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2021 JUN 29 PM 1:07

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

2020 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

City of Lumberton

Public Water System Name

0370005

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR.

CCR DISTRIBUTION *(Check all boxes that apply.)*

INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*	DATE ISSUED
☒ Advertisement in local paper *(Attach copy of advertisement)*	6/24/21 + 7/1/21
☐ On water bills *(Attach copy of bill)*	
☐ Email message *(Email the message to the address below)*	
☐ Other _____	
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*	**DATE ISSUED**
☐ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail	
☐ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL *(Provide Direct URL)*: _____	
☐ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment	
☐ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message	
☒ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	6/24 + 7/1/21
☐ Posted in public places (attach list of locations)	
☐ Posted online at the following address *(Provide Direct URL)*: _____	

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Name	Title	Date
[signature]	Public Works Director	6/29/2021

SUBMISSION OPTIONS (*Select one method ONLY*)

You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576-7800 (NOT PREFERRED)

CCR DEADLINE TO MSDH & CUSTOMERS: BY JULY 1, 2021

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
City of Lumberton
PWS ID#: 0370005
May 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Merlene Wall, City Clerk at 601.796.8341. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 6:00 PM at the City Hall Boardroom at 102 East Main Avenue, Lumberton, MS.

Our water source is from three wells drawing from the Miocene Aquifers. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells in the City of Lumberton have received moderate to higher susceptibility rankings to contamination.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st , 2020. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in $10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in $10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2019*	.0041	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2019*	4.82.3	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits

14. Copper	N	2018/20	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2019*	.198	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	52000	No Range	ppb	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2018*	9	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2018*	11.99	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2020	1.4	.97 – 1.84	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

** Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020.*

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however, the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The City of Lumberton is proud to continue to offer a great product to each customer. We work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Hattiesburg Publishing, Inc.

525 North Main Street, Suite C. • Hattiesburg, MS 39403
(601) 268-2331 tel • (601) 268-2965 fax

Proof of Publication

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, LAMAR COUNTY, FORREST COUNTY
Personally appeared before me, the undersigned person, representing The PineBelt NEWS, aweekly newspapers published in Lamar County and Forrest County, Mississippi, who, being duly sworn, says that the notice, a true copy of which is hereto annexed, appeared in the issues of said newspapers as follows:

Total # of Words: 4x14.5 Published 2 times

Date 1st Published: June 24 Amt: 1044.00

Date 2nd Published: July 1 Amt: 1044.00

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Date 5th Published: _____ Amt: _____

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TOTAL: 2091.00

(signed) Christina Price
The PineBelt NEWS

Sworn to and subscribed before me in my Presence, this 1st day of July, 2021, a Notary Public in and for the County of Lamar, State of Mississippi:

(signed) Katherine H. Bullock

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI NOTARY PUBLIC ID = 71666 KATHERINE H. BULLOCK Commission Expires Oct. 28, 2023 LAMAR COUNTY

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY:

- ☐ Em P: _____
- ☐ App: _____
- ☐ File Name: City of Lumberton - Water Quality report
- ☐ Invoice #: _____
- ☐ Inv. Crt/Mld: _____
- ☐ Pymt Rec.d: _____
- ☐ POP sent: _____

2020 Ann

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Qua
services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal i
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If you have any questions about this report or concerning
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LEGAL NOTICES - 123

SUMMONS

granted on the 18th day of June, 2021, by the Chancery Court of Forrest County, Mississippi, in Chancery Rational GreenPoint Mortgage Funding Trust 2006-OH1, Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2006-OH1 has here-before substituted Shapiro & Brown, LLC as Trustee by instrument dated February 23, 2021 and recorded in the aforesaid Chancery Clerk's Office in Book 1851 Page 291; and

WHEREAS, default having been made in the terms and conditions of said deed of trust and the entire debt secured thereby having been declared to be

LEGAL NOTICES - 123

TUTE TRUSTEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE

REAS, on August 29, 2006, Terry nd Marilyn M. Taylor executed a deed of trust to Jan Reynolds, for the use and benefit of Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, nominee for GreenPoint Mortgage Inc., which deed of trust is of the office of the Chancery Clerk r, County, state of Mississippi, in k 991, Page 480; and said deed being re-recorded at DT Book 991, d at DT Book 998, Page 594; and d; and said deed of trust being re- REAS, Deutsche Bank National mpany, as Indenture Trustee for

THERESSA

IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF LAMAR COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

IN THE MATTER OF
THE ESTATE OF
EDGAR HUGH BEDENBAUGH, JR.
CAUSE NO. 21-PR-00066-CS
BY MICHAEL HUGH BEDENBAUGH
PETITIONER

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

ner, County, Mississippi.
AND ALSO:
A part of Lot 14, Plantation Place artments Subdivision in the City of Hatsburg, County of Lamar, State of Missippi, as per the official map or plat reof on file in the office of the Chancery rk of Lamar County, Mississippi, more rticularly described as follows, to-wit: Commence at the Southwest corner of d Lot 14 and run East and along the uth line of said Lot 14 for 50 feet to the int of Beginning; thence North 50 feet the North line of the said Lot 14; thence st and along the said North line of Lot for 50 feet; thence South 50 feet to the uth line of said Lot 14; thence West and along the said South line of 14 for 50 feet to the Point of Beginng; together with all improvements reon and appurtenances thereunto beging. (aka 103 Plantation Place)
I will convey only such title as vested me as Substituted Trustee.

Jauregui & Lindsey, LLC
Substituted Trustee
Jauregui & Lindsey, LLC
244 Inverness Center Drive
Suite 200
Birmingham, AL 35242
(205) 970-2233
Published June 17, 24, July 1, 8, 2021

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
City of Lumberton
PWS ID#: 0370005
May 2021

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Published June 24, July 1, 2021.