## MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2014

2015 MAY 26 AM 8: 49

Public Water Supply	ater System
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Supply	Systems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Common Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Downsystem, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, publish customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper proceduremail a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check	
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attack	
☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach co <b>X</b> On water bills (attach copy of bill) ☐ Email message (MUST Email the mess ☐ Other	age to the address below)
Date(s) customers were informed: $\sqrt{\frac{5}{20}/20/20}$	/ / /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other of methods used	
Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a cop  As a URL (Provide URL  As an attachment  As text within the body of the email me	to the state of th
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of pu	blished CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: New Albany Gazette	
Date Published: 5 /06 / 2015	
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted: / /
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the	e following address ( <u>DIRECT URL REQUIRED</u> ):
CERTIFICATION  Thereby certify that the 2014 Consumer Confidence Report (Coublic water system in the form and manner identified above the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in the water quality monitoring data provided to the public Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.  Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)  Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply 2.0. Box 1700  ackson, MS 39215	and that I used distribution methods allowed by this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with water system officials by the Mississippi State
	water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

## 2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Myrtle Water System PWS#: 0730005 April 2015

2015 MAY 26 AM 8: 49

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Ripley Formation Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Myrtle Water System have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact David Peeler at 662.316.2441. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Thursday of each month at 6:00 PM at the Myrtle Town Hall located at 1031 Church Street.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2014. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2014, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

10. Barium	N	2013*	.012	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2012/14	.1	0	ppm	1.3		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
13. Chromium	N	2013*	1.4	1.3 – 1.4	ppb	100		Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2013*	.23	No Range	ppm	4		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2012/14	1	0	ppb	0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	on By-	-Product	s					
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2013*	1.11	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2014	1.2	.30- 2	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2014.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Myrtle Water System works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

This the 16th day of April, 2015.

JOE M. DAVIS AND HARRIS, This will publish April 29, May 6, PUTLEDGE, DAVIS AND HARRIS, and May 13, 2015. PI I.C. ATTORNEY FOR ADMINISTRATOR 113 WEST BANKHEAD STREET POST OFFICE BOX 29 NEW ALBANY, MS 38652

This will publish April 22, 29, and May 6, 2015.

MARGARET McGILL LANE, PETITIONER

CAUSE NO. CV2015-000165-

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WILLIAM O. RUTLEÖGE III Attorney at Law Post Office Box 29 New Albany, MS 38652 (662):534-5421 MS STATE BAR NO. 05753

LEGAL NOTICE

REF: 2002 Merc MOD: Sab VIN: IMEFM50U82A620783 REF: 1997 Chevy MOD: Vtr VIN: 1GNDX03E9VD268931

NOTICE TO CREDITORS REF: 2001 Mazd MOD: Pro VIN: JM1BJ225X10409666 REF: 2004 Ford MOD: FIS VIN: 1FTPW1452KD06314 REF: 1998 Dodg MOD: Dak VIN: 187FL26P6WS6660896

REF: 2001 Linc MOD: Ls VIN: 1LNHM87A31Y667860 REF: 1995 Chevy MOD: Csa VIN: 1G1LD55M4SY188142

This will publish on May 5, and This will publish April 29, May 13, 2015.

LEGAL NOTICE

IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF UNION COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI IN THE MATTER OF THE LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT OF CHARLES A: BRISCOE

DATED this 13th day of April, 2015.

SOLICITOR

**LEGAL NOTICE** 

IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF UNION COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF SHIRLEY BIGHAM, DECEASED

This 1st day of May, 2015.

BENNIE BROOKS BIGHAM, Executor RHETT R. RUSSELL RUSSEll & RUSSEll, PLLC Attorney for Executor P.O.Box 27 Tupelo; MS 38802 (662) 844-1630

This will publish May 6, 13, and 20, 2015.

LEGAL NOTICE

REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL TO PROVIDE ENGINEERING SERVICES

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Union County Board of Supervisors LO9 East Main St. New Albany, MS 38652

This will publish May 6, 2015.

LEGAL NOTICE IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF UNION COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

IN RE LAST WILL AND TESTA-MENT OF NORMA JEAN HOLCOMB KYLE, DECEASED, MARCUS BRYANT HAWKINS, EXECUTOR

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons having claims against the serious having claims against the serious having claims against the serious control of the serio

This will publish May 6, 13, 20, and 27, 2015.

LEGAL NOTICE

OFFICE OF STATE ALD ROAD CONSTRUCTION MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND AND OF SUPERVISORS OF UNION COUNTY

SECTION 900

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