CERTIFICATION
Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Sweethome Water & Sewer District
Public Water Supply Name

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)

☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
☐ On water bills (attach copy of bill)
☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
☐ Other

Date(s) customers were informed: ___________ ___________ ___________ ___________ ___________ ___________

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used

Date Mailed/Distributed: ___________ ___________

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)

Date Emailed: ___________ ___________

☐ As a URL (Provide URL ___________ )
☐ As an attachment
☐ As text within the body of the email message

Name of Newspaper: Holmes County Herald

Date Published: ___________ ___________

CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):

Date Posted: ___________ ___________

CERTIFICATION
I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

[Signature]
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,
HOLMES COUNTY

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned authority, Chancery Clerk of said County
and State, Bruce Hill, publisher of a public newspaper called the Holmes County Herald est-
ablished in 1959 and published continuously since that date in said County and State, who,
being duly sworn, deposed and said that the notice, of which a true copy is hereto annexed,
was published in said newspaper for 2 time(s), as follows, to wit:

Home Power District Commissioners
held their Annual Meeting
on 17th, 2017 @ 5 p.m.
Street, Lexington

Vol. 59, No. 19 the 17th
day of May, 2017

Vol. 59, No. 20 the 18th
day of May, 2017

Vol. ______, No. _______ the ________
day of ________________, 2017

Vol. ______, No. _______ the ________
day of ________________, 2017

Vol. ______, No. _______ the ________
day of ________________, 2017

Diane
Owners Kenny & Ani

- Chairman
- V. Chairman
- Secretary
- Commissioner
- Commissioner

"a Better Sweethome"

Publisher

Witness my hand, seal, at Lexington, Mississippi this 18th day of May, 2017.

Chancery Clerk

D.C.

Amount $284.26
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,
HOLMES COUNTY

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned auth
and State, Bruce Hill, publisher of a public newspaper
tablished in 1959 and published continuously since the
being duly sworn, deposed and said that the notice, of
was published in said paper for ___ time(s), as fol

Sweethome
Water & Sewer District
Board of Commissioners
will hold their
Annual Membership Meeting
Tuesday, May 23, 2017 @ 5 p.m.
at 201 Spring Street, Lexington

All members are encouraged to attend.
All personal matters should be addressed at
regular Board Meetings held the 1st Monday
of every month at 6 p.m. at the Business
Office at 201 Spring Street in Lexington.

LaPlause Polk - Chairman
Robert Seals - V. Chairman
Mary Archer - Secretary
Austry Kirklin - Commissioner
Peggy Mayfield - Commissioner

"Working together for a Better Sweethome"

Witness my
the 18th

[Signature]

by

[Signature]
We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Sweethome Water & Sewer District have received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Coreginal Patton, Operator or Robert Seals, Board President at 662.834.3674. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of each month at 6:00 PM at 201 Spring Street, Lexington, MS 39095

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2016. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2016, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

**Action Level** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Treatment Technique (TT)** - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Level 1 Assessment**: A study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

### TEST RESULTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contaminant</th>
<th>Violation Y/N</th>
<th>Date Collected</th>
<th>Level Detected</th>
<th>Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL</th>
<th>Unit Measurement</th>
<th>MCLG</th>
<th>MCL</th>
<th>Likely Source of Contamination</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>


Microbiological Contaminants

1. Total Coliform Bacteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>N</th>
<th>September</th>
<th>Positive</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>NA</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>Naturally present in the environment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inorganic Contaminants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>N</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>.0655</th>
<th>.0153 - .0655</th>
<th>ppm</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13. Chromium</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.2 - 1.3</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Copper</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2012/14*</td>
<td>.1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>AL=1.3</td>
<td>Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Lead</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2012/14*</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>AL=15</td>
<td>Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Disinfection By-Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>N</th>
<th>2014*</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>No Range</th>
<th>ppb</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>50</th>
<th>By-Product of drinking water disinfection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>81. HAA5</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2014*</td>
<td>3.65</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>By-product of drinking water chlorination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlorine</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>.6</td>
<td>4 - .8</td>
<td>Mg/l</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>MDRL = 4</td>
<td>Water additive used to control microbes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


**Microbiological Contaminants:**

(1) Total Coliform: Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system. We found coliforms indicating the need to look for potential problems in water treatment or distribution. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessments (s) to identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed one sample with coliform present. There were no bacteria in the resamples.

During the past year we were required to conduct and completed 1 (one) Level 1 assessment. In addition, we were required to take and completed 1 (one) corrective action.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency’s Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Sweethome Water and Sewer District works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children’s future.
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,
HOLMES COUNTY

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned authority, Chancery Clerk of said County and State, Bruce Hill, publisher of a public newspaper called the Holmes County Herald established in 1959 and published continuously since that date in said County and State, who, being duly sworn, deposed and said that the notice, of which a true copy is hereto annexed, was published in said paper for 1 time(s), as follows, to wit:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vol.</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>1st June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td></td>
<td>2nd June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td></td>
<td>3rd June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td></td>
<td>4th June</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PROOF OF PUBLICATION
HOLMES COUNTY HERALD
LEXINGTON, MISSISSIPPI

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Witness</th>
<th>Hand and Seal at Lexington, Mississipi, this the ___________ day of ___________ 2017.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chancery Clerk by ___________________________ D.C.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above-named Publisher of the Holmes County Herald, by virtue of the powers and authority of the said County, publish this for the purpose of complying with the requirements prescribed by the Mississippi Newspaper Association, and for no other purpose.

Done and signed in the presence of: ___________________________ D.C.

[Signature]

Publisher

Bruce Hill

Amount $ 120.00

[Seal]