



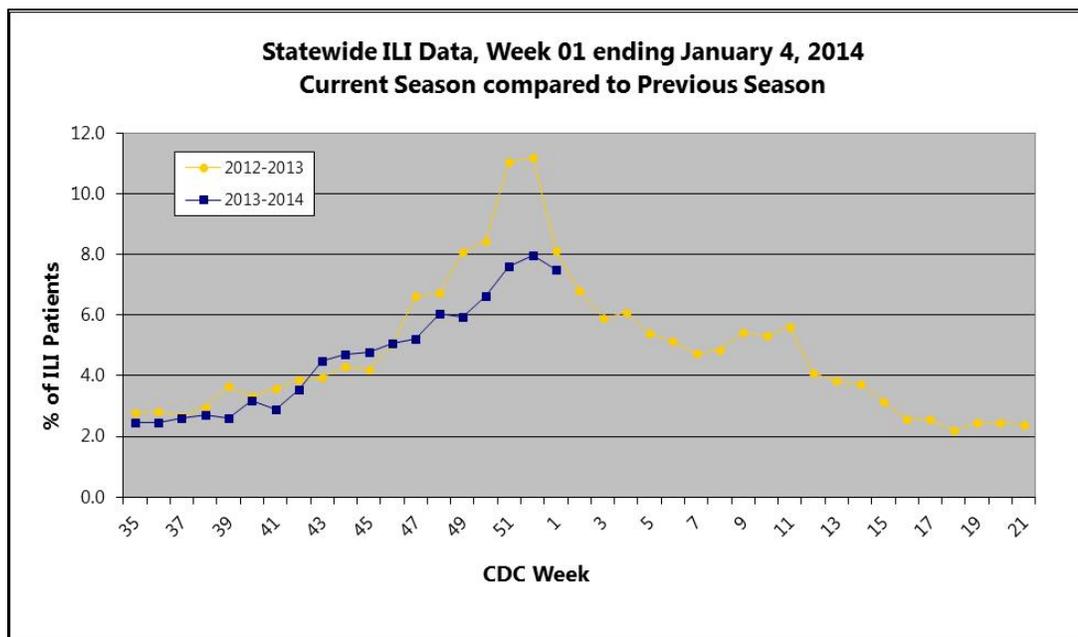
2013-2014 Influenza Report Week 01

December 29, 2013 – January 4, 2014

About our flu activity reporting

MSDH relies upon selected sentinel health practitioners across the state to report the percentage of total patient visits consistent with an influenza-like illness (ILI: fever of 100°F or higher AND cough and/or sore throat). Also, providers are supplied with specimen collection kits. Samples are submitted to the Mississippi Public Health Laboratory for influenza PCR testing. Reports are used to estimate the state's ILI rate and the magnitude of the state's influenza activity. Reports represent only the distribution of flu in the state, not an actual count of all flu cases statewide. **Information is provisional only and may change depending on additional reporting from sentinel providers.**

State ILI Surveillance



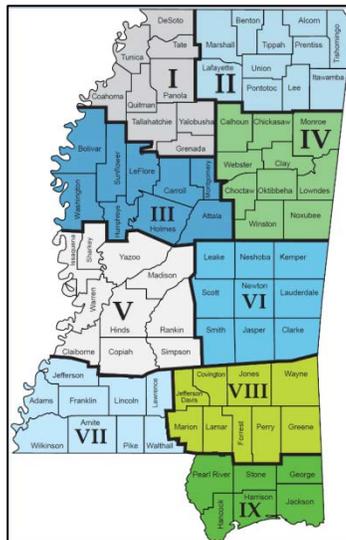
The state ILI rate had been slowly, but steadily increasing since week 41. However, during week **01** (12/29/2013-01/04/2014), the overall state ILI rate (**7.5%**) **decreased** from

last week (**8.0%**) and lower than this time last year (**8.1%**). | [Figure 1](#)

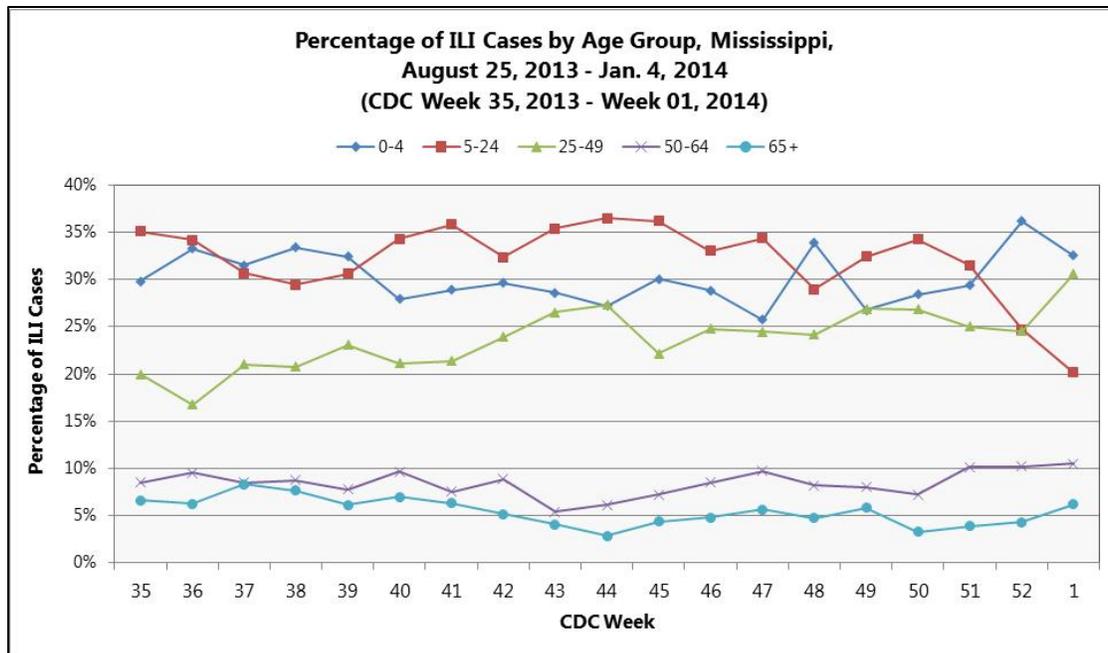
Total number of patients treated by sentinel providers in the last three weeks. | **Table 1**

