

2019 MAY 16 AM 8:19

2018 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

CITY OF POPLARVILLE

Public Water System Name

0550006

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.** Please check all boxes that apply.

- Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*
 - Advertisement in local paper *(Attach copy of advertisement)*
 - On water bills *(Attach copy of bill)*
 - Email message *(Email the message to the address below)*
 - Other _____

Date(s) customers were informed: 5/15/2019 / / /2019

- CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used _____

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

- CCR was distributed by Email *(Email MSDH a copy)* Date Emailed: / /2019
 - As a URL _____ *(Provide Direct URL)*
 - As an attachment
 - As text within the body of the email message

- CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*
Name of Newspaper: THE POPLARVILLE DEMOCRAT

Date Published: 5/9/2019

- CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)* Date Posted: 4/9/2019
- CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address: THE POPLARVILLE CITY HALL
(Provide Direct URL)

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

[Signature] Mayor
Name/Title (Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)

5-14-19

Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

****Not a preferred method due to poor clarity****

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

2018 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 City of Poplarville
 PWS#: 0550006
 April 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Samuel E. Hale at 601.795.8161. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first & third Tuesdays of each month at 5:00 P.M. at the City Hall.

The City of Poplarville purchases water from the Pearl River County Utility Authority. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of Poplarville have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2018, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
8. Arsenic	N	2016*	.6	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes

10. Barium	N	2016*	.017	.003 - .017	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2016*	.7	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	0	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride**	N	2016*	.883	.877 – .883	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection By-Products

Chlorine	N	2018	.80	.52 – 1.03	MG/L	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
----------	---	------	-----	------------	------	---	----------	---

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2016.

** Fluoride level is routinely adjusted to the MS State Dept of Health's recommended level of 0.6 - 1.2 ppm.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the TOWN OF POPLARVILLE is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 12. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 100%.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The City of Poplarville works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
110000001	03/15/19	04/15/19
SERVICE ADDRESS		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:

CITY OF POPLARVILLE
 200 HWY 26 E
 POPLARVILLE, MS 39470-2499
 601-795-8161
 poplarville.ms-ezpay.com

PRESORTED
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
 PAID
 PERMIT NO. 2
 POPLARVILLE, MS

CURRENT	METER READINGS		USED
	PREVIOUS		
7399000	4578000	821000	
CHARGE FOR SERVICES			

TO BE PAID ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	TO BE PAID AFTER DUE DATE
	05/15/2019	
AMOUNT DUE	LATE FEE	TOTAL IF LATE
.00	.00	.00

NET DUE >>>

2018 WATER QUALITY REPORT
 PUBLISHED IN DEMOCRAT 05/09/19

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

110000001
 WELL #1 CUMBERLAND

ACCOUNT NO.	SERVICE FROM	SERVICE TO
110000002	03/15/19	04/15/19
SERVICE ADDRESS		

RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT TO:

CITY OF POPLARVILLE
 200 HWY 26 E
 POPLARVILLE, MS 39470-2499
 601-795-8161
 poplarville.ms-ezpay.com

PRESORTED
 FIRST-CLASS MAIL
 U.S. POSTAGE
 PAID
 PERMIT NO. 2
 POPLARVILLE, MS

CURRENT	METER READINGS		USED
	PREVIOUS		
5921000	3833000	88000	
CHARGE FOR SERVICES			

TO BE PAID ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE	TO BE PAID AFTER DUE DATE
	05/15/2019	
AMOUNT DUE	LATE FEE	TOTAL IF LATE
.00	.00	.00

NET DUE >>>

2018 WATER QUALITY REPORT
 PUBLISHED IN DEMOCRAT 05/09/19

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

110000002
 WELL #2 TODD

Publisher's Certificate of Publication

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF PEARL RIVER

Linda Gilmore, being duly sworn, on oath says she is and during all times herein stated has been an employee of Picayune Newsmedia, LLC publisher and printer of the Picayune Item and The Poplarville Democrat (the "Newspaper"), has full knowledge of the facts herein stated as follows:

1. The Newspaper printed the copy of the matter attached hereto (the "Notice") was copied from the columns of the Newspaper and was printed and published in the English language on the following days and dates:

5/09/2019

2. The sum charged by the Newspaper for said publication is the actual lowest classified rate paid by commercial customer for an advertisement of similar size and frequency in the same newspaper in which the Notice was published.

3. There are no agreements between the Newspaper, publisher, manager or printer and the officer or attorney charged with the duty of placing the attached legal advertising notice whereby any advantage, gain or profit accrued to said officer or attorney.


Linda Gilmore, publisher

Subscribed and sworn to before me this
9th Day of May, 2019



Cindy Woods, Notary Public
State of Mississippi, County of Pearl River
My commission expires 05-11-21

Account #104369
Ad #783280 \$380.00

City of Poplarville
200 Hwy 26 East
Poplarville, MS 39470



East Carolina seeks 1 of NCAA Tournament's top 8 seeds

By Steve Megargee
AP Sports Writer

East Carolina coach Cliff Godwin is open about the Pirates' quest to earn one of the top eight seeds in the NCAA Tournament.

