

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

2016 JUN -7 AM 10:17

CCR CERTIFICATION
CALENDAR YEAR 2015

Stringer Water Works Assoc
Public Water Supply Name

0310012

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. **You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.**

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: *(Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)*

- Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
- On water bills (attach copy of bill) *message to inform customers of CCR publication date*
- Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
- Other _____

Date(s) customers were informed: 05/31/2016 *on bill cards*

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used _____

Date Mailed/Distributed: ___ / ___ / ___

CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy)

Date Emailed: ___ / ___ / ___

- As a URL (Provide URL _____)
- As an attachment
- As text within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper. *(Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)*

Name of Newspaper: Leader-Call

Date Published: 06/02/2016

CCR was posted in public places. *(Attach list of locations)*

Date Posted: ___ / ___ / ___

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address **(DIRECT URL REQUIRED)**:

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the 2015 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Jenny Grant
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6-6-16
Date

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service:
Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to:
(601)576-7800

May be emailed to:

CCR Due to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2016!

water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
 Stringer Water Works Association
 PWS#: 0310012
 April 2016

2016 JUN -7 AM 10: 18

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Cockfield Formation and Sparta Sand Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Stringer Water Works Association have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Jimmy Stringer at 601-649-2855. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of each month at 6:00 PM at the water office- 1179 HWY 15.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2015. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2015 the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2015	.0033	.0007 - .0033	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits

13. Chromium	N	2015	3.6	2.9 – 3.6	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2014/16	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2015	.333	.305 - .333	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2014/16	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2015	3.1	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines

Disinfection By-Products

81. HAA5	N	2015	10	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2015	26.6	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2015	1	.50 – 2.9	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2015.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Stringer Water Works Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Notice: This report will not be mailed out to each customer. This publication is your copy of the report.

near the eight night movie shown across fall. Prints and Night available movie and Those encouraged blankets under

berry Financial. The Downtown Movie Night is every Thursday night in June starting at approximately 8. For more information, go to www.LaurelMainStreet.com or Laurel Main Street's Facebook page. Laurel Main Street is a 501(c)(3) organization dedicated to revitalizing historic downtown Laurel, through preservation and economic

growth. It received accreditation from the National Main Street Program and maintains membership with the Mississippi Main Street Association.

Peter and all his Lost Boys will take Wendy, Michael and John off to Neverland, and on their adventure, they meet mermaids, Indians, Captain Hook and his Pirates. Based on J.M. Barrie's play about the boy who "won't grow up," this stage version is based on the Disney animated film that featured the songs "Second Star To The Right," "You Can Fly" and "Yo Ho, Yo Ho, A Pirate's Life For Me."

land include Colly Ignatius as Peter Pan, Wesley Carmichael playing Captain Hook, Chae Humphrey as Tinker Bell and Aiden Grenn playing Tiger Lily. In London, the members of the Darling Family include Taylor Graham, Savanna Newman, Ruby Rogers, Kennedy Stringfellow, Reagan Wade and Seth Walker.

This year's cast comes from every city and community in Jones County, as well as students from Collins, Seminary and Mount Olive in Covington County, Hattiesburg and Petal in Forrest County, Bay Springs, Stringer and Heidelberg in Jasper County, Mize and Taylorsville in Smith County and even a few students from Birmingham, Ala.

ment and was let off with a five-year suspended sentence on the condition that he pay back \$1,800 to his victim. He was working as a handyman at the New Laurel Motel on Ellisville Boulevard when he took tools and made unauthorized charges on the company credit card from December 2014 to February 2015, according to the investigation of Sgt. Jason

Myers of the Jones County Sheriff's Department, District Attorney Tony Buckley said. Davis will have to participate in the court's community service program and serve four years post-release supervision under the MDOC. He will also have to pay a total of \$3,682.50 in court fees and fines, which includes the \$1,800 restitution.

was represented by Grant Hedgepeth. Edward Londell Dennis, 26, of Jasper County also pleaded guilty to felony fleeing during this term of court, the morning after he and three other men were charged with the armed robbery of McAlister's Deli in Laurel. Dennis, who also has a previous felony conviction on his record, was ordered to serve three

years post-release supervision under the MDOC. He will also have to pay a total of \$3,682.50 in court fees and fines, which includes the \$1,800 restitution.

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would have allowed him to avoid the felony charge if he had complied with the three-year program. But Herndon didn't meet the terms, failing to show up for community service, so he was sentenced. He was ordered to spend two years in prison, three years of post-release supervision under the MDOC, pay \$1,882.50 in court fees and fines and participate in community service. He

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THRILLING Disney Musical
2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Stringer Water Works Association
PWS# 0310012
April 2016

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Inorganic Contaminants									
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13. Chromium	N	2015	3.0	2.8 - 3.0	ppb	100	100	Erosion of natural deposits.	
14. Copper	N	2014/16	0	0	ppm	1.3	AL+1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.	
16. Fluoride	N	2015	333	305 - 333	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive wells; corrosion along with discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.	
17. Lead	N	2014/16	3	0	ppb	0	AL+15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.	
21. Selenium	N	2015	3.1	No Range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines.	
Disinfection By-Products									
81. HAAS	N	2015	10	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection.	
82. THM (Total trihalomethanes)	N	2015	26.0	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water disinfection.	
Chlorine	N	2015	50	2-9	mg/l	0	MRDL=4	Water additive used to control nuisance.	

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2015.

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**PROOF OF PUBLICATION
THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY OF JONES
1st & 2nd Judicial District**

PERSONALLY appeared before me, the undersigned notary public in and for Jones County, Mississippi, the Legal/Classifieds Manager of The Laurel Leader-Call, a Newspaper as defined and prescribed in, Section 13-3-31 of the Mississippi Code 1972, as amended, who, being duly sworn, states that the notice, a true copy of which is hereto attached, appeared in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

On the 2nd day of June 2016

On the _____ day of _____ 2016

On the _____ day of _____ 2016

On the _____ day of _____ 2016

Brandy Whomefeld

Affiant

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this 2 day of June, A.D., 2016.

[Signature]

Notary Public



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601-649-2855

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Other	0		
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Tax	0.10		
Pay		30.05	
After	06-25	33.27	

SEE MESSAGE ON THE BACK
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STRINGER WATER WORKS
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PLEASE RETURN THIS STUB WITH PAYMENT

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BRANDY PITTMAN
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BAY SPRINGS MS 39422 1092

COPY

This note is to let our customers know that the Consumer Confidence Report will be published in the Leader-Call Newspaper on Thursday June 2nd 2016. This is the only time it will be published. If you have any questions, call the office during our normal business hours.

The water usage is for May due by the 15th of June. Cut off for TWO months will be the June 16th 2016 No part payment please