INT Public Water System Nai	TIE .
0036	003	
List PWS ID #s for al	Community Water Systems	included in this CCR
CCR DIST	RIBUTION (Check all boxes i	hat apply)
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach		
Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of		06-09-22
□ On water bill (Attach copy of bill)		
□ Email message (Email the message to the add	ress below)	
□ Other (Describe:		
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy	of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U.S. Postal Service		
□ Distributed via E-mail as a URL  (Provide direct URL):		
□ Distributed via Email as an attachment		
□ Distributed via Email as text within the bo	dy of email message	
□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy		
□ Posted in public places (attach list of location	ns or list here)	
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide direct URL):		
	CERTIFICATION	
I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence the appropriate distribution method(s) based or is correct and consistent with the water quality of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141	population served. Furthermore, I ce monitoring data for sampling performe .151 – 155.	rtify that the information contained in the report ed and fulfills all CCR requirements of the Code
_ Shoulanda Weathers	Jown C	ler K
Name	Title	Date
	SSION OPTIONS (Select one metho	
You must email or mail a copy of the MS	e CCR, Certification, and asso DH, Bureau of Public Water S	ociated proof of delivery method(s) to Supply.
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)		eports@msdh.ms.gov

MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply

P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

#### 2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Gloster PWS#: 0030003 May 2022



We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from three wells drawing from the Miocene Series Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Gloster have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Gary Sterling at 601.657.0478. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 5:30 PM at the Gloster Town Hall.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST R	ESULT	rs		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganio	Contar	ninants						
Inorganio 10. Barium	Contar	ninants 2020*	.0382	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits

17. Lead	N	2017/19*	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2021	.465	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2021	4.09	No Range	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	on By-H	Products	S					
Chlorine	N	2021	1.3	1.3 – 1.3	mg/l	0	MDRL =	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk, More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800,426.4791.

The Town of Gloster works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

# FULL GOSPEL: New Day Church

Sunday Worship10:00 a.m Sunday Eve, Worship6:00 p.m. Wed. Worship7:00 p.m.	Liberty Church of Prayer 1074 E. Main Street, Liberty Pastor: George Storms Phone: 601-657-1131	Sunday
10 a.m.	11 a.m. Church 5	:00 a.m.

## PENTECOSTAL

New Hope Rd. ~ Gloster, Ms Pastor: Rev. Carl Grice Sunday School	Whittington Methodist Chu Hwy. 567 – Liberty, MS 39645 Pastor: Debbie Impson Sunday School
my Cook 	cch of Christ Summit, MS 39666 hard Root dy

Inday School9:30 a.m.	Pastor: Rev. Danny Cook
ship Service 10 a.m.	Sunday School-
vy. 98 ~ Smithdale, MS	Wed Bible Study
isfor: James E. Lee	Summit Church of C
Inday School	612 Peters St ~ Summit, M
ednesday Bible Study7 p.m.	Pastor: Rev. Richard Roo
id Sunday Evening Serv6:30 p.m.	Sunday Bible Study-
ose Mill M.B. Church	Mod Bible Stricty
ny 98 West ~ Meadville. MS	Men plate prod
astor: Oliver W. Smith	Comment of the same of the sam

Peters St ~ Summit, MS 3966 mmit Church of Christ

----5 p.m.

Nednesday:

Discipleship Training ---

--- 9:30 a.m.

Sunday School---Rose Hill Bap
Rose Hill Bap
Rose Hill Bap
Rose Hill Mi-B
Sunday School--3rd Sunday Worst
Wednesday Bible
Rose Hill Mi-B
Hwy 98 West -- M
Pastor: Oliver W

Pastor: Rev. Dr. Willie Toblas ----10 a.m.

### un. Worship----11 a.m. & 6:45 p.m. -6 p.m. -- 9:45 am Sunday Worship -----11 am & 6 pm --- 5 pm

iberty Baptist Church 35 Main Street ~ Liberty, MS

astor: Justin Captes

Sunday School ----

SUNDAY

Prayer Service----

Ved

isciple Training----

unday School-

2021 Annual Drinking Water Guality Report

Busy Corner Rd ~ Gloster, MS

New Hone M.P. Church

PWS#: 0030003 Town of Gloster

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septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink cal contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemiinorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or demestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or ing for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021 in cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface ably expected to contain at least small amounts of some confaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these confaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonfrom human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife water utility. If you want to learn more, please affend any of our regular scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 5:30 PM at the Gloster Town Hall We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminates that we detected dur-

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a margin of safety. Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary

for control microbial contaminants Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goat (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the

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benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

					I	EST RESULTS		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Derected	Range or Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	บกใ Measurement		мсг	Likely source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants	aminants							
10.Barium	Z	2020	.0382	No Range	ррт	ю	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineres; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	Z	2017/19*	0	0	ppm	13	AL=1.3	Carroson of household plumbing systems; erosion of natrual deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	Z	2017/19	0	0	ррь	0	AL=15	Corroson of household plumbing systems; erosion of natrual deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	Z	2021	465	No Range	pprn	10	10	Aunoff from fertilizer use, learning from septic ranks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	z	2021	4.09	No Hange	PP8	20	0	Road salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Ethienis
Disinfection By-Products	3y-Product	S						
Chlorine	z	2021	1.3	1.3-1.3	иди	0	MDRL=4	Water additive used to control microhes

Most recent sample No sample required for 2020

200

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