

2020 JUN 30 PM 2: 13

2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Lt F Water Assn.
Public Water System Name

0620007

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.** Please check all boxes that apply.

- Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*
 - Advertisement in local paper *(Attach copy of advertisement)*
 - On water bills *(Attach copy of bill)*
 - Email message *(Email the message to the address below)*
 - Other _____

Date(s) customers were informed: 6 / 24 / 2020 / / / 2020 / / / 2020

- CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used _____

Date Mailed/Distributed: ___ / ___ / ___

- CCR was distributed by Email *(Email MSDH a copy)* Date Emailed: ___ / ___ / 2020
 - As a URL _____ *(Provide Direct URL)*
 - As an attachment
 - As text within the body of the email message

- CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: Spirit of Morton

Date Published: 6 / 24 / 2020

- CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)* Date Posted: ___ / ___ / 2020

- CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address: _____ *(Provide Direct URL)*

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

[Signature]
Name/Title (Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)

6-28-20
Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.records@msdh.ms.gov
Fax: (601) 576-7800
Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 L&F Water Association
 PWS#: 0620007
 June 2020

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY
 2020 JUN 17 AM 8:24

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the L&F Water Association have received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Coty May at 601.732.2434. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of May at 7:00 PM at the Ludlow Volunteer Fire Department.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2019, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactive Contaminants								
5. Gross Alpha	N	2018	6.7	No Range	pCi/L	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
6. Radium 226	N	2018	.18	No Range	pCi/L	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2019	.0068	.0036 - .0068	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

16. Fluoride	N	2019	.296	.217- .296	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection By-Products

81. HAA5	Y	2019	72	10 - 92	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2019	58	21.6 – 69.7	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2019	1.8	.5 – 2.5	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019.

Disinfection By-Products:

(81) Haloacetic Acids (HAA5). Some people who drink water containing bromate in excess of the MCL over many years may have an increased risk of cancer

Our system received an MCL Violation for Haloacetic Acids exceeding the MCL for the second and last quarters of 2019.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", our water system is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 0. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 0%.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The L&F Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Notice: This will serve as notice of the Consumer Confidence Report as this report will not be mailed out.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

The state of Mississippi, County of Scott, PERSONALLY CAME before me, the Undersigned, a Notary Public in and for SCOTT COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI, the Managing Editor of "*SPIRIT OF MORTON*", a local newspaper, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the *SPIRIT OF MORTON* did in fact publish the following Advertisements:

LEGAL NOTICE:

PUBLIC NOTICE

L & F Water Association PWS#: 0620007 Legal: 2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Ran on:

June 24, 2020

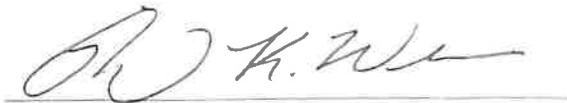


Frank Edmondson, Managing Editor

SPIRIT OF MORTON Newspaper

SWORN to and subscribe before me, this the

25th Day of June 2020.



Notary Public

"OBIT"

continued from page 6
 to Conchata and he joined Greenfield Fire Department where he was active member up until his death. Catfish served as Training Officer for the department for over 9 years and only recently gave up that position when he became sick. In 2009, Catfish also joined Sebastopol Fire Department where he also served as Training Officer up until his death. Catfish had a passion for teaching others and making sure everyone was trained. He played an integral part in launching SFD Student Fire Reserve Program in the fall of 2019, and was a program advisor. He was a member of the SFD Executive Committee, serving since March 2019. Was also an active member of SFD Benefit and Fundraising Committee. Catfish was a member of the Scott County Firefighters' Association since 2009 and a member of the MS Firefighters' Association since 2014. He touched many lives in both Newton County and Sebastopol through his knowledge, education and experience.

