CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Chalybeate Water Assn.

Public Water Supply Name: Chalybeate Water Assn.

0700003

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)

☒ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
☐ On water bills (attach copy of bill)
☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
☐ Other

Date(s) customers were informed: 5/10/17

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used

Date Mailed/Distributed:

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy)

☐ As a URL (Provide URL )
☐ As an attachment
☐ As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)

Name of Newspaper: Southern Sentinel

Date Published: 5/10/17

CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: 5/10/17

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):

Chalybeate Water Office

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Bobby Naylor - President

Date: 5/16/17

Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!
We are pleased to present to you this year’s Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of water and services we deliver to you every day. Our goal at Caltrans is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the risks we take to make sure the water we deliver (treated and treated) is free of disease and meets or exceeds the water standards set by the state and federal government. We are committed to providing you with the information you need to make informed decisions about your health and safety.

The data collected is based on our public water system database of the overall compliance of the drinking water supplied to Caltrans. This report contains important information on how we monitor, analyze, and report on the water quality that we supply to ensure it meets or exceeds the water quality standards established by the state and federal government.

We are committed to ensuring that our drinking water meets the highest quality standards. To achieve this, we conduct regular sampling and testing of our drinking water to ensure it is safe for consumption. We monitor the water quality at various points in our distribution system to ensure that it meets the required standards. This includes testing for a variety of contaminants, such as bacteria, viruses, parasites, chemicals, and other substances that could pose a health risk.

In addition to regular monitoring, we also respond to any incidents that may affect the quality of our drinking water. We have established procedures to quickly and effectively respond to any situations that may compromise the quality of our drinking water. This includes immediate notification to customers and stakeholders, as well as a coordinated response to ensure the health and safety of our customers.

We want to assure you that we are committed to providing you with clean, safe drinking water. We are dedicated to maintaining the highest quality standards and are constantly working to improve and expand our services. We encourage you to contact us if you have any questions or concerns about the quality of your drinking water or the services we provide. Together, we can ensure that we are meeting the needs of our customers and providing the best possible service.

The following charts and tables provide a summary of the quality of our drinking water for the reporting period. The data is based on the latest information available and is subject to change. We encourage you to review this information and keep it on hand for future reference.

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- Introduction
- Water Quality
- Disinfection By-Products
- Inorganic Contaminants
- Microbiological Contaminants
- Pesticides
- Other Contaminants
- Analysis of Drinking Water
- Conclusion

**Microbiological Contaminants**

- Total Coliforms
- Fecal Coliforms
- Enterococci

**Inorganic Contaminants**

- Arsenic
- Barium
- Chloride
- Copper
- Lead

**Disinfection By-Products**

- DBP

We hope you find this report informative and helpful. We are committed to providing you with the best possible drinking water services, and we are always looking for ways to improve and enhance our services. Thank you for choosing Caltrans as your provider of drinking water.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

[Name]

[Title]

[Date]
Proof of Publication

The State of Mississippi Tippah County

Personally appeared before me a Notary Public in and for said County and State, the undersigned

Tim Watson

who, after being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Publisher of the SOUTHERN SENTINEL, a newspaper published in the City of Ripley, in said County and State, and that the

LEGAL NOTICE

a true copy of which is hereto attached, was published for 1 consecutive weeks in said newspaper as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VOLUME</th>
<th>NO.</th>
<th>DATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>139</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>5/10/2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

And further, that said newspaper has been published in Ripley, Tippah County, Mississippi for more than one year next preceding the first insertion of the above mentioned legal notice.

Tim Watson

Sworn to and subscribed before me this the 15 DAY OF May 2017

JESSICA L. DAVIS
Notary Public, Tippah County, Mississippi
My Commission expires: 05/05/2017

Printer's Fee
2016 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Chalybeate Water Association
PWS#: 0700003
April 2017

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Coffee & Sand Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Chalybeate WA have received a lower ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Bobby Gatewood at 662.750.8038. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Thursday of March, June, September and December at 6:30 PM at the water office.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2016. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2016, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

**Action Level** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L)** - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in $10,000.

**Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter** - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in $10,000,000.

**Level 1 Assessment**: A study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

### TEST RESULTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contaminant</th>
<th>Violation</th>
<th>Date Collected</th>
<th>Level Detected</th>
<th>Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL</th>
<th>Unit Measurement</th>
<th>MCLG</th>
<th>MCL</th>
<th>Likely Source of Contamination</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microbiological Contaminants</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Total Coliform Bacteria</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>November</td>
<td>Positive Level 1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td>presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples Naturally present in the environment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Inorganic Contaminants

<p>| | | | | | | |</p>
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<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10. Barium</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>.014</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Chromium</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>.87</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Copper</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2012/14*</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Lead</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2012/14*</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits**

**Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits**

**Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives**

**Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits**

### Disinfection By-Products

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<table>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>81. HAAs</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82. TTHMs [Total trihalomethanes]</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>4.02</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlorine</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>.5 – 3.5</td>
<td>mg/l</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**By-Product of drinking water disinfection.**

**By-product of drinking water chlorination.**

**Water additive used to control microbes**


** Fluoride level is routinely adjusted to the MS State Dept of Health’s recommended level of 0.7 - 1.3 mg/l.

### Microbiological Contaminants:

1. Coliform: Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system. We found coliform indicating the need to look for potential problems in water treatment or distribution. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessments (s) to identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.

We routinely monitor for the presence of drinking water contaminants. In November 2016 we took 2 samples for coliform bacteria, both of those samples showed the presence of coliform bacteria. The standard is that no more than 1 per month may do so.

During the past year we were required to conduct 1 (one) Level 1 assessment. The assessment was completed. In addition, we were required to take and complete (2) two corrective actions. All have been completed.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Chalybeats Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children’s future.

Please note this report will not be mailed out to each customer, to obtain a copy call 662.790.3421.