



2020 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) Reform Water Users Association
Public Water System Name

/OOOO 7
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper

procedures when distributing the CCR.	ou to the outcome of apen requests	
CCR DISTRIBUTION (Ch	eck all boxes that apply.)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, wat	er bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
		7-7-21
□ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)		
□ Other		
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water b	ill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message		
□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or	proof of publication)	
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations)		
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL):		
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customer above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring day. Water Supply. R. Stant	ers of this public water system in a . I further certify that the informati	on included in this CCR is true
SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)	
You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a c	opy of the CCR and Certification	to the MSDH.
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.	gov
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Fax: (601) 576-7800	(NOT PREFERRED)

CCR DEADLINE TO MSDH & CUSTOMERS: BY JULY 1, 2021

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Reform Water Association PWS#:100007 July 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Reform Water Association have received moderate rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Richard Vowell at 662.285.7243. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of the month at 7:00 PM at the Sherwood Community Center.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2020. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10.000.000.

				TEST RESU	II TC			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples	Unit Measure	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
				Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	-ment			

10. Barium	N	2020	.0186	No Range	pp	m	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2020	1.5	No Range	pp	b	100	10	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2017/19*	.1	0	pp	m	1.3	AL=1	 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2017/19*	2	0	pp	b	0	AL=	15 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	38000	No Range	pp	b	0		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfectio	n By-								
81. HAA5	N	2020	2	No Range	ppb	0		60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2020	5	No Range	ppb	0		80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2020	.6	.57	mg/l	0	MRE	DL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Reform Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Jail Docket

6/26/21 Mark Scott w/m 12/1 contempt of court & failure to appear 12/10/89

6/26/21 Willie B Triplett b/m 9/6/90 CSO DUI 1st refusal & careless driving

6/27/21 Fredrick Baber b/m 7/19/87 APD Simple domestic violence

6/27/21 Gary Fuller b/m 12/8/99 CSO Simple domestic violence

6/27/21 Judith Fuller w/f 12/11/61 CSO child neglect

6/27/21 Fredrick Carter b/m 11/12/77 CSO disturbing family peace

6/29/21 Brittani Kent w/f 3/20/92 APD simple assault

6/30/21 Abu Shabazz b/m 12/12/69 APD contempt of court

Editor's note: Unless otherwise noted or not applicable, defendants listed in this report have only been charged with the offenses listed an have not heen convicted in court. The information contained herein is derived from public records

EMCC to offer "Little Lions" Youth Cheer Camp July 17th on Scooba campus

SCOOBA — East Mississippi Community College will conduct a "Little Lions" Youth Cheer Camp on Saturday, July 17th, on the Scooba cam-

Open to children between the ages of 4-12 and divided into two separate age groups (4-7 and 8-12), EMCC's cheer camp will take place at Keves 12), EMCC's cheer camp will take place at Keyes
T. Currie Coliseum beginning with an 8:30 a.m.
registration. A 9 a.m. morning session will be followed by a 12:45 p.m. afternoon session with
lunch being provided between sessions at 11:30
a.m. A scheduled 4 p.m. camp showcase put on by
the camp participants for family and friends will
conclude the day's activities.

The \$75 camp cost per participant includes lunch, a camp T-shirt and one ticket to the Lions' Sept. 23 home football game against Holmes Community College. Camp participants, who will learn material that will incorporate all aspects of cheerleading, are slated to perform camp material during the EMCC-Holmes football game to be played at Sullivan-Windham Field on the Scooba

campus.

EMCC cheer camp payments must be made in

EMCC cheer camp payments must be made in cash or via money order. Money orders should be made out to EMCC Cheerleading Foundation.

EMCC's "Little Lions" Youth Cheer Camp registration and waiver forms can be downloaded online atwww.EMCCAthletics.com.

Interested camp participants are strongly encouraged to contact EMCC cheerleading coach Danielle McDade via email (dmcdade@eastms.edu) by July 1st to guarantee receiving their preferred camp T-shirt size.



Are you at risk for stroke or cardiovascular disease?

Screenings are easy, painless and non-invasive.

Call Life Line Screening at 855-393-5067

Special Offer for Readers 5 screening package for \$149 2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Reform Water Association July 2021

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10 Benum	11	2020	0186	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13 Chromium	N	2020	1,5	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mile erosion of natural deposits
14, Copper	я	2017/10*	691	0	ppm	1.3	AL=13	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2017/19*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corresion of household plumbing systems erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	38000	No Range	ppb	0	0	Road Selt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents

Disinfection By-Products disinfaction By-product of drinking water chlorination 62.TTHM 2020 No Ranni CNOTES 2020 5-7 MRDL = 4 Water additive used to control

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Publish 07-07-21

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020.

~PROOF OF PUBLICATION~ STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF CHOCTAW

PERSONALLY appeared before me the undersigned authority in and for said County and State, Joseph McCain of The Choctaw Plaindealer, a newspaper printed and published in said County, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the publication of this notice hereto affixed has been made in said newspaper for 1 consecutive week(s), to-wit:

Vol. 134, No. **27**, on the **07**, day of **IUNE**, 2021

(newspaper)

Sworn to and subscribed to this the 9th day of July , 2021, by the undersigned Notary Public of said County and State.

(Notary)

* NOTARY PUBLIC ID No. 107792
Commission Expires February 11, 2022