2013-2014 Influenza Season				
CDC Week	Week Ending	Total patients	ILI symptoms	ILI Rate (%)
01	Jan. 04	15774	1182	7.5%
52	Dec. 28	15668	1250	8.0%
51	Dec. 21	17948	1364	7.6%

During week **01**, **two** districts (2 and 5) had an increase in ILI activity, while **six** districts (1, 3, 4, 6, 7, and 8) had a decrease. **One** district (9) remained about the same. *Information is provisional only and may change depending on additional reporting from sentinel providers.* | **Table 2**



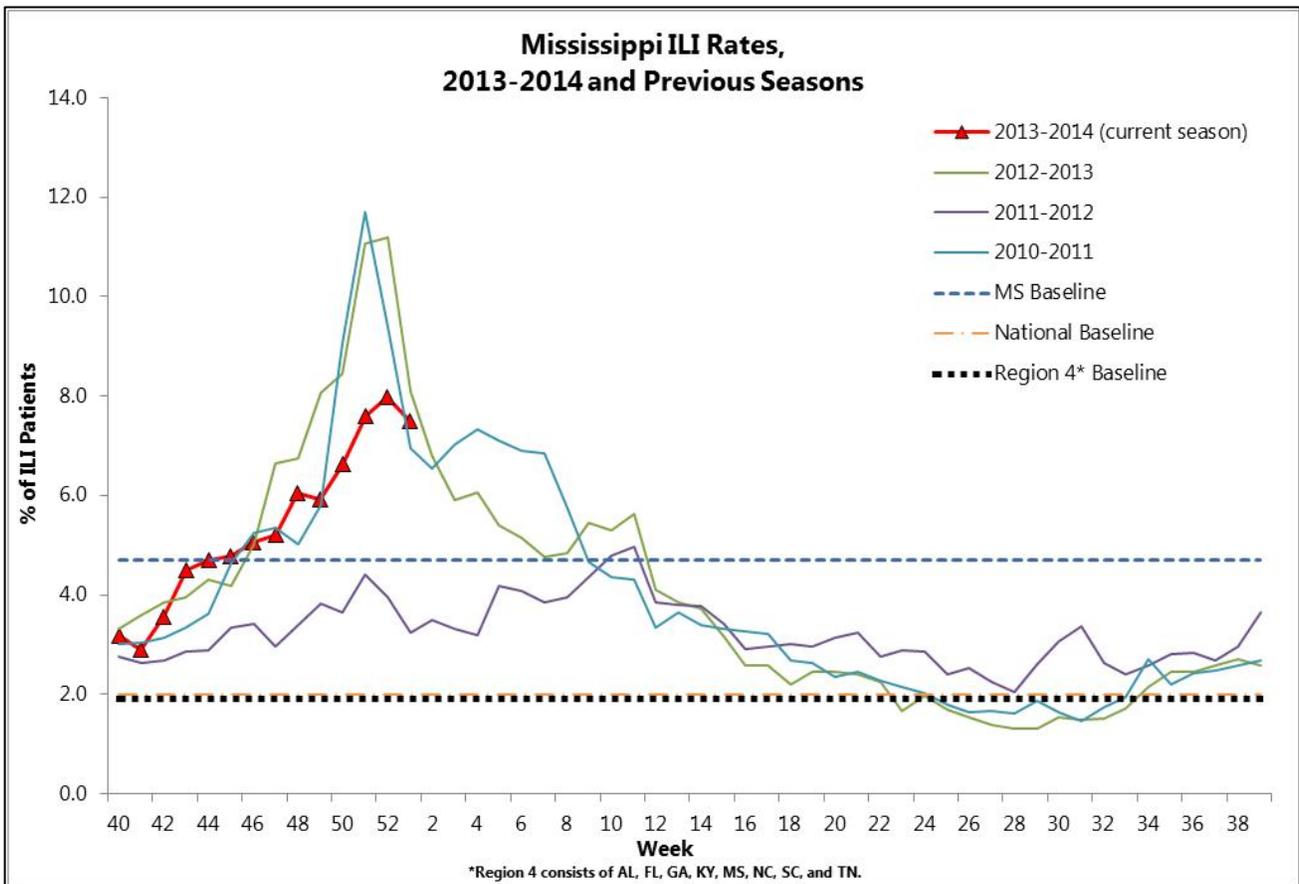
MSDH District ILI Rates (%) 2013-2014		
District	Week 52	Week 01
State	8.0	7.5
I	6.2	5.8
II	16.2	17.2
III	13.6	9.2
IV	12.7	9.9
V	2.0	4.9
VI	15.4	11.7
VII	11.0	10.5
VIII	7.0	5.3
IX	6.4	6.5



