

2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Town of Bay Springs

Public Water System Name

0310002

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

- Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
- Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)
- On water bills (Attach copy of bill)
- Email message (Email the message to the address below)
- Other

Date(s) customers were informed: 5/13/2020 / /2020 / /2020

- CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

- CCR was distributed by Email (Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / /2020
- As a URL (Provide Direct URL)
- As an attachment
- As text within the body of the email message

- CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: Jasper County News
Date Published: 5/13/2020

- CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / /2020

- CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address: (Provide Direct URL)

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

Wes Hendry / operator
Name/Title (Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)

5-21-2020
Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 Town of Bay Springs
 PWS#: 310002
 April 2020

MAY 04 2020

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Wes Hendry at 601.670.6509. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first and third Tuesday of the month at 6:00 PM at the Bay Springs City Hall.

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Bay Springs have received lower to moderate rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2019, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2019	.0153	.0044 - .0153	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2016/18*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

16. Fluoride	N	2019	.117	.11 - .117	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2016/18*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2018*	5	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2018*	13.2	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2019	1.4	.5 – 2.5	Mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
Unregulated Contaminants								
Sodium	N	2019	96000	79000 - 96000	PPB	NONE	NONE	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Town of Bay Springs works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

This publication will serve as your notice; a copy of the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) will not be mailed to you. A copy of this report can be obtained at the Bay Springs City Hall upon request.

Water Quality Report

Bay Springs

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This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and to help you obtain a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to be involved in the process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with the best possible water.

If you have any questions, please contact Wes Hendry at 801.670.6509. We want our valued customers to be involved in our process. Please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held in the City Hall.

A water source assessment has been completed for our public water system to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing the results of this assessment has been furnished to our public water system and is available for review. The assessment received lower to moderate rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

The following table lists all of the drinking water quality parameters regulated under Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water quality parameters regulated under 31 CFR, 2019. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2019, the parameter is listed as "not required". If land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and materials, some of which may be harmful to humans if they are present in excessive amounts. Contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity, such as sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and residential uses; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from home gardens, commercial farming, or agriculture; and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including petroleum products, such as gasoline, oil, and oil-based household products, which may be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and refining. Regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in drinking water may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water is contaminated.

To help you better understand these terms we've provided a glossary of terms.

Regulatory treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow to protect public health.

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLG is set for health protection. MCLs are based on current treatment technology.

Level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected adverse health effects.

Disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that disinfection of drinking water at this level is necessary to protect public health.

Drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected adverse health effects.

Response time to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Response time to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

RESULTS

Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong leach; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
mg/l	0	60	By-Product of drinking water

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

The State of Mississippi,
County of Jasper

PERSONALLY CAME before me, the undersigned a Notary Public in and for JASPER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI the OFFICE CLERK of the JASPER COUNTY NEWS, a newspaper published in the City of Bay Springs, Jasper County, in said State, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the JASPER COUNTY NEWS is a newspaper as defined and prescribed in § 13-3-31 of the Mississippi Code 1972 Annotated and that the publication of a notice, of which the annexed is a copy, in the matter of

City of Bay Springs Local Display

has been made in said paper 1 times consecutively, to-wit:

On the 13 day of May 2020

On the _____ day of _____ 20____

On the _____ day of _____ 20____

On the _____ day of _____ 20____

Ellie Pan

OFFICE CLERK

SWORN to and subscribed before me,

this the 15th

day of May 2020

Martina Jones



Words

Cost