He sees no reason to keep quiet about it. The top eight seeds

I do know is that we have the right people in that locker room, we have the right coaches, we have the right support staff and we have the right fans," said Godwin, a former East Carolina catcher. "It's going to happen one day."

MILESTONE WIN FOR OLE MISS

Mississippi won two of three games at LSU over the weekend for its first series win at Baton Rouge since 1982. The Rebels had lost 19 consecutive series at LSU.

Ole Miss (32-17, 15-9 SEC) won 19-15 on Sunday in one of the wildest games played anywhere this season. Ole Miss led 15-9 with two outs and none on in the bottom of the ninth inning before LSU (30-18, 14-10) came back to tie the game and capped its rally with three straight homers. The Rebels responded by scoring four runs in the top of the 10th.

LSU's lone win in that series was an 8-3 decision on Friday. LSU's Drew Bianco, the son of Ole Miss coach Mike Bianco, homered in that game.

RECORD WEEKEND FOR SURGING VANDY

Vanderbilt pitcher Patrick Raby set the school's

get to host regionals and super regionals, assuming they get that far. That means plenty for an East Carolina program that has never reached the College World Series.

East Carolina (36-11, 16-2 American Athletic Conference) is ranked eighth by Baseball America and ninth by D1Baseball and Collegiate Baseball.

"With media and social media, it's in their face every day," Godwin said. "We talk about it. Look, at the end of the day, all we can do is put our best foot forward each day. We talk about staying in the present moment."

East Carolina is on the verge of clinching its first conference regular-season title in a decade. Just one more conference win by East Carolina or one more conference loss by Tulane (28-19, 10-7) would enable East Carolina to claim the AAC regular-season crown. East Carolina won the AAC Tournament in 2015 and 2018 but hasn't won a regular-season league championship since earning the Conference USA title in 2009.

After getting off to an 8-5 start, East Carolina

2018 Annual Drinking Water

Quality Report

City of Poplarville

PWS#:0550006

April 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's *Annual Quality Water Report*. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Samuel E. Hale at 601.795.8161. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first & third Tuesdays of each month at 5:00 p.m. at the City Hall.

The City of Poplarville purchases water from the Pearl River County Utility Authority. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of Poplarville have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018.

In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2018, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity, microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and other sources including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which

below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

TEST RESULTS						
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Defects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AQL	Unit Measurement	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants						
8. Arsenic	N	2016*	.8	No Range	ppb	50 Erosion of natural deposits, runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2016*	.017	.003 - .017	ppm	2 Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2016*	.7	No Range	ppb	100 Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	0	0	ppm	AL=1.3 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride**	N	2016*	.863	.877 - .883	ppm	4 Erosion of natural deposits, water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	0	0	ppb	AL=15 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection By-Products

Chlorine	N	2018	.80	52 - 103	MGAL	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
----------	---	------	-----	----------	------	---	----------	---

*Most recent sample. No sample required for 2016.
** Fluoride level is routinely adjusted to the MS State Dept of Health's recommended level of 0.6 - 1.2 ppm.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the TOWN OF POPLARVILLE is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 12. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 100%.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man

challenged us," Brickhouse said. "That was kind of an eye-opening experience. We hung with them the first two games, but it came down to just being detail-oriented and making the plays when they really need to be made. That's something we focused on once we got back, and it's kind of carried on through these last 12 games."

East Carolina will try to continue this surge it chases that elusive College World Series berth.

The Pirates have made 29 NCAA Tournament appearances without ever making it to Omaha. ECU's closest call came in 2016, when it lost a best-of-3 super regional with Texas Tech despite taking the first game and having the winning run on third base in the 11th and 12th innings of the second game.

"We've never been able to break through for whatever reason, but what

The Commodores (38-9, 18-6 SEC) have won 11 straight.

OKLAHOMA STATE'S SURPRISING SWEEP

In a rare late-season intersectional weekend series, Oklahoma State delivered a three-game road sweep at Oregon State, which had entered the weekend with a consensus top-five ranking. Oklahoma State (28-16, 10-8 Big 12) won 1-0 on Friday, 5-2 on Saturday and 8-7 on Sunday.

This marked the first time since 2010 that Oregon State (31-14-1, 17-4 Pac-12) has been swept in a three-game series on its home field.

TRADITIONAL POWERS STRUGGLING

Florida could have its hands full. The Gators (28-21, 9-15 SEC) have dropped seven of their last nine and were swept at Georgia over the week-

Al Penley Family Dentistry, we believe our patients should be treated with care and concern.

Along with creating beautiful smiles for the entire family, we offer these unique services.