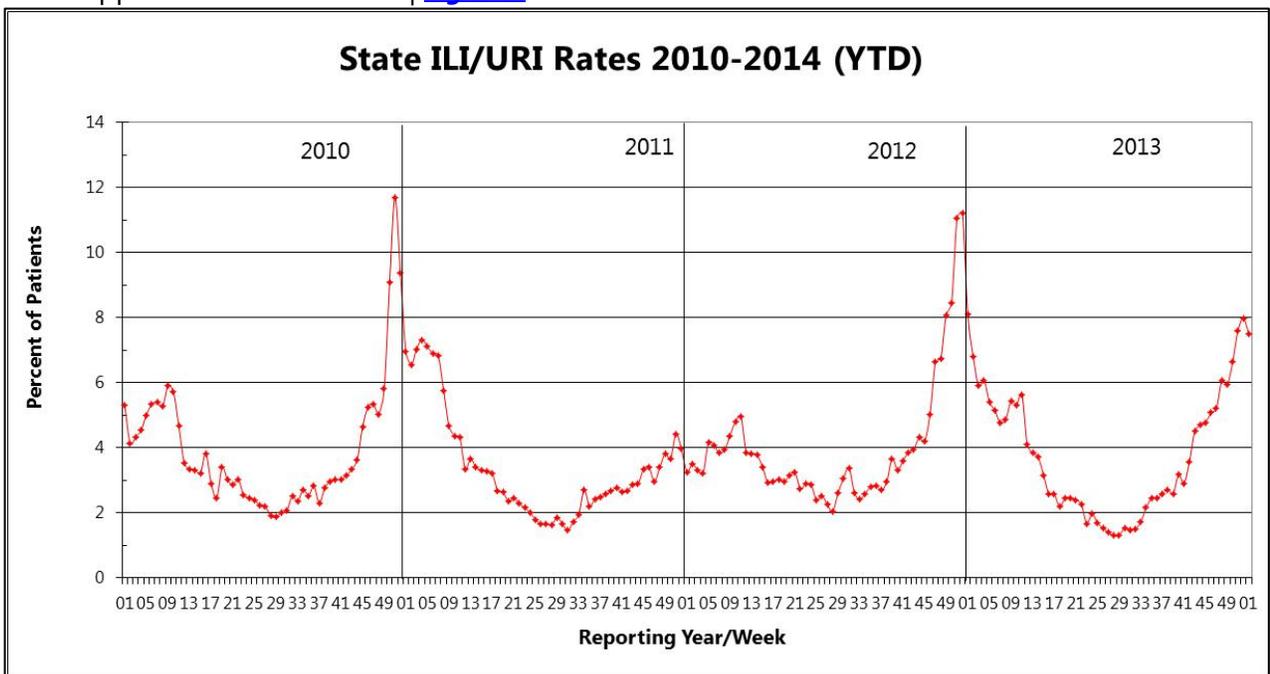
Since week 35, the percentage of reported ILI cases has been highest among those in the **5-24 years** of age group. During week **01**, however,

the percentage of reported ILI was highest among individuals in the **0-4 years** of age group. | **Figure 2**

2013- 2014 Influenza Season | Week 01 Influenza Report| Dec. 29, 2013 – Jan. 04, 2014
 The 2013-14 state ILI rate was **above** the national, Region 4, and the state baselines for week **01**. | [Figure 3](#)



Mississippi ILI Rates 2010-2014 | [Figure 4](#)

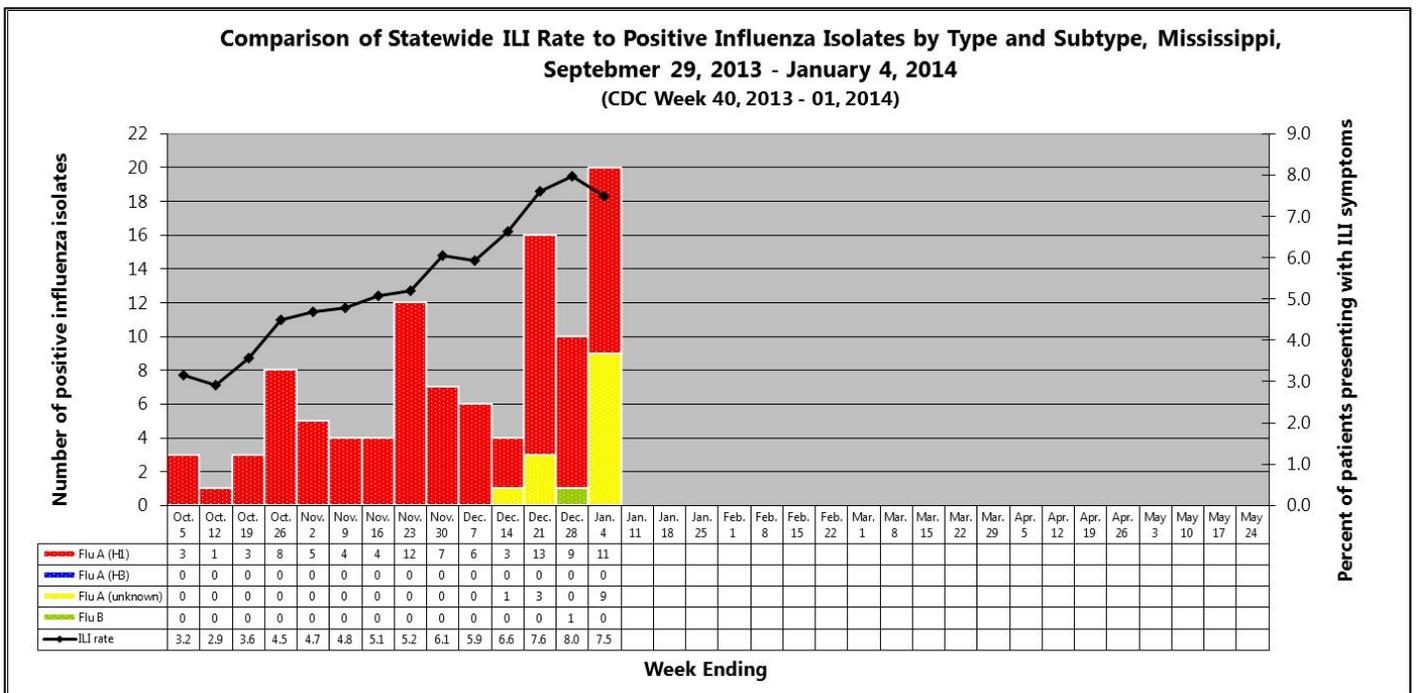


Flu Testing Reports

From week **40** (week ending October 5th) through week **01** (week ending January 4th), **103** positive influenza samples were identified by MSDH. Eighty-nine (89) of the samples were identified as influenza A (2009 H1N1). Thirteen samples were identified as influenza A (subtype not performed) and one was identified as influenza B.

