CERTIFICATION
Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Town of New Augusta
Public Water Supply Name
OS60002

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You **must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.**

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*
- □ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
- □ On water bills (attach copy of bill)
- □ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
- □ Other

Date(s) customers were informed: __________ / ______ / ______

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used

Date Mailed/Distributed: __________ / ______ / ______

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: __________ / ______ / ______
- □ As a URL (Provide URL)
- □ As an attachment
- □ As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: The Richter Dispatch

Date Published: 04/20/2017

CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)* Date Posted: ______ / ______ / ______

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address *(DIRECT URL REQUIRED)*:

CERTIFICATION
I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

______________________________
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

4-25-2017

Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

**Mail:** (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

**Fax:** (601) 576 - 7800

**Email:** water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

**CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!**
CORRECTED

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Town of New Augusta
PWS ID #: 0560002
April, 2017

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of two wells that draw from the Catahoula and the Miocene Aquifers.

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In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

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Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
# TEST RESULTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contaminant</th>
<th>Violation Y/N</th>
<th>Date Collected</th>
<th>Level Detected</th>
<th>Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL</th>
<th>Unit Measurement</th>
<th>MCLG</th>
<th>MCL</th>
<th>Likely Source of Contamination</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inorganic Contaminants</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Arsenic</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>Ppb</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Barium</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0.0157</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>Ppm</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Chromium</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>Ppb</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Copper</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>1/1/13 to 12/31/15*</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>AL=1.3</td>
<td>Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Fluoride</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0.627</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Lead</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>1/1/13 to 12/31/15*</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>AL=15</td>
<td>Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Selenium</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0.031</td>
<td>No Range</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disinfectants &amp; Disinfectant By-Products</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlorine (as Cl2)</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>1/1/16 to 12/31/16</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.69 to 1.23</td>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Water additive used to control microbes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>117 - 51 ppb</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>By-product of drinking water chlorination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HAA5</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>10 - 30 ppb</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>By-product of drinking water chlorination</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Most recent sample results available

Disinfection By-Products Violation:
We routinely monitor for the presence of drinking water contaminants. Testing results we received show that our system exceeded the standard or maximum contaminant level (MCL) for Disinfection Byproducts for 4/01/2016-6/30/2016, 7/01/2016-9/30/2016 and 10/01/2016-12/31/2016. The standard for Trihalomethanes (TTHM) is .080 mg/l and for Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) is .060 mg/l.

TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes]. Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

Additional Information for Lead
If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of New Augusta is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for $10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.
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Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

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PERSONALLY appeared before me, the undersigned Notary Public in and for Perry County, Mississippi, Larry A. Wilson, an authorized representative of The Richton Dispatch, a weekly newspaper as defined and prescribed in Sections 13-3-31 and 13-3-32 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, who being duly sworn, stated that the notice, a true copy of which hereto attached, appeared in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

Vol. 112  No. 2  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 20  No. 1  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 10  No. 1  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 9  No. 1  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 8  No. 1  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 7  No. 1  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 6  No. 1  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 5  No. 1  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 4  No. 1  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 3  No. 1  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 2  No. 1  Date April 20 2017
Vol. 1  No. 1  Date April 20 2017

Published 1 times

Total...$______________

Signed: [Signature]

Authorized Representative of
The Richton Dispatch

SWORN to and subscribed before me the 21 day of April 2017.

(SEAL)