

2018 CERTIFICATION

2019 JUN 25 AM 8:56

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

MOORE BAYOU WATER ASSOCIATION

Public Water System Name

PWS ID# 01400012, 0140051, 0140052

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.** Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (*Attach copy of publication, water bill or other*)

- Advertisement in local paper (*Attach copy of advertisement*)
- On water bills (*Attach copy of bill*)
- Email message (*Email the message to the address below*)
- Other _____

Date(s) customers were informed: ___ / ___ / 2019 ___ / ___ / 2019 ___ / ___ / 2019

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used NOTICES PRINTED ON WATER BILLS

Date Mailed/Distributed: ___ / ___ / ___

CCR was distributed by Email (*Email MSDH a copy*) Date Emailed: ___ / ___ / 2019

- As a URL _____ (*Provide Direct URL*)
- As an attachment
- As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. (*Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication*)

Name of Newspaper: THE CLARKSDALE PRESS REGISTER & QUITMAN CO DEMOCRAT

Date Published: 6 / 12 / 19

CCR was posted in public places. (*Attach list of locations*) Date Posted: ___ / ___ / 2019

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address: _____ (*Provide Direct URL*)

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

[Signature]
Name/Title (*Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.*)

6/24/19
Date

Submission options (*Select one method ONLY*)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

****Not a preferred method due to poor clarity****

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

2018 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report **2019 MAY 28 AM 8: 14**
 Moore Bayou Water Association, Inc.
 PWS#: 0140012, 0140051 & 0140052
 May 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Moore Bayou Water Association have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Thomas E. Clayton, Jr. 662.326.6921. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meeting. They are held annually on the second Tuesday of each August at 6:00 PM at the Coahoma County Court House in the Supervisor's room.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2018, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID #: 0140012		TEST RESULTS						
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.6	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2018	.008	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018	3.9	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits

14. Copper	N	2015/17*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.233	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2018	3	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines

Disinfection By-Products

81. HAA5	N	2018	18	0 - 11	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2018	38	0 - 71	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2018	.6	.5 -.7	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID #: 0140051

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure-ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
-------------	---------------	----------------	----------------	--	-------------------	------	-----	--------------------------------

Inorganic Contaminants

8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.9	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2018	.0086	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018	4.7	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.377	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2018	3.3	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines

Disinfection By-Products

Chlorine	N	2018	.6	.5 -.7	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
----------	---	------	----	--------	-----	---	----------	---

PWS ID #: 0140052

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure-ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
-------------	---------------	----------------	----------------	--	-------------------	------	-----	--------------------------------

Inorganic Contaminants

8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.8	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2018	.0162	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits

13. Chromium	N	2018	7.9	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2016/18	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.493	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2016/18	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2018	8.4	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines

Disinfection By-Products

81. HAA5	Y	2018	79	6 - 23	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	Y	2018	95	35 - 114.3	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2018	.7	.5 - .7	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2018.

Disinfection By-Products:

(82) Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs). Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

We routinely monitor for the presence of drinking water contaminants. The water supplied from system #0140052 presented high levels of TTHM. The system has added more chlorine and continue to flush the lines regularly and plan to connect to the original system.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Moore Bayou Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Moore Bayou Water Association have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Thomas E. Clayton, Jr. 662.302.6921. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held annually on the second Tuesday of each August at 6:00 PM at the Coahoma County Court House in the Supervisor's room.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2018, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity. Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including solvents and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (µg/l) - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID #: 0140012		TEST RESULTS						
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.6	No Range	ppb	N/A	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2018	.008	No Range	ppm	3	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Cadmium	N	2018	3.8	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/17*	2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from acid preservatives
15. Fluoride	N	2018	.233	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
21. Gallium	N	2018	3	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection By-Products								
81. HAA5	N	2018	18	0 - 11	ppb	0	50	By-Product of drinking water disinfection
82. THM4 (Total trihalomethanes)	N	2018	38	0 - 71	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine	N	2018	.6	3-7	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID #: 0140051		TEST RESULTS						
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples	Unit Measure	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