The influenza cases were identified from the following counties: Adams (1), Alcorn (1), Chickasaw (1), Clay (1), Coahoma (4), Copiah (1), Covington (1), Forrest (4), George (2), Grenada (2), Hancock (1), Harrison (17), Itawamba (1), Jackson (16), Lawrence (1), Lee (13), Lincoln (1), Marion (1), Marshall (4), Monroe (7), Neshoba (1), Oktibbeha (5), Pearl River (1), Prentiss (1), Stone (1), Tallahatchie (1), Tate (3), Tunica (1), Washington (3), and Yalobusha (1). The counties of five influenza cases were unknown. |

Figure 5

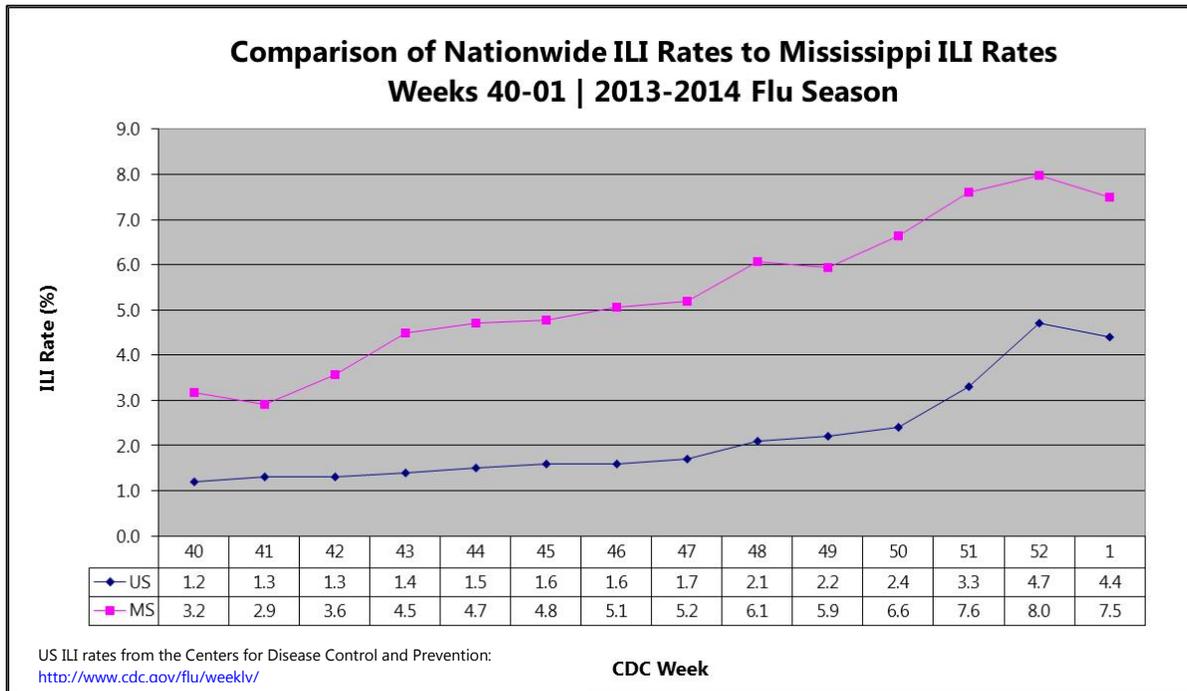


National and Mississippi Pediatric Mortality Surveillance

Four influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported to CDC during week **01**. Three deaths were associated with a 2009 H1N1 virus and occurred during week 52 (week ending December 28th) and week 01 (week ending January 4th). One was associated with an influenza A virus for which no subtyping was performed and occurred during week 51 (week ending December 21st). **Ten** influenza-associated pediatric deaths have been reported for the 2013-2014 season. Mississippi has had **one** influenza-associated pediatric death reported during this influenza season.

National ILI Surveillance

For week **01**, the MS ILI rate (7.5%) continued to remain **above** the national ILI rate (4.4%). | [Figure 6](#)



Mississippi reported “**Regional**” flu activity for week **01**. | [Table 3](#)

Level of Flu Activity	Definition
No Activity	Overall clinical activity remains low and there are no lab confirmed cases.
Sporadic	Isolated cases of lab confirmed influenza in the state; ILI activity is not increased <u>OR</u> A lab-confirmed outbreak in a single institution in the state; ILI activity is not increased.
Local	Increased ILI within a single region AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) laboratory evidence of influenza in that region. ILI activity in other regions is not increased <u>OR</u> two of more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) within a single region AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in that region. Other regions do not have increased ILI and virus activity is no greater than sporadic in those regions
Regional	Increased ILI in at least 2 regions but fewer than half of the regions AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions <u>OR</u> Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least 2 regions but fewer than half of the regions AND recent lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions.
Widespread	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least half of the regions AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.