John Raymond Skinner

age 95, of Union, MS died on Thursday, June 18, 2020. Services for Mr. John Raymond Skinner were held Sunday, June 21, 2020 at Golden Grove Cemetery, Bro. Hilton Moore and Bro. Rusty Walton officiated. Survivors include his wife Dorothy "Merle" Skinner of Union, 3 Sons: James A. Skinner of Byram, MS, Jessie Jones and wife Lisa of Brandon, Wes Jones of Brandon. Grandchildren

Jared Skinner, Corey Jones and wife Autumn, Haley Barrett, Courtney Jones, Taylor Jones and James Jones. Great-Granddaughters: Hope Roberts, Addison and Emma Barrett. Great-Great-Granddaughters: Lily Skinner, Lilian Roberts and J. Roberts. Nephews: Marine Chasim and James Brown. Mr. John is preceded in death by his wife: Billie Skinner, one son: Thomas Allen Skinner.

James Gerald Arney, Jr.

age: 64 passed away Monday June 15, 2020 at Baptist Hospital in Carthage, MS. Graveside Services with Military Rites were held at Veterans Memorial Cemetery, Hatcher Dan Cook officiated. Mr. Arney had lived in Greenhatch, MS for the past 13 years after moving from Greenville, MS. He was a Game Warden and an avid game warden and fisherman. He is preceded in death by his parents, James Gerald Arney, Sr. and Betty Arney. Grandson, CJLan Johnson Arney.

He is survived by his companion Sheila Attorney of Conchata, MS, his lifelong friend, Terr Archie Jacobs of Lake, MS, son, Jamie Arney (Andrew) of Walnut Grove, MS, daughter, Jessica Reid (Michael) of Morton, MS, numerous sisters and brothers, nephews, Steven Swilley of Conchata, MS, grandchildren, Kaleb Arney, Isabella Arney, Sawyer Arney and Rhet Arney.

"MILES"

continued from page 5

ize bills that are left alive, and distribute the rest of the \$900 million dollars of the CARES money to our public schools, hospitals, MDES for unemployment claims and C Counties and local businesses. Thanks for giving me the opportunity to serve you. Please feel free to reach out to me at handsc@house.ms.gov.



Representative Tom Miles was honored to visit with the Baker family from Forest at the Capitol. This was Aaron first trip to the Capitol. Pictured with Representative Miles are Chris, Aaron, and Emily Baker.

Cosmetics

Jean Harris, Independent Mary Kay Consultant

Botanical Elixirs Gal 4 piece set- In stock (\$54.00)

Also have 3 piece Jean Care System- In stock (\$345.00)

601-824-8865, leave message

For Sale:

FOR SALE: 1 in Recliner, very good condition. Needs Back Massager still in box \$100

Walker \$50 Wheel Chair \$150

Polite Chair, new, never used \$100

Jean Harris, 601-824-8865. If no answer, leave message.

Support Your Morton Chamber of Commerce

Garage Sale:
 Garage Sale at Fitness Masters
 June 25th-June 26th

Fanning bed, summer clothes, all sizes, kids, shoes, storage cabinets, closet door, desk, dresses, toddler airplane bed with mattress etc.

If you think you can't afford home phone or internet service, think again!

With Lifeline, home phone or internet services **within reach.**

Our Lifeline program is available to all low-income households. We provide free or low-cost phone service to help you stay connected to family and friends. For more information, visit www.lifeline.org.

Customers must reside in an area where AT&T participates in the Lifeline Program. For more information, visit www.lifeline.org.

AT&T



We Love Our 1st Responders & Healthcare Workers!

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 MS Water Association
 601-824-8865
 June 2020

MCAN
 Mississippi Classified Advertising Network
 To place your statewide classified ad order, call MS Press Services at 601-941-3060

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6. Radium 226	N	2019	15	No Range	pCi/L	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2019	.0058	.0036 - .0058	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17	#	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits, leaching from wool mineral fibers
16. Fluoride	N	2019	.066	.117 - .256	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits, water additive which promotes strong teeth, discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	Y	2019	72	10 - 82	ppb	0	.00	By-product of drinking water disinfection
82. THM (Total Trihalomethanes)	N	2019	58	21.6 - 69.7	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine	N	2019	1.8	.6 - 2.5	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Miss recent sample. No sample required for 2019

Disinfection By-Products
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