2019 JUN -6 AM 8: 32

2018 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Lincoln Rural Water

Public Water System Name

430027, 430030, 430031, 430003, 430032

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.** Please check all boxes that apply.

☐ Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: ***(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)***

- ☐ ☐ Advertisement in local paper ***(Attach copy of advertisement)***
- ☐ ☐ On water bills ***(Attach copy of bill)***
- ☐ ☐ Email message ***(Email the message to the address below)***
- ☐ ☑ Other _____

Date(s) customers were informed: 6 / 3 /2019 / /2019 / /2019

☐ CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used _____

Date Mailed/Distributed: ___ / ___ / ___

☐ CCR was distributed by Email (***Email MSDH a copy***) Date Emailed: 6 / 3 / 2019

- ☐ ☑ As a URL www.lincolnruralwater.com/water-quality (***Provide Direct URL***) Noted on Bill cards
- ☐ ☐ As an attachment
- ☐ ☐ As text within the body of the email message

☐ CCR was published in local newspaper. ***(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)***

Name of Newspaper: _____

Date Published: ___ / ___ / ___

☐ CCR was posted in public places. ***(Attach list of locations)*** Office Date Posted: 6 / 3 / 2019

☑ CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:

www.lincolnruralwater.com/water-quality (***Provide Direct URL***)

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

Tommy Cupit President — 6/3/19

Name/Title (*Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.*) — Date

Submission options (*Select one method ONLY*)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800
Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY
2019 JUN -6 PM 4:24

CORRECTED COPY

QUALITY ON Tap Report
LINCOLN RURAL WATER ASSOCIATION
Heucks Retreat
PWI ID# 430030
MAY 21,2019

Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of one well pumping from the Catahoula Aquifer. Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements. The following reports show our water quality and what it means.

If you have any question about this report or concerning you water utility, please contact our office at 1536 Monticello St., Brookhaven, Ms.ms. 601-833-6449. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regular scheduled meetings. They are held on the 3rd Tuesday of each month at the above location at 7:00 P.M. and our Annual meeting is held on the 2nd Monday of March at the Lincoln County Courthouse at 7:00 P.M

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detail information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for Lincoln Rural Water have received a moderate and lower ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

Lincoln Rural Water Association routinely monitors for as many as 154 constituents in you drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st 2018. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least a small amount of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these Terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action *Level* - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no know or expected risk to health. MCLG'S allow for a margin of safety.

Addition information for Lead

If present elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. ABC Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about leak in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/sagewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Laboratory offers lead testing for $20.00 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have you water tested.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential source of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request.

The wells for the Lincoln Rural Water association have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

******

Water Quality Data Table

#0430030 Heucks Retreat

Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL, TT, or MRDL	Your Water	Range Low	Range High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
Disinfectants & Disinfection By-Products (There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.)								
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	1.40	.90	1.90	2018	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	29,0ppb	NA		2018	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHMS [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80	4.09ppb	NA		2018	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Inorganic Contaminants								
Nitrate (Measured as Nitrogen)	10	10	.008ppm	NA		2018	No	Runoff from fertilizer use: Leaching from septic tanks, Sewage: Erosion of natural deposits ddeposots
Nitrite(Measured as Nitrogen)	10	10	0.02	NA		2018	No	Runoff from fertilizer use: Leaching from septic tanks. Sewage: Erosion of
Arsenic (ppb)	0	10	.11	0	.11	2016		Erosion of natural deposit Runoff from orchards: runoff from glass and electronics
Barium (ppm)	2	2	.309	.42	.039	2016	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Chromium (ppb)	100	100	.0015	NA		2016	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	2.43	1.07	2.43	2016	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

Inorganic Contaminants	MCLG	AL	YOUR SAMPLE Water	YOUR SAMPLE Date	#SAMPLES Exceeding Al	EXCEED Al	TYPICAL SOURCE
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	0.1	1	2018	21	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead – action level at consumer tap (ppb)	0	1	2	2018	21	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). We as that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. Please call our office if you have any questions.

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY
2019 MAY 28 PM 1:23

QUALITY ON Tap Report
LINCOLN RURAL WATER ASSOCIATION
Heucks Retreat
PWI ID# 430030
MAY 21,2019

Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of one well pumping from the Catahoula Aquifer. Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements. The following reports show our water quality and what it means.

If you have any question about this report or concerning you water utility, please contact our office at 1536 Monticello St., Brookhaven, Ms.ms. 601-833-6449. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regular scheduled meetings. They are held on the 3rd Tuesday of each month at the above location at 7:00 P.M. and our Annual meeting is held on the 2nd Monday of March at the Lincoln County Courthouse at 7:00 P.M

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detail information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for Lincoln Rural Water have received a moderate and lower ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

Lincoln Rural Water Association routinely monitors for as many as 154 constituents in you drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st 2018. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least a small amount of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these Terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action *Level* - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no know or expected risk to health. MCLG'S allow for a margin of safety.

Addition information for Lead

If present elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. ABC Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about leak in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/sagewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Laboratory offers lead testing for $20.00 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have you water tested.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential source of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request.

The wells for the Lincoln Rural Water association have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

******

Water Quality Data Table

#0430030 Heucks Retreat

Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL, TT, or MRDL	Your Water	Range Low	Range High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
Disinfectants & Disinfection By-Products								
(There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.)								
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	1.40	.90	1.90	2018	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	29,0ppb	NA		2018	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHMS [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80	4.09ppb	NA		2018	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Inorganic Contaminants								
Nitrate (Measured as Nitrogen)	10	10	.008ppm	NA		2018	No	Runoff from fertilizer use: Leaching from septic tanks, Sewage: Erosion of natural deposits ddeposots
Nitrite(Measured as Nitrogen)	10	10	0.02	NA		2018	No	Runoff from fertilizer use: Leaching from septic tanks. Sewage: Erosion of
Arsenic (ppb)	0	10	.11	0	.11	2016		Erosion of natural deposit Runoff from orchards: runoff from glass and electronics
Barium (ppm)	2	2	.309	.42	.039	2016	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Chromium (ppb)	100	100	.0015	NA		2016	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	2.43	1.07	2.43	2016	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

Inorganic Contaminants	MCLG	AL	YOUR SAMPLE Water	YOUR SAMPLE Date	#SAMPLES Exceeding Al	EXCEED Al	TYPICAL SOURCE
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	.001	1	2018	21	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead – action level at consumer tap (ppb)	0	0.015	2	2018	21	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). We as that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. Please call our office if you have any questions.

ON TAP