2017 CERTIFICATION WATER SUPPLY

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) JUL -5 AM 8: 48

Black Hawk water Assoc

Public Water System Name

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attack	ch copy of publication, water bill or other)
Advertisement in local paper (Attach of	copy of advertisement)
☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)	25
☐ Email message (Email the message to	the address below)
□ Other	
Date(s) customers were informed: 6 /2 \ /2018	/ /2018 / /2018
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other of methods used	lirect delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed://	
CCR was distributed by Email (Email MSDH a copy)	Date Emailed: / / 2018
□ As a URL	(Provide Direct URL)
☐ As an attachment	
☐ As text within the body of the email m	essage
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of pu	blished CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: Winona limes	5
Date Published: 6 12/12018	
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted: / / 2018
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the	following address:
	(Provide Direct URL)
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of the above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I furthand correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provide of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply	ner certify that the information included in this CCR is true ed to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department 2 20/8
Name Title (gresident, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	Date
Submission options (Select or	ne method ONLY)
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2018!

(601) 576 - 7800

Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply

P.O. Box 1700

Jackson, MS 39215

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

2017 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Black Hawk Water Association PWS#: 0080001 May 2018

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report, This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The well for the Black Hawk Water Association has received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mary Lou Daves at 662.834.2002. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meeting scheduled for June 7, 2018 at 7:30 PM at the Black Hawk Vol. Fire Dept.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2017. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2017, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST R	ESUL 1	rs		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contar	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2014*	.0089	.00840089	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits
13. Chromium	N	2014*	.6	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17	0	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2015/17	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection	n By	-Produc	ts					
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2017	2.11	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2017	.8	.7 – 1.5	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2017.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Black Hawk Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Affidavit (Proof) of Publication

THE WINDNATIMES Serving the Crossroads 1881

State of Mississippi, County of Montgomery

2017 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Black Hawk Water Association PWS#: 0060001 May 2018

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality White Report. This report is designed to reform you obser the quality whate and services we deliver to you weary doy. Our containst poal is to provide you with a seal and depended supply of dishing water. We went you to uncertainty efforts we make to continuity improve the water imatment process are protect, our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of you water. Our water across its form water data deating from the Marcials Depth Willow Apublics.

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Contaminent	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Defected	Range of Outside or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Finalti- tham:	MOLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contai	ninants	ever results					
10. Barium	N	2014"	.DUN9	.00840089	рунті	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refinedes; erosion of natura deposits.
13. Chromium	N	2014"	.6	No Range	ppib	100	100	Discharge from state and pulp mile; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17	0	D	ppm	1.3	AL=1 3	Corresion of household plumbing ayelams; session of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
7. Lead	N	2016/17	2	D	pple	0	ALP16	Corresion of household plumbing systems, emura of natural deposits

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The Black Howk Water Association works around the clock to provide top quelty water to every lap. We ask that all out dustomers need us protect out water rounces, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Before me, HMMMA SHOULEND, a Notary Public of said state, county and eity, personally appeared Tina Gatlin, clerk of The Winona Times who upon oath stated that noticed shown at left hereto was published in said newspaper on the date(s) listed below:

Vol. 136 No.25 Date: June 21,2018

Tina Gatlin, Clerk

The Winona Times
P.O. Box 151, Winona, MS 38967 (662) 283-1131
email: bookeeping@winonatimes.com
or publisher@winonatimes.com

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this

the 20th day of June, 2018.

Notary Public

AMANDA SEXTON FERGUSON

Commission Expires

April 11, 2021