Inorganic Contaminants		MCL/ACL							
8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.9	No Range	ppb	19	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes	
10. Barium	N	2018	.0086	No Range	ppm	3	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
13. Chromium	N	2018	4.7	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
14. Copper	N	2018/20	4	0	ppm	1.5	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.377	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories	
17. Lead	N	2018/20	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits	
21. Selenium	N	2018	3.3	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines	

Disinfection By-Products									
Chlorine	N	2018	.6	5-.7	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes	

PWS ID #: 0140052 TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	AL	Primary Source of Contamination
-------------	---------------	----------------	----------------	--	------------------	------	-----	----	---------------------------------

Inorganic Contaminants

8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.8	No Range	ppb	19	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes	
10. Barium	N	2018	.0162	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
13. Chromium	N	2018	7.9	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
14. Copper	N	2018/16	3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.483	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories	
17. Lead	N	2018/16	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits	
21. Selenium	N	2018	3.4	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines	

Disinfection By-Products

B1. HAAC	Y	2018	78	6-23	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection	
B2. THM (Total Trihalomethanes)	Y	2018	95	35-114.3	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water disinfection	
Chlorine	N	2018	.7	5-.7	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes	

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2018.
 Disinfection By-Products:
 (R) Total Trihalomethanes (THM). Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

We routinely monitor for the presence of drinking water contaminants. The water supplied from system #0140052 presented high levels of THM. The system has added more chlorine and continues to flush the lines regularly and plan to connect to the original system.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/leadinwater>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.570.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer, undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microorganisms are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Moore Bayou Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.



The Quitman County Democrat

P.O. Box 328, Marks, MS 38646
Phone 662-326-2181
quitmancodemocrat@att.net

Proof of Publication

Bill Knight personally appeared before me, the undersigned authority in and for said County and State, and states under oath that he is the Publisher of The Quitman county Democrat, a newspaper published in the City of Marks, State and County aforesaid, and having a general circulation in said county, and that the publication of the notice, a copy of which is hereto attached, has been made in said paper, the *Quitman County Democrat*, consecutive times, to wit:

Proof

Scheduled Dates to Run:

Volume No. 113 on the 13 day of JUNE, 2019
Volume No. 113 on the _____ day of _____, 2019
Volume No. 113 on the _____ day of _____, 2019
Volume No. 113 on the _____ day of _____, 2019

[Handwritten signature]

AFFIANT

Sworn and subscribed before me this 14th day of JUNE, 2019

BY: *Vivian B. Norris*

My Commission Expires, April 9, 2023



THIS IS YOUR INVOICE PLEASE PAY UPON RECEIPT

Bill To: MOORE BAYOU WATER ASSN, INC
MARKS, MS

Single First Insertion of _____ Words @ .12 \$ _____
Week 2 Insertion of _____ Words @ .22 \$ _____
Week 3 Insertion of _____ Words @ .32 \$ _____
Week 4 Insertion of _____ Words @ .42 \$ _____

Publications bill by Column inch
1 Times Run 3 ~~20~~ x \$8.00 per column inch \$ 483.36

Proof of Publication Fee - \$3.00 per 2 proof/s \$ 6.00

TOTAL PUBLICATION FEE \$ 489.36

2018 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 Moore Bayou Water Association, Inc.
 PWS#: 0140012, 0140051 & 0140052
 May 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Moore Bayou Water Association have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Thomas E. Clayton, Jr. 662.326.0021. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held annually on the second Tuesday of each August at 6:00 PM at the Coahoma County Court House in the Supervisor's room.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2018, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity, operations, and wildlife. Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides, which may come from agricultural operations; and synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (µg/l) - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID #: 0140012 TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AQL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.6	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
10. Barium	N	2018	.006	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
13. Chromium	N	2018	3.9	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
14. Copper	N	2018/17*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.233	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
17. Lead	N	2018/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.
21. Selenium	N	2018	3	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines.
Disinfection By-Products								
51. HAA5	N	2018	.18	0 - .11	ppb	0	00	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
52. THM (Total trihalomethanes)	N	2018	.36	0 - .71	ppb	0	00	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2018	.6	.3 - .7	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes.