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Appendix

Figure 1

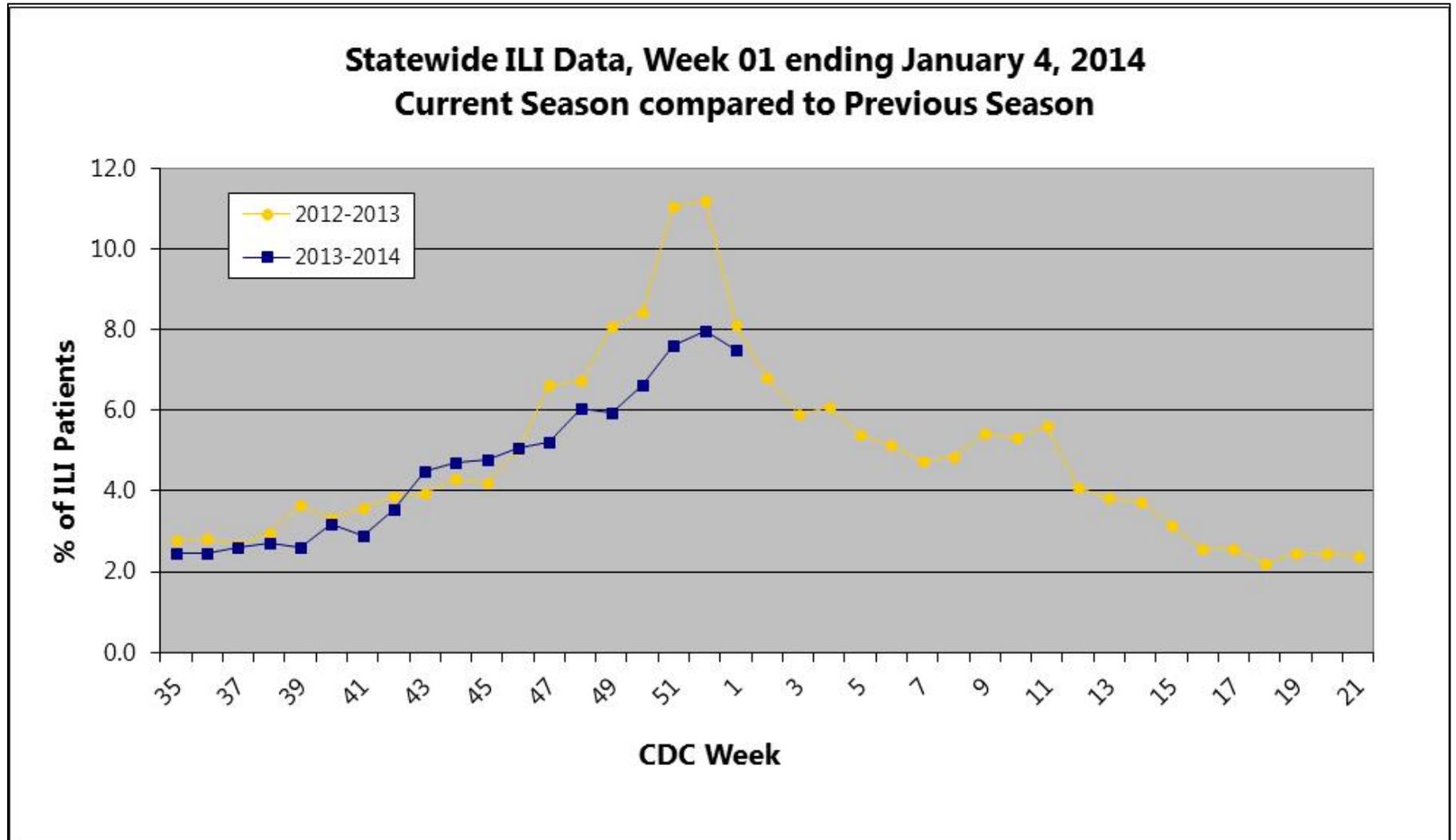


Figure 2

