



MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

2021 JUN 22 AM 8:03

**2020 CERTIFICATION****Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)**JP Utility District

Public Water System Name

03400070340036

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR.

**CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply.)**

INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)	<u>06/12/2021</u>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On water bills (Attach copy of bill)	<u>06/17/2021</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Email message (Email the message to the address below)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail	
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL): _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment	
<input type="checkbox"/> Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message	
<input type="checkbox"/> Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Posted in public places (attach list of locations)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL): _____	

**CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Sandra Griffin

Name

Manager

Title

6/17/2021

Date

**SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)****You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.****Mail:** (U.S. Postal Service)

MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply

P.O. Box 1700

Jackson, MS 39215

**Email:** water.reports@msdh.ms.gov**Fax:** (601) 576-7800(NOT PREFERRED)**CCR DEADLINE TO MSDH & CUSTOMERS: BY JULY 1, 2021**

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report  
JP Utility District  
PWS#: 340007 & 340036  
May 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Linda Griffin at 601.315.0731. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us for the annual meeting scheduled for the third Monday of February at 7:00 PM at 2280 Hwy 29 South, Ellisville.

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Catahoula Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the JP Utility District have received lower to moderate rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2020. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

**Action Level** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)** - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

**Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter** - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID # 340007				TEST RESULTS				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

## Inorganic Contaminants

10. Barium	N	2020	.0038	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2020	.9	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2017/19*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2020	.348	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2017/19*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	80000	49000 - 80000	ppb	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.

## Disinfection By-Products

81. HAA5	N	2020	14	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2019*	21.4	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2020	1.6	.92 – 2.24	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

## PWS ID # 340036

## TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
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## Inorganic Contaminants

10. Barium	N	2019*	.004	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2018/20	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	30000	No Range	PPB	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.

## Volatile Organic Contaminants

76. Xylenes	N	2018*	.002675	No Range	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
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## Disinfection By-Products

81. HAA5	N	2020	5	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2019*	7.89	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2020	1.4	1.08 – 1.64	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

\* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The JP Utility works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Please note: this ccr report will not be mailed, it will be published in the local newspaper only, however a copy may be requested from our office.

**PROOF OF PUBLICATION  
THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI  
COUNTY OF JONES  
1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> Judicial District**

PERSONALLY appeared before me, the undersigned notary public in and for Jones County, Mississippi, the Legal/Classifieds Manager of The Laurel Leader-Call, a Newspaper as defined and prescribed in, Section 13-3-31 of the Mississippi Code 1972, as amended, who, being duly sworn, states that the notice, a true copy of which is hereto attached, appeared in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

*\* see attached \**

On the 12 day of June 2021

On the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2021

On the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2021

On the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2021

*L. Ky Prince*  
Affiant

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this  
14 day of June, A.D., 2021.

*Courtney Creel*  
Notary Public





For more information, contact  
Jones assistant coach **Tori Dew**  
at [tori.dew@jcjc.edu](mailto:tori.dew@jcjc.edu)  
from 9 a.m.-

best opportunity available. I consider  
myself lucky just to be able to play the  
game at this level right now."

Sam Hill tosses a pitch. (Photo submitted)

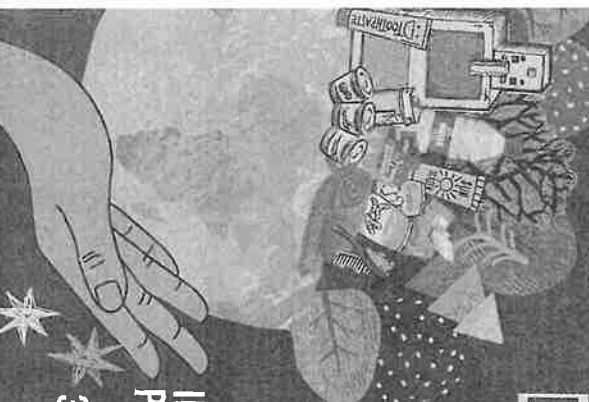


# UNITY PROJECT COMING SOON

DRINKING ON AN UPCOMING COMMUNITY PROJECT TO HELP THE  
NEEDY POPULATION OF JONES COUNTY. DONATIONS OF ANY  
FLOWING ITEMS WOULD GREATLY HELP US IN THIS ENDEAVOR.

## DONATIONS NEEDED:

- NON-PERISHABLES FOODS
- WATER
- PERSONAL HYGIENE ITEMS
- RAIN GEAR
- SUNSCREEN/BUG SPRAY
- CLOTHING & ACCESSORIES



IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO DONATE,  
PLEASE DROP OFF THE ITEMS AT  
OUR OFFICE -  
318 NORTH MAGNOLIA STREET,  
LAUREL

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report  
Powers Water Association  
PWS#: 0340015  
May 2021

you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and  
any day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to  
like to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to

drawing from the Catahoula Formation Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public  
the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report  
on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is  
quest. The wells for the Powers Water Association have received moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

out this report or concerning your water utility, please contact: Susan Newsome, Office Manager at 801.428.0294.  
to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend our regular meetings scheduled  
on month at 4:30 PM at the Powers Water Association located at 1966 HWY 184E.

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materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of natural or from human activities.

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septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally  
occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or  
farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and  
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## TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples	Unit Measure	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
					Exceeding MCL/ACTION/MDL			



**J.P. UTILITY DISTRICT**  
2280 HIGHWAY 29 SOUTH  
ELLISVILLE, MS 39437  
(601) 477-3215

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED  
EQUAL OPPORTUNITY SERVICE PROVIDER

PRESORTED  
FIRST-CLASS MAIL  
U.S. POSTAGE  
PAID  
ELLISVILLE, MS  
PERMIT NO. 2

TYPE OF SERVICE	METER READING		USED	CHARGES
	PRESENT	PREVIOUS		

**Credit**

**(84.00)**

**J.P. UTILITY DISTRICT**

CUSTOMER		DUE DATE
ROUTE	ACCOUNT	PAST DUE AFTER THIS DATE
2	1888	7/10/21
TOTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT		PAST DUE AMOUNT
(84.00)(CR)		

**MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT**

Service From 2/17/2021 TO 5/17/2021 ACCOUNT 1888 6/16/21

METER READ MONTH	DAY	CLASS	TOTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT	LATE CHARGE AFTER DUE DATE	PAST DUE AMOUNT
5	17	6	<b>(84.00)</b>		

**ALFRED & LINDA GRIFFIN**  
2301 HIGHWAY 29 SOUTH  
ELLISVILLE MS 39437

**CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT (CCR)**  
**IS AVAILABLE AT THE OFFICE AT**  
2280 HWY 29 SOUTH, ELLISVILLE, MS