## **CERTIFICATION**

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

French Camp Academy	1
Public Water Supply Na	
0100010	
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Syst	
the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Commun consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Deperture, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published ustomers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures wail a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all	ity public water system to develop and distribute a nding on the population served by the public water in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or boxes that apply.
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach of	opy of publication, water bill or other)
☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy	of advertisement)
☐ On water bills (attach copy of bill)	
☐ Email message (MUST Email the messag	e to the address below)
☐ Other	
Date(s) customers were informed:/ / ,/	
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other dire methods used	ct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed: / /	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy)	Date Emailed: / /
☐ As a URL (Provide URL	
☐ As an attachment	
☐ As text within the body of the email mess	age
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of public	shed CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper:	
Date Published: / /	
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted: 9 / 21/ 2017
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the fo	
CERTIFICATION hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been dishe form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methon included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with twater system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau	he water quality monitoring data provided to the public of Public Water Supply
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	Date
Submission options (Select one r	
•	Fax: (601) 576 - 7800
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply	1 a.a. (001) 5/0 - 7000
P.O. Box 1700 Jackson MS 30215	Email: water reports@msdh ms gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!



September 21, 2017

Re: Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

To whom it may concern,

Please be advised that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) was placed in the French Camp Academy Maintenance office as well as the French Camp Academy High School Mailroom for all staff members that utilize the water system to read.

If you should have any additional questions, please feel free to contact us!

Thank you,

**Todd Marion** 

VP & CFO French Camp Academy

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

2017 JUL 32 AM 4: 22

## Annual Drinking Water Quality Report French Camp Academy PWS ID # 0100010 July, 2017

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of 2 wells that draw from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for French Camp Academy received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Galen Shumaker at 662-674-5353 We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please contact our office and a meeting will be held to discuss the results.

French Camp Academy routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2016. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

## TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (	Contami	nants						
10. Barium	N	2014*	.0136	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	1/1/15 to 12/31/17	0.3	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2014*	.648	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	1/1/15 to 12/31/17	3	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectar	nts & Di	sinfectant	By-Pro	ducts				
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/16 to 12/31/16	1.30	1.05 to 1.45	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri- halomethanes]	N	2015*	4.69*	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5	N	2015*	1	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample results available

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the previous calendar year in which the average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 9. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 75 %.

## Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. French Academy is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ

transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have questions.