CERTIFICATION
Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Public Water Supply Name

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)

☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
☐ On water bills (attach copy of bill)
☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
☐ Other

Date(s) customers were informed: / / / / / / / /

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used

Date Mailed/Distributed: 5/8/2017

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy)

☐ As a URL (Provide URL)
☐ As an attachment
☐ As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)

Name of Newspaper:

Date Published: / / / / / / / /

CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)

Date Posted: / / / / / / / /

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):

CERTIFICATION
I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) 6/6/2017

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!
Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form
(updated with electronic delivery methods)

(suggested format)

CWS Name: WOOL MARKET VILLAGE ESTATES

PWSID No: 0 240 237

The community water system named above hereby confirms that its consumer confidence report has been distributed to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the state/primacy agency.

Certified by:

Name: Ronnie J. Plummer

Title: OWNER / OPERATOR

Phone #: 228-392-2650 Date: 5/30/2017

Please check all items that apply.

V CCR was distributed by mail.

___ CCR was distributed by other direct delivery method. Specify direct delivery methods:

___ Mail – notification that CCR is available on website via a direct URL

___ Email – direct URL to CCR

___ Email – CCR sent as an attachment to the email

___ Email – CCR sent embedded in the email

___ Other: ________________________________________

If the CCR was provided by a direct URL, please provide the direct URL Internet address:

www. ____________________________________________________________

If the CCR was provided electronically, please describe how a customer requests paper CCR delivery:

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

Preparing Your Drinking Water CCR 53

Prepared By: ____________________________  Date: ____________
Prepared For: ____________________________  Date: ____________
### Water Quality Data Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>Median</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Diagram

**Diagram Title:** Superior Villages

*Diagram Description:*

- **Legend:**
  - [Legend Item 1]
  - [Legend Item 2]

- **Graph:**
  - X-axis: Time (Year)
  - Y-axis: Value (Units)

- **Data Points:**
  - [Data Point 1]
  - [Data Point 2]

**Notes:**

- Additional observations and considerations.
2016 Drinking Water Quality Report
Woolmarket Village Estates PWS 0240237

Is my water safe?
We are pleased to present this year’s Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year’s water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?
Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791). Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, including bottled water from their health care providers. EPA/centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on drinking water are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791). Public Service

Where does my water come from?
Your source water is the Pascagoula Aquifer.

Source water assessment and its availability
The source water assessment report indicates that our water supply ranks LOWER in susceptibility to contamination. This report is available in the office.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?
Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency’s (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). Drinking water, including bottled Protection Agency’s (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency’s (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

How can I get involved?
If you have any questions concerning your water supply, please contact Ronnie Plumer at 228.392.2650.

Description of Water Treatment Process
Your water is treated by disinfection. Disinfection involves the addition of chlorine or other disinfectant to kill dangerous bacteria and microorganisms that may be in the water. Disinfection is considered to be one of the major public health advances of the 20th century.

Additional Information for Lead
If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Woolmarket Village Estates is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Woolmarket Village Estates is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Additional Information for Arsenic
While your drinking water meets EPA’s standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. EPA’s standard balances the current understanding of arsenic’s possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.
### Additional Contaminants

In an effort to insure the safest water possible the State has required us to monitor some contaminants not required by Federal regulations. Of those contaminants only the ones listed below were found in your water.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contaminants</th>
<th>State MCL</th>
<th>Your Water</th>
<th>Violation</th>
<th>Explanation and Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Volatile Organic Compounds</td>
<td>5 ppb</td>
<td>.5 ppb</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Undetected Contaminants

The following contaminants were monitored for, but not detected, in your water.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contaminants</th>
<th>MCL or MRDLG</th>
<th>MCL, TT, or MRDL</th>
<th>Your Water</th>
<th>Violation</th>
<th>Typical Source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cyanide (ppb)</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories, Discharge from steel/metal factories</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Unit Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ug/L</td>
<td>ug/L: Number of micrograms of substance in one liter of water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (μg/L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pCi/L</td>
<td>pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA: not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND: Not detected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NR</td>
<td>NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>