

2018 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

South Centreville Water Association

Public Water System Name

0790006

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

- Advertisement in local paper *(Attach copy of advertisement)*
- On water bills *(Attach copy of bill)*
- Email message *(Email the message to the address below)*
- Other _____

Date(s) customers were informed: / / 2019 / / 2019 / / 2019

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used _____

Date Mailed/Distributed: / /

CCR was distributed by Email *(Email MSDH a copy)* Date Emailed: / / 2019

- As a URL _____ *(Provide Direct URL)*
- As an attachment
- As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: The Woodville Republican

Date Published: 4/18/19

CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)* Date Posted: / / 2019

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address: _____ *(Provide Direct URL)*

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

John A. M. Eakley *President*

Name/Title *(Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)*

4-23-19

Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

****Not a preferred method due to poor clarity****

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

Inorganic Contaminants

8. Arsenic	N	2016*	.7	No Range	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2016*	.089	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2016*	.8	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection By-Products

Chlorine	N	2018	1.1	.54 – 1.28	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
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* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2018.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however, the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The South Centreville Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2019 APR 25 AM 9:03

0790006

SOUTH CENTREVILLE WATER ASSOCIATION

P.O. BOX 722

CENTREVILLE, MS. 39631

APRIL 23, 2019

MSDH

Division of Water Supply

P.O. Box 1700

Jackson, Ms. 39215-1700

**Enclosed please find the publication of the CCR report in our local paper,
The Woodville Republican.**

Thank You,

John McKey - President

JM/BB

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
Wilkinson County

2018 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Local Government
PWS# 070005
April 2019

Who is prepared to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report? This report is designed to inform you about the quality of water you drink. It is intended to be a user-friendly document that provides information about the quality of water in your community. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from our well serving from the Moccasin Sand Aquifer. We also purchase water from the Town of Chestnut.

The accuracy of the information presented in this report is our top priority. We have taken every step to ensure that the information is accurate and up-to-date. We have conducted extensive testing and analysis to ensure that the information is reliable and accurate. We have also conducted extensive testing and analysis to ensure that the information is reliable and accurate.

If you have any questions about the report or contacting your water utility, please contact John Adkins at 601/946-6000. We want to ensure that you have all the information you need to make informed decisions about your water. We want to ensure that you have all the information you need to make informed decisions about your water.

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TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)	Actual	Units	Health Effects	USEPA	MCL	Local Source of Contaminant
Asbestos	7	0	per 100 gallons	Asbestos is a mineral fiber that is found in soil and rock. It is also found in some building materials, such as vermiculite and talc. Asbestos fibers can become airborne and inhaled, causing lung disease and cancer.	10	0	Asbestos is a naturally occurring mineral fiber that is found in soil and rock. It is also found in some building materials, such as vermiculite and talc. Asbestos fibers can become airborne and inhaled, causing lung disease and cancer.
Lead	200	0	per 100 gallons	Lead is a heavy metal that is found in soil and rock. It is also found in some building materials, such as lead-based paint and lead solder. Lead can become airborne and inhaled, causing lead poisoning.	2	0	Lead is a heavy metal that is found in soil and rock. It is also found in some building materials, such as lead-based paint and lead solder. Lead can become airborne and inhaled, causing lead poisoning.
Chloride	100	100	per 100 gallons	Chloride is a naturally occurring mineral ion that is found in soil and rock. It is also found in some building materials, such as salt. Chloride can become airborne and inhaled, causing irritation to the eyes, nose, and throat.	100	100	Chloride is a naturally occurring mineral ion that is found in soil and rock. It is also found in some building materials, such as salt. Chloride can become airborne and inhaled, causing irritation to the eyes, nose, and throat.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. Why? Great! Well, adding water doesn't add contaminants. It filters out contaminants that are already in the water. We have a filtration system that filters out contaminants that are already in the water. We have a filtration system that filters out contaminants that are already in the water.

WOODVILLE, MISS., Shumway, April 18, 2019

PERSONALLY appeared before me the undersigned Notary Public,

ANDY J. LEWIS, Editor of THE WOODVILLE REPUBLICAN, who being duly

sworn says on oath that the publication, a copy of which is hereto attached,

was published in THE WOODVILLE REPUBLICAN, a newspaper published in

said County and State, for 1 successive weeks, and being numbers

51

dated Shumway, April 18, 2019

of the 1914 volume of said newspaper

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 18th day

of April, 2019 at Woodville, Mississippi

Commission Expires: 07/08/2021

Andy Lewis Publisher

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