

**2021 CERTIFICATION**  
Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

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2022 JUN 13 PM 1:09

Town of Dlo Water Dept  
PRINT Public Water System Name  
0640003

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply)	
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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Posted in public places (attach list of locations or list here) <u>Dlo Post Office Dlo Town Hall</u>	5/16/2022
<input type="checkbox"/> Posted online at the following address (Provide direct URL): _____	

**CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been prepared and distributed to its customers in accordance with the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population served. Furthermore, I certify that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for sampling performed and fulfills all CCR requirements of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.

Jue Cates Name

Town Clerk Title

6/6/2022 Date

**SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)**

You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of delivery method(s) to the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

**Mail:** (U.S. Postal Service)  
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply  
P.O. Box 1700  
Jackson, MS 39215  
**Email:** [water.reports@msdh.ms.gov](mailto:water.reports@msdh.ms.gov)

## 2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Town of D'Lo  
PWS#: 0640003  
April 2022

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from Miocene Formation Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of D'Lo have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Steve Womack at 601.847.1057. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 7:00 PM at the Town Hall located at 2158 Simpson HWY 149.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

**Action Level** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)** - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

**Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter** - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS						
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG MCL Likely Source of Contamination
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>						

10. Barium	N	2019*	.0087	.0081 - .0087	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	8	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2021	.932	.924 - .932	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2020	6300	No Range	ppb	0	0	Road Salt; Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.

### Disinfection By-Products

81. HAA5	N	2017*	11	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2021	1.7	1.3 – 2.2	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

\* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021.

We're are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Town of D'Lo works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

# PROOF OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI  
COUNTY OF SIMPSON

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned Notary Public, in and for the County and State aforesaid Masha Bratchley who being by me duly sworn states on oath, that she is Legal Clerk of Simpson County News a newspaper published in the City of Mendenhall, State and County aforesaid, and that the publication of the notice, a copy of which is hereto attached, has been made in said paper 1 times, as follows:

In Vol. \_\_\_ No. \_\_\_ Date 2 day of June 2022.  
In Vol. \_\_\_ No. \_\_\_ Date \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_ 2022.  
In Vol. \_\_\_ No. \_\_\_ Date \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_ 2022.  
In Vol. \_\_\_ No. \_\_\_ Date \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_ 2022.  
In Vol. \_\_\_ No. \_\_\_ Date \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_ 2022.  
In Vol. \_\_\_ No. \_\_\_ Date \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_ 2022.

Signed Masha Bratchley



Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 2 day of JUNE

Tammy Green  
Notary Public

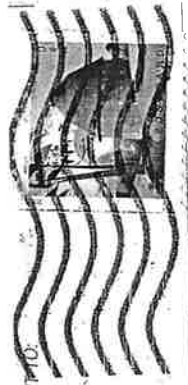
My Commission Expires: April 17, 2026

Can AS A 4X12 AD  
No. words \_\_\_ at \_\_\_ cts. Total \$ 499.20

Proof of Publication : \$ 499.20

Total Cost: \$ 499.20

THIS IS NOT A STATEMENT



RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:

D'LO WATER DEPT.  
CKSON MS BOX 390  
D'LO, MS 39062

2022 PM 3 L

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	SAVE THIS	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
57.07	06/10/2022	5.71	62.78

CCR ON DRINKING WATER FOR 2021  
AVAILABLE AT TOWN HALL

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010059602

[REDACTED]

NO FOR ZII

[REDACTED]



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