

2018 MAY 29 AM 8:08

2017 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Town of Terry

Public Water System Name

250025

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.** Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)* Advertisement in local paper *(Attach copy of advertisement)* On water bills *(Attach copy of bill)* Email message *(Email the message to the address below)* Other Town webpageDate(s) customers were informed: 6 / 1 / 2018 / / / 2018 / / / 2018CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used U.S. Postal ServiceDate Mailed/Distributed: 5 / 21 / 2018CCR was distributed by Email *(Email MSDH a copy)*Date Emailed: 5 / 23 / 2018 As a URL *(Provide Direct URL)* As an attachment As text within the body of the email messageCCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*Name of Newspaper: Byram BannerDate Published: 06 / 1 / 2018CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)*Date Posted: 5 / 23 / 2018

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:

terryms.org*(Provide Direct URL)***CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

Chris Reed / Town ClerkName/Title *(President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)*5/23/18

Date

Submission options *(Select one method ONLY)*

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov**Fax:** (601) 576 - 7800****Not a preferred method due to poor clarity******CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2018!**

2017 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 Town of Terry Water Service
 PWS#: 250025
 May 2018

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Forest Hill Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Terry have received lower to moderate rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact James Green at 601.941.2792 or Heath Taylor at 601.720.5443. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us for the regular meetings scheduled for the first Tuesday of each month at 7:00 PM at 315 Cunningham Ave.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2017. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2017, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

| TEST RESULTS | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---|------------------|------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measurement | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Microbiological Contaminants | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Total Coliform Bacteria | N | November | Positive | 1 | NA | 0 | presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples | Naturally present in the environment |

| Inorganic Contaminants | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---------|-------|----------|-----|-----|--------|---|
| 10. Barium | N | 2017 | .0217 | No Range | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 13. Chromium | N | 2017 | 2.3 | No Range | ppb | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| 14. Copper | N | 2015/17 | .1 | 0 | ppm | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| 16. Fluoride | N | 2017 | .157 | No Range | ppm | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| 17. Lead | N | 2015/17 | 1 | 0 | ppb | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |

| Disinfection By-Products | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|------|------|----------|------|---|----------|--|
| 81. HAA5 | N | 2017 | 26 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 60 | By-Product of drinking water disinfection. |
| 82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] | N | 2017 | 25.6 | No Range | ppb | 0 | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination. |
| Chlorine | N | 2017 | 1.2 | .08 - 2 | mg/l | 0 | MRDL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2017.

Microbiological Contaminants:

(1) Total Coliform. Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter drinking water distribution system. We found coliform indicating the need to look for potential problems in water treatment or distribution. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessment(s) to identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.

During the past year we were required to conduct and completed 1 (one) Level 1 assessment. 1 (one) Level 1 assessment was completed. In addition, we were required to take and completed 1 (one) corrective action.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Significant Deficiencies

During a sanitary survey conducted on 10/20/2017, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s).

No Approved Emergency Response Plan or Vulnerability Analysis

Corrective actions: This deficiency is within its initial 120 day deadline for completion or a compliance plan by 3/01/2018.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Town of Terry Water Service works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.



Anna Hite of Raymond graduated from Hinds Community College

Hite, whose next step is the University of Mississippi, won numerous awards at Hinds including representing the college as the student HEADWAF honoree at the annual legislative luncheon in February (April Garin Hinds Community College)



Hinds CC Art Show winners, scholarship recipients announced

RAYMOND - Winners of the Hinds Community College Student Art Show were announced during a ceremony in April at the Marie Hall Art Gallery on the Raymond Campus. Among those from Bryant awarded was Brianna Grahm, second place in painting, mixed media.

COLUMBUS, MS WINS IN USA TODAY'S 10 BEST TRAVEL AWARD CONTEST

Voters choose Columbus, MS as a winner in the Best Small Town Cultural Scene category. COLUMBUS, MS - Columbus, MS has been voted No. 6 in the Best Small Town Cultural Scene category of USA TODAY's latest 10Best Readers' Choice travel award contest. Visit Columbus is honored to win a coveted spot on this list and is grateful for the many voters who helped our city win this distinguished award," said Nancy Carpenter, CEO of Visit Columbus.

Columbus, MS was one of 20 small towns nominated by an expert panel to contend in the four-week contest promoted by USA TODAY. During that time, the public had the opportunity to vote once a day for their top choice. Columbus consistently ranked among the top 10 before securing the spot at No. 6 on the list. Nominees in this category all have a population less than 30,000 (as of the last census), and pack a big cultural punch—museums and galleries, performing arts, and busy event calendars.

About Columbus, MS Columbus, with its rich historical heritage, is the perfect destination for anyone who appreciates classic Southern architecture, food, and Hospitality.

Savoring the moment is what we do best here in Columbus. This is a place where slowing down is rewarded with a cold mint julep in an architectural tour of centuries-old homes. Our revitalized downtown area is alive with charming shops and Southern food hotspots. Catfish Alley harks back to an African-American hub at the turn of the 20th century, while Mississippi University for Women has been an important destination for education since 1884. And right here at the Riverwalk, we love to celebrate with special events from races to festivals to concerts.

Offering 1,500+ hotel and bed and breakfast rooms, 135+ dining choices, 650+ historic places, and 3 National Register Historic Districts, Columbus truly is the city that has it all.

For more information contact Visit Columbus, 117 Third Street South, by calling 800-920-3533 or 662-329-1191 or visit their website at www.VisitColumbusMS.org to learn more.

Terry Grove Missionary Baptist Church Announces Its' Annual Men's Day Program

The Terry Grove Missionary Baptist Church family invites you to its' Annual 2018 Men's Day Program, to be held on Sunday June 17, 2018, at 11:00 a.m. This year's theme is "Men Repositioning Themselves to Serve the Lord." The speaker for this occasion will be the Reverend John Blunt of Purgis Grove M.B. Church in Vidalia, MS. So please come and join us as our men display what the Lord has been doing at our church as well as in our lives. Terry Grove M.B. Church is located at 323 Raymond Street in Terry and Pastored by Dr. Dion F. Porter.

McQUEEN PAINTING
 Carpentry Repair
 Interior/Exterior
 Serving the Jackson Area for over 30 years.
 References Available
 601-540-1248

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 Town of Terry Water Service
 PWS#280028
 May 2018

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TEST RESULTS

Microbiological Contaminants

Inorganic Contaminants

Disinfectant Residues

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