

## 2017 CERTIFICATION 2018 JUN 29 AM 8:43

## Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Town of Isola

Public Water System Name

0270003

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.** Please check all boxes that apply.

† Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

†  Advertisement in local paper *(Attach copy of advertisement)*

†  On water bills *(Attach copy of bill)*

†  Email message *(Email the message to the address below)*

†  Other \_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) customers were informed: 6/27/2018 / /2018 / /2018

† CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used \_\_\_\_\_

Date Mailed/Distributed: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_

† CCR was distributed by Email *(Email MSDH a copy)* Date Emailed: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / 2018

†  As a URL \_\_\_\_\_ *(Provide Direct URL)*

†  As an attachment

†  As text within the body of the email message

† CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: The Belzoni Banner

Date Published: 6/27/18

† CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)* Date Posted: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / 2018

† CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Provide Direct URL)*

**CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

Dimp Pswell

Name/Title *(President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)*

6-28-18

Date

**Submission options** *(Select one method ONLY)*

**Mail:** (U.S. Postal Service)  
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply  
P.O. Box 1700  
Jackson, MS 39215

**Email:** [water.reports@msdh.ms.gov](mailto:water.reports@msdh.ms.gov)

**Fax:** (601) 576 - 7800

**\*\*Not a preferred method due to poor clarity\*\***

**CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2018!**

**CORRECTED COPY**

*Annual Drinking Water Quality Report  
Town of Isola  
PWS ID# 0270003  
June 2017*

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water.

**Is my water safe?**

Last year, as in years past, your tap water met all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state drinking water health standards. Local Water vigilantly safeguards its water supplies and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level or any other water quality standard.

**Where does my water come from?**

Spata Sands Aquifer

**Source water assessment and its availability**

Yes. It will be at the local Town Hall.

**How can I get involved?**

By attending your local meetings at the Town Hall every first Tuesday at 4:00p.m.

**Additional Information for Lead and Copper**

If present, elevated levels of lead and copper can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. This water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

**2017 CCR Significant Deficiency and/or Violations Summary****Inadequate Follow-up of Previous Deficiencies**

- Inadequate Internal Cleaning/Maintenance of Storage Tanks
- No Approved Emergency Response Plan or Vulnerability Analysis
- Unprotected Cross Connections

- 2016 CCR was not submitted before July 1, 2017 as required

## Water Quality Data Table

The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. The presence of contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently.

<u>Contaminants</u>	<u>MCLG</u> or <u>MRDLG</u>	<u>MCL,</u> TT, or <u>MRDL</u>	<u>Your</u> <u>Water</u>	<u>Range</u> <u>Low</u> <u>High</u>	<u>Sample</u> <u>Date</u>	<u>Violation</u>	<u>Typical Source</u>
<b>Disinfectants &amp; Disinfection By-Products</b>							
(There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.)							
Chlorine (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ) (ppm)	0.30	0.90	0.50	0.30   0.90	2017	No	Water additive used to control microbes

### Inorganic Contaminants

<u>Contaminants</u>	<u>MCLG</u>	<u>AL</u>	<u>Your</u> <u>Water</u>	<u>Sample</u> <u>Date</u>	<u># Samples</u> <u>Exceeding AL</u>	<u>Exceeds</u> <u>AL</u>	<u>Typical Source</u>
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>							
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	1.3	ND	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0.015	0.015	1	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Nitrate	10ppm	10ppm	ND	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite	1ppm	1ppm	ND	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate-Nitrite	10ppm	10ppm	ND	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

For more information please contact the Town of Isola 662-962-7725

Terrence Hursey

Box 942

Belzoni, MS 39038

Mailed  
6-28-18

Charles Shultis, Director  
MSDH Bureau of Public Health

Po Box 1700

Jackson, MS 39215

# FFS

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We are grateful to Sen. Wicker for his commitment to testify at those hearings.

The outcome of the hearings will impact each and every community in Mississippi, and it may not be positive. Those old-line newspaper publishers would be distraught as are their successors today. Hopefully readers will now also be distraught.

Newspapers regardless of their size are not only watchdogs and historians for the local communities they serve, they too are economic engines that help communities thrive and prosper through the commerce they create via advertng of local good and services.

*Bill Jacobs is the former owner, editor and publisher of the Brookhaven Daily Leader and the Prentiss Headlight. He serves on the board of directors of the National Newspaper Association Foundation where he is the Treasurer. He is a past president of the Mississippi Press Association.*

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## U-HAULS SPOTTED



Pictured above are Carlton and Caleb Gorton. They saw the U-Haul in Black Mountain, NC.