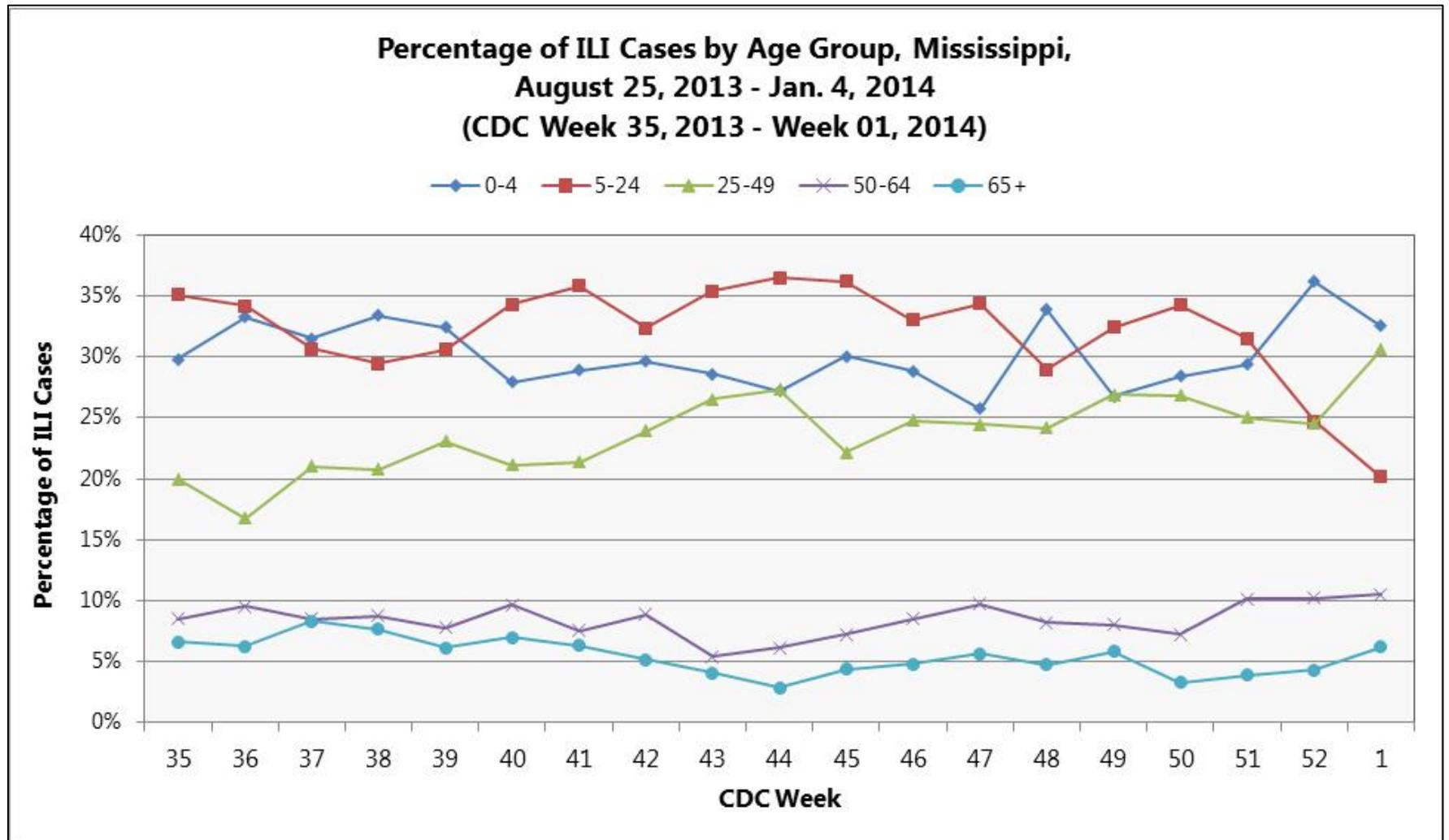


Figure 3

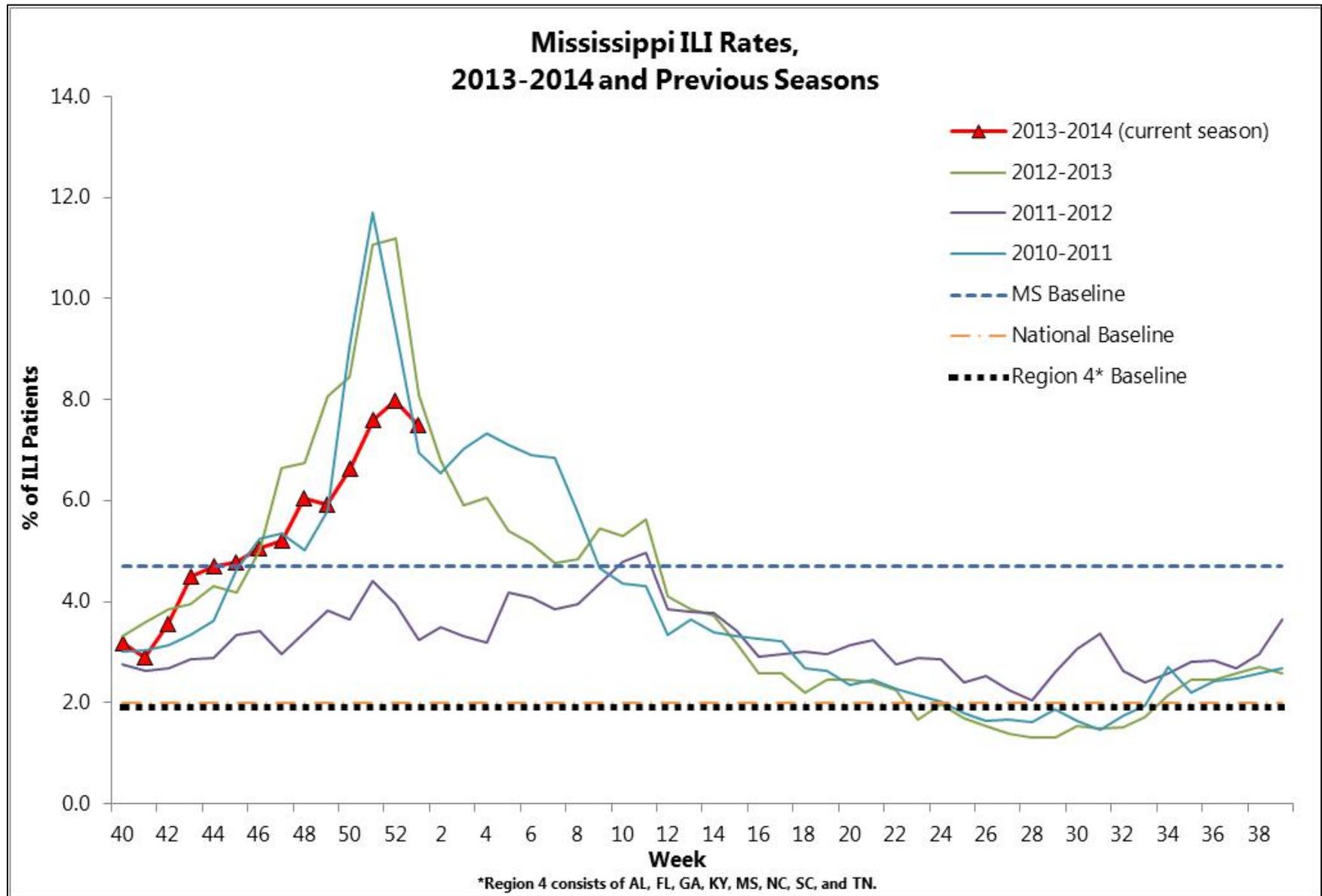


Figure 4

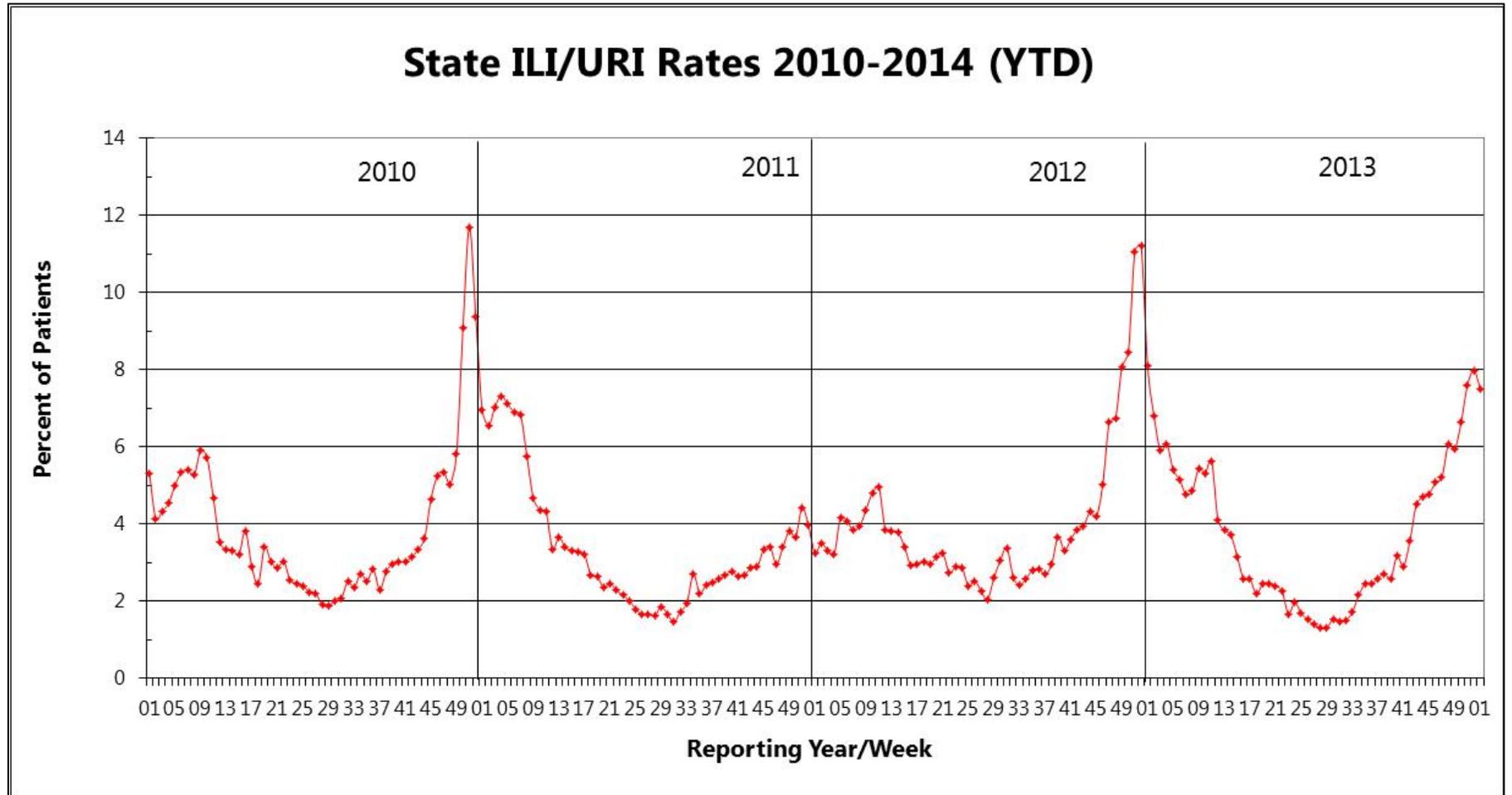


Figure 5

