

**2017 CERTIFICATION** 2018 JUN 18 AM 9: 35

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

SI-55 WATER ASSOCIATION

Public Water System Name

0490001

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.** Please check all boxes that apply.

† Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (*Attach copy of publication, water bill or other*)

- †  Advertisement in local paper (*Attach copy of advertisement*)
- †  On water bills (*Attach copy of bill*)
- †  Email message (*Email the message to the address below*)
- †  Other \_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) customers were informed: 6 / 14 / 2018 / / 2018 / / 2018

† CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used \_\_\_\_\_

Date Mailed/Distributed: \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_

† CCR was distributed by Email (*Email MSDH a copy*) Date Emailed: \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_ / 2018

- †  As a URL \_\_\_\_\_ (*Provide Direct URL*)
- †  As an attachment
- †  As text within the body of the email message

†  CCR was published in local newspaper. (*Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication*)

Name of Newspaper: THE WENONA TIMES

Date Published: 6 / 14 / 2018

† CCR was posted in public places. (*Attach list of locations*) Date Posted: \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_ / 2018

† CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address: \_\_\_\_\_ (*Provide Direct URL*)

**CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

Patricia Wright - President  
Name/Title (*President, Mayor, Owner, etc.*)

6/15/18  
Date

**Submission options** (*Select one method ONLY*)

**Mail:** (U.S. Postal Service)  
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply  
P.O. Box 1700  
Jackson, MS 39215

**Email:** [water.reports@msdh.ms.gov](mailto:water.reports@msdh.ms.gov)

**Fax:** (601) 576 - 7800

**\*\*Not a preferred method due to poor clarity\*\***

**CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2018!**

2017 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report  
 51-55 Water Association  
 PWS#: 490001  
 May 2018

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is purchased from the City of Winona that has wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of Winona have received moderate to higher susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Patricia Curington at 662.417.7154. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meeting scheduled for the second Thursday of September at 6:00 PM at the Montgomery County Courthouse.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2017. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2017, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

**Action Level** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)** - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

**Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter** - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>								
10. Barium	N	2016*	.0825	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits

13. Chromium	N	2016*	.9	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2016*	.537	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

### Disinfection By-Products

81. HAA5	N	2017	10	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2017	10.55	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2017	1.4	.90 – 2.7	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

\* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2017.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the CITY OF WINONA is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.3 ppm was 10. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.3 ppm was 83%.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The 51-55 Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2018 JUN 18 AM 9:34

## BLESS YOUR HEART

# God always finds us when we are lost

BY CONNIE BUNCH  
Columnist

So many memories!

Vacations are wonderful blessings. To get away, explore new places, or revisit special areas of the country you have traveled to before can be refreshing and exciting.

We drove past places. We had gone on our first weekend vacation as newlyweds, and remembered how exciting it was to get away to the coast as a couple and walk on Mississippi beaches.

When we drove by the battleship, Alabama, in Mobile, we were flooded with memories of the day we took our three sons, Daniel, Andrew, and Jonathan, to tour the immense ship. They were so excited to get on a real battleship, and the tour guide was wonderful as he explained the different levels of the ship and gave interesting information. We trudged up and down narrow metal steps from top to bottom, looking and learning. Then I noticed something.

We had two little boys with us, but Andrew was missing. Immediately my heart started racing, my hands were sweaty with nervousness, and all sorts of dreadful images came into my head. Was he kidnapped by some mad person? Was he lost and crying in a corner of the ship? Had he gone on deck and explored—maybe falling into the Mobile Bay?

I sounded our family alarm. We started searching. I doubt any sailor made it up and down levels any faster in a battle alarm. We called his name. We were intense and driven to find our little blond-headed, blue-eyed boy whose curiosity led him into adventures we weren't ready for. Suddenly, we



Connie Bunch

## 2017 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report 51-55 Water Association PWS#: 490001 May 2018

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## Inorganic Contaminants

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Disinfection By-Products		2017	10	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
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82. THM (Total trihalomethanes)	N	2017	1.4	.90 - 2.7	mg/L	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

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The 51-55 Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Have you ever lost sight of someone precious? Have you ever lost something you hold very valuable? What did you do?

Did you shrug and say, "Oh, well," and go on about your business unconcerned?

Of course not! I imagine you turned everything upside down and searched everywhere for the person or the treasure. You were emotionally charged as you thought where he or she might be. You passionately looked and continued looking. You didn't give up hope. You got others to help you in your desperate search.

The Bible holds many stories Jesus told about the search for lost things: The prodigal son, the lost coin, the lost sheep, and more. In the parables, Jesus is teaching us how God feels about us and what He does.

God seeks us out! When we are lost, God sends the Holy Spirit to draw us to Him, to show us the Truth, to shine His light on our lives to help us see our condition—our lostness. He comes as Savior, Lord, and King to us. Can you imagine that? The Master and Creator of the Universe looking for you!

Why? Because He wants to have a saving relationship with you, to lift you out of the miry clay of sin and death, and give you real life that lasts eternally.

"For the Son of Man came to seek and save the lost."

Luke 19:10

## Blood drive in DH

Mississippi Blood Services (MBS) will be holding a community blood drive in Duck Hill, Thursday, June 21, from 12 - 6 p.m. The MBS Donor Coach will be at Dollar General. Donors will receive a T-shirt and a gift card (while supplies last).

The Save Our Summer \$1,000 Giveaway summer promotion, which runs through Saturday, August 18, is now under way. Every week during the promotion, Mississippi Blood Services will be giving away \$1,000 to a donor. All donors at all blood drive and fixed site locations are eligible. One donor every week will win \$1,000 during the 12-week promotion. Donations count Sunday through Saturday; names will be drawn the following Monday. Every time a donor donates during the promotion, he or she is eligible to win in that week's drawing. Mississippi Blood Services is giving away \$12,000 during 12 weeks of summer—\$1,000 to a donor every week for 12 weeks.

Donating blood is safe, simple and it saves lives. Donors must be at least 16 years old (16-year-olds need signed parental consent, visit our Web site for a copy of the form), weigh at least 110 pounds and have a valid ID. Visit us at [msblood.com](http://msblood.com) or call us at (888) 90-BLOOD (902-5663) for more information.