

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form 2019 JUN 21 AM 9: 01

(updated with electronic delivery methods)

(suggested format)

CWS Name: Southeast Noxapater Water Assoc.
PWSID No: MS0800009

The community water system named above hereby confirms that its consumer confidence report has been distributed to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the state/primacy agency.

Certified by:

Name: Charlie E. Persons Charlie E. Persons
Title: Board President
Phone #: 662-803-6622 Date: 6/17/19

Please check all items that apply.

CCR was distributed by mail.

CCR was distributed by other direct delivery method. Specify direct delivery methods:

- Mail – notification that CCR is available on website via a direct URL
- Email – direct URL to CCR
- Email – CCR sent as an attachment to the email
- Email – CCR sent embedded in the email
- Other: _____

If the CCR was provided by a direct URL, please provide the direct URL Internet address:

www. _____

If the CCR was provided electronically, please describe how a customer requests paper CCR delivery:

- ___ "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods as recommended by the state/primacy agency:
- ___ posting the CCR on the Internet at www. _____
 - ___ mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach a list of zip codes used)
 - ___ advertising availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of announcement)
 - ✓ publication of CCR in local newspaper (attach copy)
 - ✓ posting the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
 - ___ delivery of multiple copies to single bill addresses serving several persons such as: apartments, businesses, and large private employers
 - ___ delivery to community organizations (attach a list)
 - ___ electronic city newsletter or electronic community newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)
 - ___ electronic announcement of CCR availability via social media outlets (attach list of social media outlets utilized)

___ (for systems serving at least 100,000 persons) Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible Internet site at the address: www. _____

- ✓ Delivered CCR to other agencies as required by the state/primacy agency (attach a list)

*Winston County Public library
Darby's (Noxapater, MS bill are paid at this store)*

2019 Drinking Water Quality Report

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to report that your water has passed all testing required by the EPA and MsDH.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Southeast Noxapater Water Association uses two deep wells to pump your water from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

Source water assessment and its availability

The SWA is available for viewing by appointment.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

How can I get involved?

If you have questions or concerns and wish to be included on the Board meeting agenda, Please contact Gene Persons at 662-803-6622.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Southeast Noxapater Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

| Contaminants | MCLG or MRDLG | MCL, TT, or MRDL | Detect In Your Water | Range | | Sample Date | Violation | Typical Source |
|---|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------|------|----------------|-----------|----------------|
| | | | | Low | High | | | |
| Disinfectants & Disinfection By-Products | | | | | | | | |
| (There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants) | | | | | | | | |

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|--|---------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|--|---|
| | | | | Low | High | | | |
| Chlorine (as Cl ₂) (ppm) | 4 | 4 | 2.4 | 0 | 2.9 | 2018 | No | Water additive used to control microbes |
| Inorganic Contaminants | | | | | | | | |
| Barium (ppm) | 2 | 2 | .0471 | NA | NA | 2016 | No | Erosion of natural deposits |
| Contaminants | MCLG | AL | Your Water | Sample Date | # Samples Exceeding AL | Exceeds AL | Typical Source | |
| Inorganic Contaminants | | | | | | | | |
| Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb) | 0 | 15 | 2 | 2017 | 0 | No | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits | |

| Unit Descriptions | |
|-------------------|--|
| Term | Definition |
| ppm | ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L) |
| ppb | ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L) |
| NA | NA: not applicable |
| ND | ND: Not detected |
| NR | NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended. |

| Important Drinking Water Definitions | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Term | Definition |
| MCLG | MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. |
| MCL | MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. |
| TT | TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. |
| AL | AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. |
| Variations and Exemptions | Variations and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions. |
| MRDLG | MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants. |
| MRDL | MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. |
| MNR | MNR: Monitored Not Regulated |

Important Drinking Water Definitions

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|-----|---|
| MPL | MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level |
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For more information please contact:

Contact Name: Gene Persons
Address:
Phone: 662-803-6622

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**~PROOF OF PUBLICATION~
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY OF WINSTON**

PERSONALLY appeared before me the undersigned authority in and for said County and State, Harley Thomas of The Winston County Journal, a newspaper printed and published in said County, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the publication of this notice hereto affixed has been made in said newspaper for 1 consecutive week(s), to-wit:

Vol. 126, No. 23, on the 5 day of June, 2019

Vol. 126, No. _____, on the _____ day of _____, 2019

Vol. 126, No. _____, on the _____ day of _____, 2019

Vol. 126, No. _____, on the _____ day of _____, 2019

(reverse)

By: Harley G Thomas
(newspaper)

Sworn to and subscribed to this the 5th day of June, 2019, by the undersigned Notary Public of said County and State.

Chasatie Fisher

(Notary)



(SEAL)

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Louisville Publishing, Inc.
 P O Box 469
 Louisville MS 39339

CK# 5739
 6/17/19

Invoice

DBA: Winston County Journal, Choctaw
 Plaindealer & Webster Progress-Times

| | |
|-----------|-----------|
| Date | Invoice # |
| 6/30/2019 | 165492 |

| |
|--|
| Bill To |
| SOUTHEAST NOXAPATER WATER ASSOCIATION PO BOX 301 NOXAPATER, MS 39346 |

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| Ship To |
| |

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| | N10 | LGS | 38012691 |
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| Item Code | Date | Description | Qty/Inches | Class | Rate | Amount |
|---------------------|----------|---|------------|-------|------|--------|
| NEWS - WCJ PROOF | 6/5/2019 | CCR WATER REPORT NOTARIZED ITEMS + Mailing Fee | 64 | WCJ | 8.30 | 531.20 |
| | 6/5/2019 | | 1 | WCJ | 5.50 | 5.50 |

Total \$536.70

| | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--|-------------------------|
| Phone # | Fax # | E-Mail | Payments/Credits |
| 662-773-6241 | 662-773-6242 | bookkeeping@winstoncountyjournal.com | \$0.00 |

Invoices 60 days Past Due are Subject to Finance Charges of
 18.1% per month and / or Collection Fees.

Contact Name: Gene Persons

Address:

Phone: 662-803-6622