CERTIFICATION
Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)
Northeast Amite County Water Assoc.
Public Water Supply Name
0030024
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
☑ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
☐ On water bills (attach copy of bill)
☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
☐ Other

Date(s) customers were informed: / / / / / / / / / / /

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used

Date Mailed/Distributed: / / / / / / / / / / /

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / / /
☐ As a URL (Provide URL
☐ As an attachment
☐ As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: Enterprise Journal
Date Published: 06/13/17

CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / / /

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):

CERTIFICATION
I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!
NORTHEAST AMITE WATER
P.O. BOX 1471
McCOMB, MS 39649-1471
(601) 854-7399

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SERVICE</th>
<th>METER READING</th>
<th>PRESENT</th>
<th>PREVIOUS</th>
<th>USED</th>
<th>CHARGES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>83500</td>
<td></td>
<td>83400</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>19.00</td>
</tr>
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Northeast Amite Water

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CUSTOMER</th>
<th>DUE DATE</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>6/20/17</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

7023 BROWN RD.
CCR Report will run in Enterprise Journal 6-13-17
Service From 4/20/2017 TO 5/25/2017 ACCOUNT 868 5/30/2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>METER READ MONTH</th>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>TOTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT</th>
<th>LATE CHARGE AFTER DUE DATE</th>
<th>PAST DUE AMOUNT</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>19.00</td>
<td>1.90</td>
<td>20.90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BENJAMIN BOSARGE
17731 Culpe Bluff Ave
Baton Rouge LA 70817-2664

Service for all accounts having a past due balance will be subject to disconnection. Must bring full card if paying at Pike National Bank. For billing questions or new service call 601-854-7399.
Chief: Killings leave ‘gaping wounds in psyche’

Shootin of barber in front of customers, decapitation called ‘shocking, bizarre, brutal, unresponsive’

Malcolm L. Lazard, 45, said nothing after the shooting. He was charged with murder, attempted murder and tampering with a corpse.

Lazard, who has a history of mental illness, was arrested Tuesday after a barber shop was locked down.

Health Department closing two-thirds of regional offices

The Mississippi Health Department is closing two-thirds of its regional offices.

The department announced plans to close 11 offices across the state on March 1.

The closures are part of a larger plan to reduce costs and improve efficiency.

Located in Jackson, the health department serves over 1 million people.

Louisiana Governor signs bills to curb opioid abuse

Gov. John Bel Edwards signed a package of bills Thursday that aim to curb opioid abuse in Louisiana.

The measures include expanded access to medication-assisted treatment, increased penalties for doctors who prescribe opioids inappropriately, and measures to improve data collection and monitoring.

The bills were passed by both houses of the legislature and are now awaiting the governor's signature.

Mississippi

Calibrating citizenship, spirit

Mississippians are being asked to consider the importance of their citizenship.

The Mississippi Public Broadcasting System is launching a series of events to encourage public participation in civic life.

The events include discussions on the role of the media, the importance of education, and the need for responsible government.

Tallahassee

Healthcare-Smith

The Tallahassee Health Care Foundation has awarded grants to support health initiatives in the community.

The foundation has awarded over $5 million to various organizations and programs.

The grants focus on improving access to care, increasing health literacy, and addressing health disparities.

Test Results

The following are the results of a testing procedure:

- **Determination by-Products**
  - Result: 0.12
  - Units: mg/dL
  - Reference Range: 0.0 to 0.2

- **Inorganic Constituents**
  - Sodium: 136 mg/dL
  - Chloride: 109 mg/dL
  - Calcium: 9 mg/dL
  - Magnesium: 2.0 mg/dL

- **Other Tests**
  - Albumin: 3.8 g/dL
  - Creatinine: 0.8 mg/dL
  - Hemoglobin: 14.5 g/dL
  - Glucose: 80 mg/dL

- **Test Date:** 06/27/2017

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*Results may differ from individual to individual.*
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,
COUNTY OF PIKE

PERSONALLY CAME before me, the undersigned, a notary public in and for PIKE County, Mississippi, the
CLERK of the McCOMB ENTERPRISE-JOURNAL, a newspaper published in
the City of McComb, Pike County, to said paper who being duly sworn, depose and
swear that the McCOMB ENTERPRISE-JOURNAL is a newspaper as defined
and prescribed in Senate Bill No. 203 enacted at the regular session of the
Mississippi Legislature of 1946, extending Section 1859, of the Mississippi Code
of 1942, and that the publication of a notice, of which the above is a copy in the
name of 2019 Annual Drinking Water
Quality Report
Northeast Inland County Water Assoc

has been made in said paper once consecutively, to wit:
On the 13 day of June 2017
On the ______ day of ____________ 20__
On the ______ day of ____________ 20__
On the ______ day of ____________ 20__
On the ______ day of ____________ 20__
On the ______ day of ____________ 20__
On the ______ day of ____________ 20__

SWORN TO and subscribed before me, this
27 day of June 2017

Kia K. Helden
Notary Public

My Commission Expires: June 19, 2021

McComb, Miss. 32970
To McComb Enterprise-Journal

TO PUBLISH: ______________________________________________________________________
case of ___________________________________________________________________________

words space __________________________
letters and mailing point: 3 __________________

RECEIVED OF ____________________________

payment in full of the above account.

_____________________________________

____________________
We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from a well drawing from the Miocene Series Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The well for the Northeast Amite County Water Association has received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact David Gunther at 601-248-3520. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Tuesday of each month at 7:00 PM at Mars Hill Community Center.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2016. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2016, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

**Action Level** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)** - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in $10,000.

**Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (µg/l)** - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in $10,000,000.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contaminant</th>
<th>Violation Y/N</th>
<th>Date Collected</th>
<th>Level Detected</th>
<th>Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL</th>
<th>Unit Measurement</th>
<th>MCLG</th>
<th>MCL</th>
<th>Likely Source of Contamination</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inorganic Contaminants</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Barium</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2015*</td>
<td>.0406</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CORPORATION FOR HOUSEHOLD PLUMBING SYSTEMS; EROSION OF NATURAL DEPOSITS; LEACHING FROM WOOD PRESERVATIVES

17. Lead

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2015/17</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td></td>
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19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>.24</td>
<td>No Range</td>
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<td></td>
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**Disinfection By-Products**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2014*</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>ppm</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chorine</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.10 - 1.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however, the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

**Significant Deficiencies**

**Monitoring and Reporting of Compliance Data Violations:**

During a sanitary survey conducted on 3/13/2015, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s):

- Well Near source of fecal contamination (ex: septic system, sewer lines)

**Corrective Actions:** This system has entered into a Bilateral Compliance Agreement with MSDH to correct this deficiency by 6/30/2018.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency’s Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Northeast Amite County Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children’s future. A copy of this report will not be mailed to each customer.