PWS ID #: 0140051 TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AQL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.9	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
10. Barium	N	2018	.0056	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
13. Chromium	N	2018	4.7	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
14. Copper	N	2018/20	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.377	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
17. Lead	N	2018/20	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.
21. Selenium	N	2018	3.3	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines.
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine	N	2018	.6	.6 - .7	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes.

PWS ID #: 0140052 TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AQL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.9	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
10. Barium	N	2018	.0056	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
13. Chromium	N	2018	4.7	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
14. Copper	N	2018/20	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.377	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
17. Lead	N	2018/20	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.
21. Selenium	N	2018	3.3	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines.
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine	N	2018	.6	.6 - .7	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes.

Inorganic Contaminants		# of Samples Exceeding MCL/AQL	Measure-ment	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination			
8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.9	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2018	.0080	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018	4.7	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.377	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2018	3.3	No Range	ppb	80	80	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine	N	2018	.8	.6 - 7	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID #: 0140052 TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AQL	Unit Measure-ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
8. Arsenic	N	2018	1.8	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2018	.0162	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018	7.0	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2016/18	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.493	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2016/18	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2018	8.4	No Range	ppb	80	80	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection By-Products								
61. HAA5	Y	2018	78	6 - 23	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection
62. THM (Total Trihalomethanes)	Y	2018	88	35 - 114.3	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection
Chlorine	N	2018	.7	.5 - 7	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2018.
 Disinfection By-Products: (22) Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM). Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

We routinely monitor for the presence of drinking water contaminants. The water supplied from system #0140052 presented high levels of lead. The system has added more chlorine and continues to flush the lines regularly and plan to connect to the original system.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking, cooking, or baby formula. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/leadwater>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.570.7282 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Moore Bayou Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

The Clarksdale

Press Register



128 East Second Street, Clarksdale, MS 38614

Phone 662-627-2201, www.pressregister.com

Proof of Publication

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY OF COAHOMA

Personally appeared before me, a Notary Public in and for said County and State, the publisher, general manager, or his undersigned agent, of a newspaper, printed and published in the City of Clarksdale, in the county and state aforesaid, called **The Clarksdale Press Register**, who being duly sworn, deposed and said that the publication of a notice of which a true copy is hereto affixed, has been made in said paper for the period of 1 weeks consecutively to-wit:

In Vol. 154 No. 24, dated the 12th day of June, 2019

In Vol. _____ No. _____, dated the _____ day of _____, _____

In Vol. _____ No. _____, dated the _____ day of _____, _____

In Vol. _____ No. _____, dated the _____ day of _____, _____

In Vol. _____ No. _____, dated the _____ day of _____, _____

and that **The Clarksdale Press Register** has been published for a period of more than one year.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 12th day of June, 2019



Brenda A. Keller
Notary Public

My Commission Expires Oct. 27, 2020
for More Bayou Water Assoc.

for taking the annexed publication of 64 words or the equivalent thereof for a total of 1

times \$ 640.00, plus \$3.00 for making each proof (2)

of publication and depositing to same for a total cost of \$ 646.00.

