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2019 JUL - 1 AM 10: 19

2018 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) POPLAR CREEK WATER ASSOCIATION

Public Water System Name MS0490007

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon

ma	iil, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)
	☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)
	☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)
	□ □ Other
	Date(s) customers were informed: 6/13/2019 / /2019 / /2019
	CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used
	Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/
	CCR was distributed by Email (Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / / 2019
	□ As a URL(Provide Direct URL)
	□ □ As an attachment
	☐ As text within the body of the email message
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: The Star Herald
	Date Published: _ 6 / 13 / 19
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / / 2019
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:
CER	TIPICATION (Provide Direct URL)
abov and c	eby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified e and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department
>	Jemmy Ford Frea (6-24-19
Nam	e/Title (Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.) Date
	Submission ontions (Salast and at 1 0 277 to

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800
Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Poplar Creek Water Association PWS ID # 0490007 May, 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of two wells that draw from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for Poplar Creek Water Association received lower a susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Galen Shumaker at 662-674-5353. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at the Poplar Creek Fire Department at 6:00 pm.

Poplar Creek Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST R	ESULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contami	nants						.
10. Barium 13. Chromium	N	2016*	.0027	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2016*	0.8	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mille erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	1/1/16 to 12/31/17*	0.4	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead		2016*	0.13	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
	N	1/1/15 to 12/31/17*	2	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectant	ts & Dis	infectant	By-Proc	lucts				e posto
Chlorine (as	N	1/1/18 to 12/31/18	1.20	0.60 to 2.30	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM Total tri- nalomethanes]	N	2017*	30	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5 Most recent samp	N	2017*	8	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Poplar Creek Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested..

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have questions.

	Date: June 13, 2019
To: Poplar Creek W	ater Association
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For publication of descri	bed notice, copy of which is attached.
	sou notice, copy of which is attached.
Ad Size 3 columns x 12	2" Times 1 and making 2 proofs, \$357.00
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	The Star-Herald
	207 North Madison St. Kosciusko, MS 39090
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STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF ATTALA	
	perform me the understand NOTARY PURITY
Willowshippi, the CLERK	before me, the undersigned, a NOTARY PUBLIC in and for Attala County, of The Star-Herald, a newspaper published in the City of Kosciusko, Attala
Country, ill said state, wh	0, being duly sworn denoses and says that The Star Lamil :
defined and described in	Senate Bill No. 203 enacted at the regular session of the Mississippi Legislature 1858, of the Mississippi Code of 1942, and that the publication of a notice, of
which the afflexed is a co	py, in the matter of Water CCR , has been published in said newspaper 1 times,
to-wit:	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
	On the 13th day of June, 2019
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	(Clerk)
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	Shelley Derwe
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Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Poplar Creek Water Association PWS ID # 0490007 May, 2019

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Contaminant :	10000		-	TEST P	RESULTS		Section 1	
	Violation Y/N	Collected.	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	77-14	I MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic C	Contami	nants	118	MCDACE .		100/4	1000	
10. Barium	N	2016*	0027		Y	AST IN	Series V	
				No Range	Ppm.	2	. 2	2 Discharge of drilling wastes;
13. Chromium	N	2016*	0.8	No Range	Ppb	100		erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	1/1/16 to	0.4	None		100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills
		12/31/17*		House	ppm (*	1.3	AL=1.3	Corresion of hongehold -1
16. Fluoride	N	2016*	. 0.13	No Range	ppm		1001 10	leaching from wood matural deposits
V 0.75			I SH		ppm	. 4		additive which property; water
7. Load	3	·1/1/15 to 12/31/17*	2	None	ppb		- +	aluminum factories
Disinfectants	s & Dis	infectant	Der Der d		1	. 0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing
	NI	1/1/18 to	3y-Prod		THE COST		1	systems, erosion of natural deposits
12)	- 27	12/31/18	1.20	0.60 to 2.30	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control
otal tri-	N	2017*	30	No Range P	ppb	0		nucrobes
AA5	N	00100				A STATE OF		By-product of drinking water chlorination
-	N	2017*	8	No Range p	ppb	0.		By-product of drinking water