Grant, Aust Minor and Ann Carol They. They saw the U-Haul in Atchison, Kansas.

### Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Silver City PWS ID# 0270007 2017

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#### Where does my water come from?

Spata Sands Aquifer

#### Source water assessment and its availability

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 Inadequate Follow-up of Previous Deficiencies

- Inadequate Internal Cleaning/Maintenance of Storage Tanks
- Inadequate Security Measures
- 2016 CCR was not submitted before July 1, 2017 as required

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Contaminants	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Range		Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
	or MRDLG	TT, or MRDL		Low	High			
<b>Disinfectants &amp; Disinfection By-Products</b>								
(There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.)								
Chlorine (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ) (ppm)	0.40	0.90	0.6	0.40	0.90	2017	No	Water additive used to control microbes
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	4ppb	4ppb	0	0	0	2016	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>								

Contaminants	MCLG	AL	Your Water	Sample Date	# Samples Exceeding AL	Exceeds AL	Typical Source
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>							
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	0.1	1.3	0.1	2015	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0.002	0.015	0.002	2015	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Barium	2ppm	2ppm	0.0083ppm	2016	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Chromium	0.1ppm	0.1ppm	0.0005ppm	2016	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride	4ppm	4ppm	0.109ppm	2016	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate	10ppm	10ppm	0.08	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite	1ppm	1ppm	0.02	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate-Nitrite	10ppm	10ppm	0.1	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

For more information please contact the  
 Town of Silver City

# THE NEWSPRINT TARIFF



By Bill Jacobs

Mississippi's old-line newspaper publishers most definitely would be distraught of today's media world as pointed out in Mac Gordon's recent guest column (Sunday, June 17) in the Clarion Ledger. They would be further distraught about proposed tariffs on Canadian newsprint that may be disastrous for newspapers across Mississippi — especially the local community ones located in small towns across the state. The ones your friends and neighbors edit and publish. The ones many communities have depended on for generations and will be especially hit hard. Frankly, some newspapers could fold! Others will be forced into further cutbacks.

For sake of clarity this tariff is not as a result of the President's recently imposed Canadian aluminum and steel tariffs but instead the result of a complaint filed by a New York hedge fund-owned newsprint mill in Washington state last year.

And while Trump may have not have initiated this tariff, any effort by his administration to intercede is highly unlikely.

For a little background on the newsprint industry, 11 years ago there were 17 newsprint mills in the United States with seven in the South — most Canadian owned. Today there are only five newsprint mills in the United States with only two in the South — one of which is located here in Mississippi. The remaining Mississippi mill has its headquarters in Canada. The other mills have either closed or been converted to other types of paper.

The Grenada mill is especially important in that its economic impact footprint extends across north Mississippi and includes not only mill workers but landowners, timber producers, and loggers, as well as the companies that support the jobs underneath.

Will the Canadian tariff close the Grenada Mill? Unlikely, but the tariff will reduce the demand on the newsprint they produce. Closing is an option but so too is cost cutting or conversion to producing a different type of paper.

So does the tariff not make Grenada-produced newsprint cheaper than Canadian paper? Nope! You see, newsprint is sold on a world market. Increased prices in Canada means price increases every-

where else including the duced here in Mississippi increased prices means produced because less is Simple supply and de economics means the t the supply the higher the

Some Mississippi comm newspaper publishers ov past few weeks are rep 30 percent price increas tices for printing costs. printing costs are usuall second largest cost for a r paper publisher. In the p publisher might raise a scription price by a few or raise advertising rates percent or two to cover cost increases. However, today's digital/social m world, publishers can no le pass those costs along, so just have to absorb those c Very few if any commu publishers can afford to d these days.

There is pending legisla in Washington to further view the Canadian tariff si tion with U. S. Senator R Wicker being a co-spon Similar legislation is b introduced in the House, so far none of our cong sional delegation has sig on. The Mississippi Econo Council has voiced concern Washington, DC.

On July 17 the Departm of Commerce will hold he ings to determine the fate the Canadian newsprint tari



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Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0.015	0.015	0.0005	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Barium	2ppm	2ppm	0.0007ppm	2015	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Chromium	0.1ppm	0.1ppm	0.0005ppm	2015	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride	4ppm	4ppm	0.143ppm	2015	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate	10ppm	10ppm	0.08	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite	1ppm	1ppm	0.02	2017	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
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