Sandra R. Hite
Designated Agent
For the Clarksdale Press Register

FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-25951

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
020003200	04/15	05/15
SERVICE ADDRESS		
473 DOGWALK RD		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
86840	86552	288
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
MOORE BAYOU WATER ASSN
 P.O. BOX 374
 MARKS, MS 38646

PRESORTED
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
 PAID
 PERMIT NO. 22
 MARKS, MS

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/10/2019	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
26.90	2.69	29.59

CCR AVAL UPON REQUEST

WTR 26.90
 NET DUE >>> 26.90
 SAVE THIS >> 2.69
 GROSS DUE >> 29.59

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

020003200
 DUKE HANEY

PO BOX 178
 ROME MS 38768-0178



FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-25951

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
020003250	04/15	05/15
SERVICE ADDRESS		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
77430	77430	
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
MOORE BAYOU WATER ASSN
 P.O. BOX 374
 MARKS, MS 38646

PRESORTED
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
 PAID
 PERMIT NO. 22
 MARKS, MS

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/10/2019	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
24.08	2.58	26.66

CCR AVAL UPON REQUEST

WTR 22.50
 TAX 1.58
 NET DUE >>> 24.08
 SAVE THIS >> 2.58
 GROSS DUE >> 26.66

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

020003250
 SHELBY AIR STRIP

PO BOX 1093
 SHELBY MS 38774-1093



FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-25951

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
020001400	04/15	05/15
SERVICE ADDRESS		
9 SHAMROCK DRIVE		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
89546	89543	3
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
MOORE BAYOU WATER ASSN
 P.O. BOX 374
 MARKS, MS 38646

PRESORTED
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
 PAID
 PERMIT NO. 22
 MARKS, MS

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/10/2019	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
22.50	2.25	24.75

CCR AVAL UPON REQUEST

WTR 22.50
 NET DUE >>> 22.50
 SAVE THIS >> 2.25
 GROSS DUE >> 24.75

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

020001400
 RENE' & CECILIA JOUBERT

P O BOX 147
 SUMNER MS38957



FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-25951

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010012190	04/15	05/15
SERVICE ADDRESS		
FLETCHER FIELD		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
6166	6166	
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
MOORE BAYOU WATER ASSN
 P.O. BOX 374
 MARKS, MS 38646

PRESORTED
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
 PAID
 PERMIT NO. 22
 MARKS, MS

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/10/2019	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
54.57	5.84	60.41

CCR AVAL UPON REQUEST

WTR 51.00
 TAX 3.57
 NET DUE >>> 54.57
 SAVE THIS >> 5.84
 GROSS DUE >> 60.41

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010012190
 TUNICA AIR, INC.
 P.O. BOX 2310
 TUNICA, MS 38676

FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-25951

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010012200	04/15	05/15
SERVICE ADDRESS		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
959672	958957	715
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
MOORE BAYOU WATER ASSN
 P.O. BOX 374
 MARKS, MS 38646

PRESORTED
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
 PAID
 PERMIT NO. 22
 MARKS, MS

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/10/2019	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
44.36	.00	44.36

CCR AVAL UPON REQUEST

WTR 41.46
 TAX 2.90
 NET DUE >>> 44.36
 SAVE THIS >> 44.36
 GROSS DUE >> 44.36

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010012200
 CLARKSDALE COAHOMA CTY AIRPORT
 PO BOX 700
 CLARKSDALE MS 38614
 38614

FORMSINK, LLC • FOR REORDER CALL 1-800-223-4460 • L-25951

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
010012270	04/15	05/15
SERVICE ADDRESS		
METER READINGS		
CURRENT	PREVIOUS	USED
1808	1804	4
CHARGE FOR SERVICES		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:
MOORE BAYOU WATER ASSN
 P.O. BOX 374
 MARKS, MS 38646

PRESORTED
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
 PAID
 PERMIT NO. 22
 MARKS, MS

PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
	06/10/2019	
NET AMOUNT	SAVE THIS	GROSS AMOUNT
54.57	.00	54.57

CCR AVAL UPON REQUEST

WTR 51.00
 TAX 3.57
 NET DUE >>> 54.57
 SAVE THIS >> 54.57
 GROSS DUE >> 54.57

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

010012270
 RED PANTHER AERO
 FLIGHT BUSINESS OFFICE
 PO BOX 1388
 CLARKSDALE, MS 38614