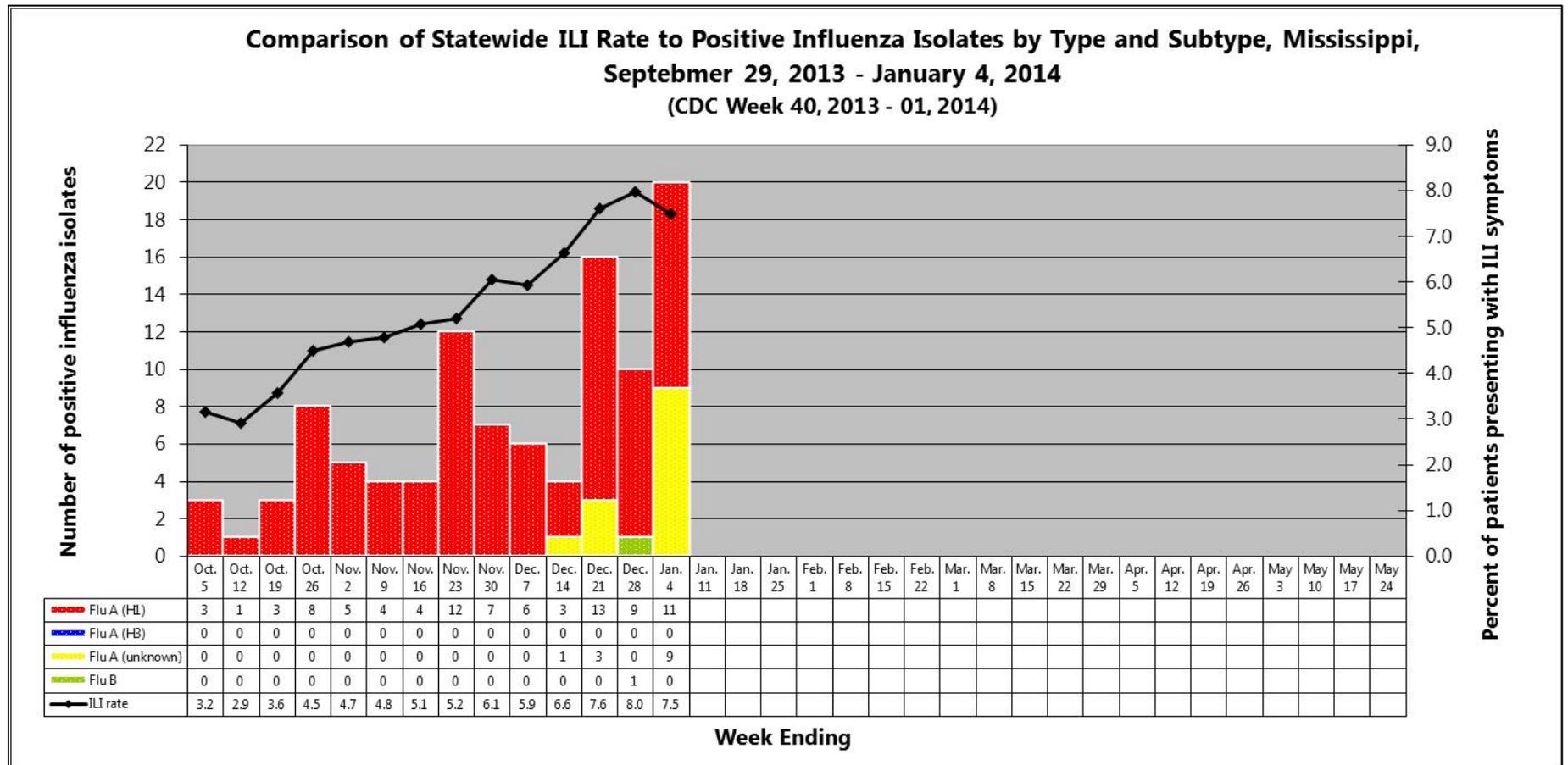
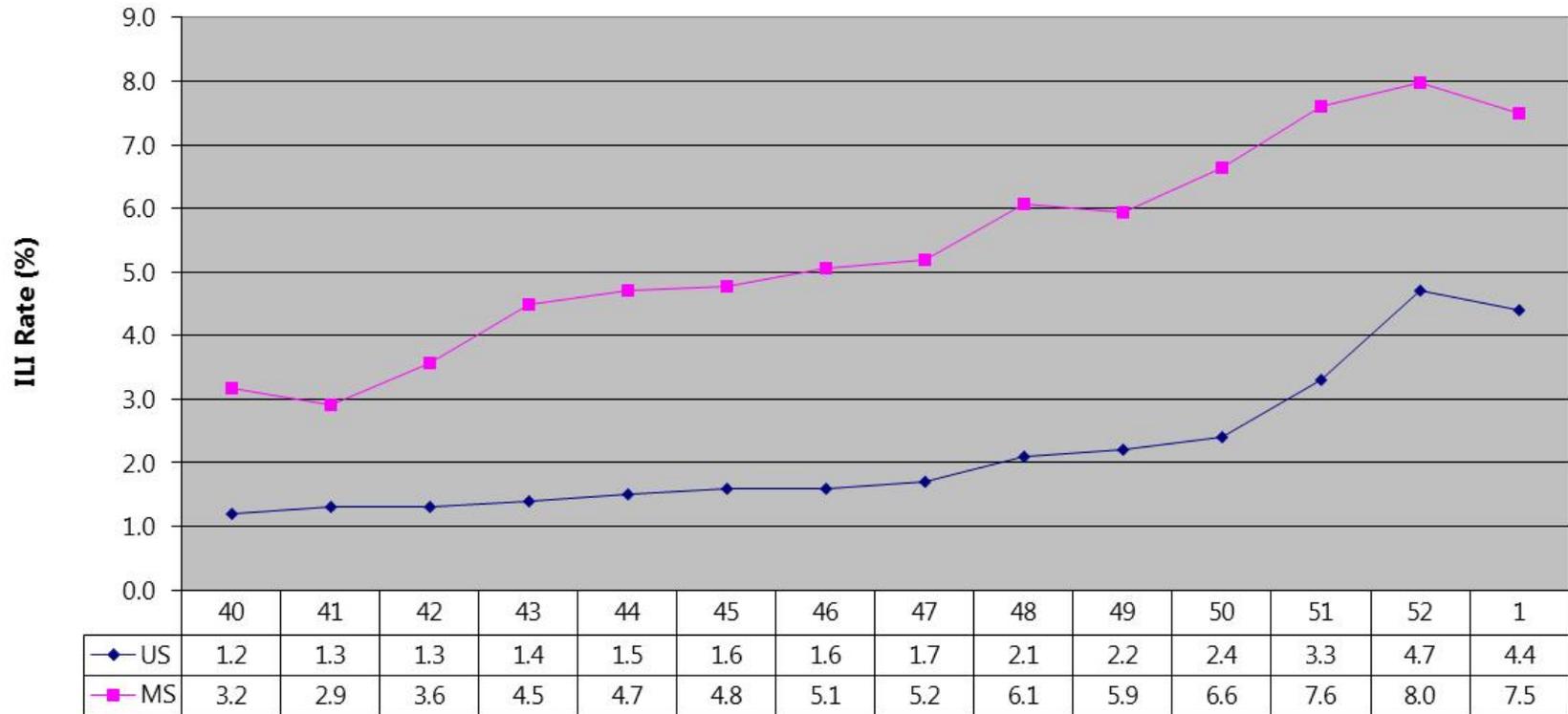


Figure 6

Comparison of Nationwide ILI Rates to Mississippi ILI Rates Weeks 40-01 | 2013-2014 Flu Season



US ILI rates from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/>

CDC Week

Figure 7

